IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FIRST APPELLATE DISTRICT DIVISION 5

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS

Petitioner and Appellant,

VS.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al., *Respondents*.

ALAMEDA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT • CASE NO. RG18902751 Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17, Telephone: (510) 267-6933 and Hon. Noel Wise, Dept. 24, Telephone: (510) 267-6940

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

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THOMAS N. LIPPE (Bar No.104640)
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Minutes - re Ex Parte hearing 04/08/2019, matter dropped	3	4/8/2019	52	AA00555
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Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/17/2019	55	AA00576
Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/17/2019	56	AA00580

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Declaration of Phillip Bokovoy in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/17/2019	57	AA00583
Declaration of Phillip Bokovy in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/5/2019	49	AA00548
Declaration of Russ Acker in Support of Demurrer to Second Amended Petition and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	1	10/19/2018	13	AA00155
Declaration of Thomas N. Lipee in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/5/2019	48	AA00545
Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Opposition to Demurrer to Second Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	1	11/1/2018	18	AA00206

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Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Support of Motion to Compel Further Responses to Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents, Set One	1	11/5/2018	22	AA00230
Declaration of Timothy D. Cremin in Support of Demurrer to Second Amended Petition and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	1	10/19/2018	14	AA00159
Declaration of Timothy D. Cremin in Support of Demurrer to Third Amended Petition and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	2	12/10/2018	36	AA00425
Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/5/2019	46	AA00528
Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/17/2019	54	AA00562
First Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	1	6/18/2018	03	AA00040
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Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Demurrer to Petitioner's Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	2	12/10/2018	34	AA00400
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Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/17/2019	55	AA00576
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Notice of Demurrer and Demurrer to the Third Amended Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	2	12/10/2018	35	AA00420
Notice of Entry of Order; Demurrer Sustained	2	11/21/2018	29	AA00346
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Notice of Entry of Order; Order following Third Stipulation and [Proposed] Order to Extend Deadlines to Allow Parties to Engage in Further Settlement Negotiations	1	8/17/2018	06	AA00071
Notice of Entry of Order; Order Sustaining Defendants' Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	5/9/2019	64	AA00617
Notice of Entry of Order; Stipulation and Order to Extend Deadlines to Allow Parties to Engage in Further Settlement Negotiations	1	7/2/2018	04	AA00061
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Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	1	4/27/2018	01	AA00017
Plaintiff's Request and Election to Prepare Record of Proceedings	1	4/27/2018	02	AA00038
Plaintiff's Case Management Statement	1	10/4/2018	07	AA00077

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[Proposed] Order Granting Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/5/2019	50	AA00551
[Proposed] Order Granting Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	4/17/2019	58	AA00586
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Respondents' Separate Statement in Support of Opposition to Petitioner's Motion to Compel Further Responses	2	11/21/2018	28	AA00340
Second Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	1	10/16/2018	09	AA00096
Separate Statement in Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Further Responses to Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents, Set One	1	11/5/2018	21	AA00220
Supplemental Brief in Support of Respondents' Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief	3	2/4/2019	44	AA00518
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FAX No. 1-415-777-5603

F. 002

FILED BY FAX ALAMEDA COUNTY 1 Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 February 04, 2019 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT 3 San Francisco, California 94105 By Burt Moskaira, Deputy Tel: (415) 777-5604 CASE NUMBER: Fax: (415) 777-5606 RG18902751 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net 6 Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a Case No. RG18902751 California nonprofit public benefit corporation; 11 SUPPLEMENTAL REPLY MEMORANDUM Plaintiff, 12 OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN vs. OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD 13 AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR 14 CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her **DECLARATORY RELIEF** capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as [CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL Chancellor of the University of California, QUALITY ACT] Berkeley, and DOES 1 through 20, 17 Reservation No.: R-2022686 Respondents and Defendants. 18 Date: January 15, 2019 Time: 3:45 P.M. 19 Dept.: 24 20 Judge: Hon. Noel Wise 21 Action Filed: April 27, 2018 22 Trial Date: Not Set 23 Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Noel Wise, Dept. 24 24 25

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1. The difference between enrollment plans and physical development. (RT 1/24/19 21:7.)

A "program" may be a "CEQA project." (*Stanislaus Natural Heritage Project v. County of Stanislaus* (1996) 48 Cal.App.4th 182, 195; see CEQA § 21065; CEQA Guidelines §§ 15168, 15378.) Here, the Regents are carrying out a program of increasing student enrollment, and they changed the program to substantially exceed the increase disclosed in the 2005 EIR. CEQA section 21080.09 requires that the Regents make long-term programmatic decisions regarding enrollment and analyze these decisions using programmatic EIRs, and that the Regents update these CEQA analyses to evaluate subsequent changes in programmatic enrollment plans using CEQA documents that "tier" to the original programmatic EIR for the LRDP. (CEQA § 21080.09, subds. (b), (d); *Vineyard Area Citizens for Responsible Growth, Inc. v. City of Rancho Cordova* (2007) 40 Cal.4th 412, 429-30, 440 (*Vineyard*) [discussion of "tiering"].)¹

The Regents argue that LRDPs, as defined in CEQA section 21080.09(a)(2), do not include enrollment; and, therefore, there is no valid CEQA claim for the Regents' failure to conduct subsequents. CEQA review based on enrollment increases above the 2020 LRDP's projected increase. But subdivision (b) of section 21080.09 provides that "long range development plans are subject to this division and require the preparation of an environmental impact report" and "Environmental effects relating to changes in the long range development plan" (italics added). The Regents' construction of this statute is incorrection because it is inconsistent with long-standing CEQA legal principles, it would violate cardinal rules governing the interpretation of statutes and of CEQA, and it would lead to absurd results.²

"An accurate, stable and finite project description is the Sine qua non of an informative and legally sufficient EIR." (*County of Inyo v. City of Los Angeles* (1977) 71 Cal.App.3d 185, 192–193.) The Courte have construed the term "project' broadly to ensure that environmental review under CEQA includes at

¹CEQA applies to "discretionary," not "ministerial" projects. (Guidelines § 15357.) The Regents' decision to increase enrollment at UCB is "discretionary" because the Regents had to "use its judgment in deciding whether and how to carry out or approve" its 2020 LRDP project. (Guidelines, § § 15002(i); 15357; Friends of Westwood, Inc. v. City of Los Angeles (1987) 191 Cal.App.3d 259, 269, 273.)

²The court's "primary task in interpreting a statute is to determine the Legislature's intent, giving effect to the law's purpose. [citation] We begin with the language of the statutes as the most reliable indicator of intent. We construe terms in context, harmonizing the statutes both internally and with each other to the extent possible." (*Leider v. Lewis* (2017) 2 Cal.5th 1121, 1135.)

components of the activity that may harm the environment, in order to prevent "the fallacy of division," which is the "overlooking [of a project's] cumulative impact by separately focusing on isolated parts of the whole." (McQueen v. Board of Directors (1988) 202 Cal.App.3d 1136, 1144.) Environmental considerations may not be submerged by chopping a single CEQA project into smaller parts for piecemeal assessment. (Bozung v. Local Agency Formation Com. (1975) 13 Cal.3d 263, 283–284.) Rather, "the whole of an action" or the entire activity for which the approvals are being sought must be considered by the agency. (Guidelines § 15378(a), (c).) Also, EIRs must evaluate the environmental impacts of reasonably foreseeable future activities associated with the project where these activities may contribute to significant environmental effects. (Laurel Heights Improvement Assn. v. Regents of University of California (1988) 47 Cal.3d 376, 395-396 (Laurel Heights I).)

The Regents' objective is to avoid subsequent CEQA review for its post-LRDP enrollment increases that exceed the 2020 LRDP's projected increases. The Regents' construction of section 21080.09 imputes to the Legislature an intent to require that an LRDP EIR evaluate the significance of impacts caused by its projected enrollment increases, but not consider such projected enrollment increases to be "part" of the LRDP "project" or a reasonably foreseeable future activity, and to exempt subsequent additional enrollment increases from subsequent CEQA review! This is inconsistent with the case law cited above, which was well-established before the Legislature adopted section 21080.09 in 1989. Thus, the Regents' construction violates the principle that courts "presume the Legislature was aware of existing judicial decisions directly bearing on the legislation it enacted" and "do not presume it meant to overthrow long-established principles of law, unless such an intention is clearly expressed or necessarily implied." (Leider v. Lewis (2017) Cal.5th 1121, 1135; Big Creek Lumber v. County of Santa Cruz (2006) 38 Cal.4th 1139.) The Regents' construction of section 21080.09 is also inconsistent with decades of CEQA case law that post-dates 1980 (see e.g., Nelson v. County of Kern (2010) 190 Cal.App.4th 252, 270–271; Education Code section 6750 and the rule that CEQA is "to be interpreted to afford the fullest possible protection to the environment within the reasonable scope of the statutory language." (Laurel Heights I, supra, at 390.)

The Regents' construction is foreclosed by section 21080.09, subd. (d), which requires subsequent environmental review of post-LRDP enrollment increases by preparing a new CEQA document "tiered" to the LRDP EIR. "Tiering" refers to subsequent CEQA review documents that an agency may use to assess the impacts of changes to a project occurring after initial or previous CEQA review and that rely on an incorporate by reference a previous CEQA document. (See, *Vineyard, supra*; *Friends of College of San*

Mateo Gardens v. San Mateo County Community College District (2016) 1 Cal.5th 937.) After including enrollment increases in the 2020 LRDP/2005 EIR, section 21080.09 allows subsequent CEQA review of further increases to "tier" to the 2005 EIR; it does not authorize dispensing with subsequent CEQA review.

2. The Court asked "I'm still not clear how far back you think it's not moot." (RT 1/24/19:21.)

Plaintiff's CEQA claim is that the Regents changed the 2020 LRDP program by substantially increasing enrollment such that the Regents must conduct subsequent CEQA review of the program. A claim is not moot if the Court can grant effective relief. (*Woodward Park Homeowners Assn. v. Garreks, Inc.* (2000) 77 Cal.App.4th 880, 888.) Here, a court order requiring the Regents to conduct CEQA review of the subsequent enrollment increases to identify and mitigate their adverse effects would be effective relief.

Californians for Alternatives to Toxics v. California Department of Pesticide Regulation (2006) 136 Cal. App.4th 1049, 1069-1070 requires rejecting the Regents' attempt to frame Plaintiff's CEQA claim as individual challenges to a series of annual enrollment increases where the harm caused by each annual enrollment ends when the academic year ends. This view is not realistic, because UC Berkeley is permanent resident of the City of Berkeley and its students have permanent impacts on the City's quality of life and environment. Chopping UC Berkeley's long-term program of enrolling students into a number of separate individual years commits the "fallacy of division" that California courts have consistently rejected.

3. The Court asked when enrollment increases became "substantial." (RT 1/24/8:7.) Plaintiff must prove that enrollment increases were "substantial" by the time it filed its mandamus claim (Concerned Citizens of Costa Mesa, Inc. v. 32nd Dist. Agricultural Assn. (1986) 42 Cal.3d 929, 932-34, 936–937, 939 (Concerned Citizens), or will be "substantial" for its declaratory relief claim (Kirkwood v. California State Automobile Assn. Inter–Ins. Bureau (2011) 193 Cal.App.4th 49, 59 ["Declaratory relief operate prospectively...."]). The TAP alleges Plaintiff discovered, on October 31, 2017, that "substantial" enrollment increases had occurred ("substantial" meaning the excess enrollment may or will cause significant environmental effects). Plaintiff must also demonstrate that it exercised reasonable diligences leading up to October 31, 2017, in discovering that "substantial" enrollment increases occurred. (Concerned Citizens, supra.). Plaintiff is not aware of any authority that it must allege or prove, or that the Court must determine, exactly when enrollment increases became "substantial." If Plaintiff is incorrect on this point Plaintiff requests leave to amend to allege when enrollment increases became "substantial."

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DATED: February 4, 2019
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LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC

By:___

Thomas N. Lippe Attorney for Plaintiff

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Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Tel: 415-777-5804 Fax: 415-7775806

- 4 -

I am a citizen of the United States, employed in the City and County of San Francisco, California. My business address is 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94105. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the above entitled action. On February 4, 2019, I served the following document(s) on the parties below, as designated: Supplemental Reply Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief MANNER OF SERVICE (check all that apply) [B] By E-mail: I caused such document to be served via electronic mail equipment transmission (E-mail) on the parties as designated on the attached service list by transmitting a true copy to the following E-mail addresses listed under each addressee below. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful By Personal I caused each such envelope to be delivered to an authorized [A] Delivery by courier or driver, in an envelope or package addressed to the Courier: addressee below. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on February 4, 2019, in the City and County of San Francisco, California. Kelly Marie Perry

PROOF OF SERVICE

Law Offices of Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe In Mission St. 12th Floo In Francisco, CA 9410 Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775608

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14	Email: Alison Krumbein (<u>alison.krumbein@ucop.edu</u>)	
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Fax: 415-7775606	Supplemental Reply Memorandum of Points and Authorities in C	

Supplemental Reply Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (CEQA); RG18902751

Tab 044

1 2 3 4 5	Charles F. Robinson (SBN 113197) Alison Krumbein (SBN 229728) alison.krumbein@ucop.edu THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Office of General Counsel 1111 Franklin St., 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607 Telephone: (510) 987-0851 Facsimile: (510) 987-9757			
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7	akulkarni@meyersnave.com Timothy D. Cremin (SBN 156725) tcremin@meyersnave.com	GOV'T CODE § 6103		
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12	Attorneys for The Regents of the University of	4	t Aj	
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21	V.	SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT- OF RESPONDENTS' DEMURRER TO	d by	
	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF	PETITIONER'S THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE	SIVe	
22	CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of	PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR	rece	
23	California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of	DECLARATORY RELIEF	ent	
24	California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,	Action Filed: April 27, 2018 Trial Date: None Set	nm	
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I. <u>ARGUMENT</u>

A. LRDP is Not an Enrollment Plan

The Court asked whether there is a difference between the impacts of enrollment and the impacts of physical changes to the Long Range Development Plan ("LRDP"). This question highlights the primary flaw in Petitioner's case. Because the LRDP is not an enrollment plan, changes in enrollment do not trigger subsequent CEQA review of the LRDP.

The Court requested supplemental briefing on three questions. The answers to these

questions highlight the fundamental deficiencies with the Third Amended Petition ("TAP") and

Carol T Christ's (collectively "UC's") demurrer should be sustained without leave to amend.

demonstrate why Respondents The Regents of the University of California, Janet Napolitano, and

The CEQA provision governing higher education projects defines the LRDP as "a physical development and land use plan to meet the institutional and academic objectives for a particular campus..." (Pub. Res. Code ("PRC"), § 21080.09, subd. (a)(2) [emphasis added].) LRDP approval is subject to CEQA, and requires the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report ("EIR"). (PRC § 21080.09, subd. (b).) CEQA also requires the LRDP EIR to consider "[e]nvironmental effects relating to changes in enrollment levels ..." (Id.) Consistent with this requirement, when preparing LRDPs, campuses utilize enrollment projections to assist in determining the amount of physical development required to accommodate the projected studenty population, as well as the faculty and staff required to support that population. The impacts of this physical development are then, as required by CEQA, evaluated in the LRDP EIR.

Contrary to Petitioner's assertions, the LRDP is not an enrollment plan, nor does it approve a level of enrollment. The LRDP is a comprehensive plan for the development of physical facilities on a campus. The analysis of the environmental effects of projected enrollment in the LRDP EIR "satisfies the obligations" of CEQA with respect to enrollment. (PRC § 21080.09, subd. (c).) As a matter of law, therefore, CEQA does not require further review of the environmental impacts of enrollment levels once UC certifies the LRDP EIR. As such, Petitioner cannot state a claim alleging that a change in enrollment levels is a change to the LRDP which requires subsequent or supplemental environmental review of the LRDP EIR. (See Opening Brief

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27 28 ISO Demurrer to the TAP ("OB") pp. 13, 15-16; Reply Brief ISO Demurrer ("RB"), pp. 6-10.)

It is important to note, however, that the potential impacts of increased campus enrollment will not remain unexamined under CEQA, as Petitioner has alleged. To the contrary, these impacts will be addressed during subsequent review of the future physical development projects contemplated in the LRDP. (PRC, §§ 21094, 21166; CEQA Guidelines §§ 15152, 15162.) When UC considers subsequent development projects, it may "tier" the environmental analysis of that project from the LRDP EIR, thereby streamlining the later analysis and avoiding repetitive discussions of the same issues. (PRC § 21093.) As part of this tiered analysis, UC determines whether current enrollment levels (that may have exceeded the projections in the LRDP) may have caused any significant impacts not considered in the LRDP EIR. UC is currently using this approach for the Goldman School of Public Policy's Upper Hearst Project ("GSPP"). (Request Judicial Notice filed ISO UC's Demurrer to the SAP, Ex. 1, on file herein.) It is through the CEQA process for the GSPP that Petitioner should raise its concerns over environmental impacts of enrollment levels, not through this lawsuit.

Allowing this lawsuit to proceed also would be contrary to the Legislature's determination that annual CEQA review of enrollment levels is not required under PRC section 21080.09.

Indeed, such annual CEQA review and the inevitable subsequent legal challenges to UC's enrollment would place an impossible burden on UC to complete this review before allowing students to enroll at its campuses. It would also contravene UC's control over public higher education under the State Constitution. (See RB, p. 10.) Fortunately, the statutory scheme the Legislature enacted under PRC section 21080.09 avoids these annual review issues.

B. Cyclical Mootness Is Not an Issue Because Enrollment Increases Are Addressed Through Subsequent Projects

The Court also asked whether Petitioner's challenge to annual enrollment under CEQA falls into the trap of cyclical mootness. When enrollment is viewed in its proper context, however, evelicel mootness is not an issue

cyclical mootness is not an issue.

As UC has argued extensively, changes in enrollment levels are not changes to the LRDP and, therefore, do not require annual CEQA review to determine whether enrollment is in line with

levels predicted in the LRDP. Rather, enrollment changes must be considered in the CEQA review for the next discretionary action by UC for a development project that relies on the LRDP EIR's analysis. (PRC, §§ 21080.09, 21094, 21166; CEQA Guidelines §§ 15152, 15162.) Thus, CEQA avoids the issue of cyclical mootness on challenges to enrollment levels by providing UC with the opportunity to analyze the potential impacts of increased enrollment in the CEQA process for subsequent discretionary decisions for physical projects, and by providing Petitioner and the public the opportunity to comment on that analysis and, if desired, to seek judicial review.

C. Petitioner Must Allege When Any Change Is "Substantial"

The Court's final inquiry—when does Petitioner allege that any change to the LRDP became "substantial"—is directed at Petitioner, and with good reason. Petitioner refuses to allege this essential element of its claim in defiance of both the rules for pleadings and this Court's Order sustaining UC's demurrer to the Second Amended Petition. ("Order," on file herein.) UC cannot answer this question for Petitioner. Moreover, because Petitioner's only allegations regarding changes to the LRDP concern changes to enrollment, Petitioner's answer is irrelevant. Enrollment changes cannot constitute a change to an LRDP because an LRDP is a plan for the development of facilities, not an enrollment plan. (OB, pp. 13, 15-16; RB, pp. 6-10.) Therefore, whenever Petitioner alleges enrollment changes became "substantial," those changes cannot support a claim for subsequent CEQA review of the LRDP.

However, assuming *arguendo* that enrollment changes could constitute a change to the LRDP, Petitioner must allege such facts because: pleading requirements mandate that Petitioner's allege essential facts; the Court's Order mandated that Petitioner allege this fact; and Petitioner's answer is critical to the determination of whether Petitioner's claims are barred by the statute of limitations. (OB, pp. 10-13; RB, pp. 10-12; Order.). While it is a question of fact when any alleged change *actually* became substantial, Petitioner must first allege when Petitioner *claims* such an alleged change became substantial in order for the Court and UC to test the veracity of that allegation. The obvious intent of Petitioner's prevarication is to prevent the application of the statute of limitations to its claims. Petitioner cannot avoid the question of whether its claims are time barred by simply refusing to allege an essential element of its claim.

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At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am employed in the County of Alameda, State of California. My business address is 555 12th Street, Suite 1500, Oakland, CA 94607.

On February 4, 2019, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF RESPONDENTS' DEMURRER TO PETITIONER'S THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF on the interested parties in this action as follows:

Thomas N. Lippe, Esq. Kelly Marie Perry, Esq. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Fl. San Francisco, CA 94105

Attorneys for Plaintiff SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS

Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606

Email: lippelaw@sonic.net kmhperry@sonic.net

BY MAIL: I enclosed the document(s) in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the at the addresses listed in the Service List and placed the analysis. persons at the addresses listed in the Service List and placed the envelope for collection and mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. Of the same day that the correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a sealed envelope with ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a sealed envelope with

postage fully prepaid.

BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: I caused the document(s) to be. Sent from e-mail address mbender@meyersnave.com to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed. in the Service List. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on February 4, 2019, at Oakland, California.



FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

APR 2 - 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

By VOWLO & WOOL

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,

Plaintiff,

VS.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,

Defendants.

No. RG18-902751

ORDER SETTING FURTHER
HEARING ON DEFENDANTS'
DEMURRER TO THIRD
AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT
OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT
FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

The Demurrer by Defendants and Respondents The Regents of the University of California, et al. ("the Regents") to the Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief came on regularly for hearing on January 24, 2019 in Department 24 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Noel Wise presiding. After oral argument, the Court directed the parties to file supplemental briefs by February 4, 2019, which the parties subsequently did.

The Court has considered all of the papers filed in connection with the Demurrer and the arguments of counsel, and, good cause appearing, hereby

schedules a further hearing on this Demurrer for April 18, 2019 at 9:00 a.m. in Department 24.

The Court is currently inclined to sustain the Regents' Demurrer, without leave to amend, for the following reasons.

In this action, Plaintiff challenges a Final Environmental Impact Report prepared in 2005 ("the 2005 EIR") for the Regents' Long Range Development Plan for the University of California at Berkeley ("the LDRP"), also adopted in 2005. The LDRP and 2005 EIR, *inter alia*, projected an increase of 1,650 in student enrollment by 2020. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 3-5; see also Plaintiff's opposition brief at page 1.) Plaintiff alleges that beginning in about 2007, the Regents made "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase enrollment at UC Berkeley beyond the projected 1,650 additional students. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 6-7.) Plaintiff contends that it only learned about these "informal, discretionary decisions" on October 30, 2017, when the Regents responded to a request on enrollment information from the City of Berkeley. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 9-11.) This action was filed on April 27, 2018.

To the extent that the Third Amended Petition challenges the adequacy of the 2005 EIR or the LDRP adopted also in 2005, it is barred by the 180 day statute of limitations of Public Resources Code § 21167(a). Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student

enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiff's opposition brief at pages 3-4.)

The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See Public Resources Code § Environmental effects relating to projected changes in 21080.09(a)(2).) enrollment levels are to be considered in the environmental impact report prepared for the long range development plan (see § 21080.09(b)), but any discrepancies between the estimated changes in enrollment levels and the actual enrollment levels in subsequent years are not themselves project or program changes that require subsequent CEQ review. The Regents' 2005 analysis of the estimated projections of enrollment changes by 2020, as set forth in the 2005 EIR and the LDRP, satisfied the Regents' obligations to consider the environmental impact of those enrollment plans. (See § 21080.09(d).) The time for Plaintiff to challenge the adequacy of the 2005 EIR and LDRP expired 180 days after their approval. (See § 21167(a).)

In addition to the First Cause of Action for Violation of CEQA, Plaintiff alleges a Second Cause of Action for Declaratory Relief, seeking a declaration that the Regents' actions violate CEQA. The Second Cause of Action is therefore entirely duplicative of the First Cause of Action and fails for the same reason. Plaintiff contends that its declaratory relief claim is not duplicative of its

mandamus claim because it challenges a policy rather than a specific administrative decision, and because it is prospective in effect. However, in light of the Court's determination that the increased enrollment at UC Berkeley is neither a project nor a project change that required CEQA review, Plaintiff's challenge to the Regent's alleged policy of prospectively increasing admissions beyond the estimated projections in the LDRP as a violation of CEQA fails.

The Court did not consider the declaration of Phillip Bokovoy submitted with Plaintiff's opposition papers. As the Court already advised counsel in its November 15, 2018 order on the Regents' prior demurrer, in ruling on a demurrer, the Court considers only the allegations in the challenged pleading and facts of which the Court can take judicial notice, not extrinsic evidence.

The parties are directed to address the above-referenced issues at the continued hearing on April 18, 2019.

Date

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Noel Wise

Judge of the Superior Court

Tab 046

1 | Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 Tel: (415) 777-5604 || Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net

EITED ALAMEDA COUNTY APR 05 2019

Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation;

Plaintiff,

12 VS.

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THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO
DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED
PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND
COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY
RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to:
Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Reservation No.: R-2064996
Date: April 8, 2019
Time: 4:00 P.M.
Dept.: 17
Judge: Hon. Frank Roesch

Action Filed: April 27, 2018
Trial Date: Not Set JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED

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AA00528

TO: ALL PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT on April 8, 2019, at 4:00 p.m. in Department 17 of the above-entitled court located at the Alameda County Administration Building, 1221 Oak Street, 3rd Floor, Oakland, California 94612. This application seeks an order granting leave to file Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, attached hereto as Attachment 1.

The grounds for this application are that in their demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint, which is currently submitted for decision, Respondent Regents argue they have no obligation under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (2020 LRDP) adopted in 2005. (See Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Demurrer to Petitioner's Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, pp. 13-16.) However, in their Final Environmental Impact Report for the 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR), the Regents asserted the opposite, stating: "However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review." (See Attachment 1, Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR], p. 11.2-115.)

The Court recently issued a tentative ruling on the Regents' pending demurrer, which reflects the Court's construction of CEQA section 21080.09. (See discussion in the Memorandum of Points and Authorities submitted in support of this application and in Attachment 1.) The Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above is directly relevant to this construction because the Regents are tasked, in the first instance, with interpreting and complying with their legal obligations under CEQA section 21080.09. (City of Marina v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2006) 39 Cal.4th 341, 360 ["while education may be CSU's [California State University] core function, to avoid or mitigate the environmental effects of its projects is also one of CSU's functions. This is the plain import of CEQA, which the Legislature has commanded that '[e]ach public agency shall mitigate or avoid the significant effects on the environment of projects that it carries out or approves whenever it is feasible to do so'"]; accord City of San Diego v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2015) 61 Cal.4th 945, 966.) Moreover, while courts determine the meaning of statutes using their independent judgment, the

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Regents interpretation of a statute it is charged with enforcing is one of "several interpretive tools" that may help a court independently judge the meaning of a statute. (*City of Long Beach v. Department of Industrial Relations* (2004) 34 Cal.4th 942, 951; *Agnew v. State Bd. of Equalization* (1999) 21 Cal.4th 310, 322; *Yamaha Corp. of America v. State Bd. of Equalization* (1998) 19 Cal.4th 1, 7 (*Yamaha*).)

Thus, the Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer.

Plaintiff brings this application an ex parte basis because Plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury (as provided in CRC 3.1202(c)) unless the relief requested here is granted. Absent this relief, the Court would rule on the demurrer without this information, which would represent a miscarriage of justice. Also, Plaintiff did not learn the Regents had admitted their obligation under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP until March 25, 2019. (Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (Lippe Decl.), ¶¶ 2-4; Declaration of Phillip Bokovoy in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-5.)

Plaintiff's counsel notified opposing counsel of this application prior to 10 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 2019. (Lippe Decl. § 5.)

This Motion is based on the Verified Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief filed in this action; this Application, the supporting Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the supporting declarations of Thomas N. Lippe and Philip Bokovoy, on all other papers on file in this matter, and upon such other oral and/or documentary evidence as may be presented at the hearing on this application.

DATED: April 5, 2019 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC

By: 10m 74

Thomas N. Lippe
Attorney for Plaintiff

T:\TL\UC Enroll\Trial\Ex Parte\EXP001a Signed Ex Parte re RJN TAP Demurrer.wpd

ATTACHMENT 1

AA00531

Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net 5

Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation;

Plaintiff,

12 VS.

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THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Reservation No.: R-2022686

Date: January 15, 2019

Time: 3:45 P.M. Dept.: 24

Judge: Hon. Noel Wise

Action Filed: April 27, 2018

Trial Date: Not Set

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Law Oπices of Thomas N. Lippe 01 Mission St. 12th Floo an Francisco, CA 9410; Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775608

Pursuant to Evidence Code sections 452, subdivision (c) and 453, Plaintiff Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods requests that the Court take judicial notice of the following two documents:

Exhibit 1: Page 3 of the February 20, 2019, Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to UC Berkeley's 2020 Long Range Development Plan. (Draft SEIR).

Exhibit 2: Page 11.2-115 of the Responses to Comments portion of the Final Environmental Impact Report for UC Berkeley's 2020 Long Range Development Plan 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR).

Memorandum of Points and Authorities

Exhibits 1 and 2 are subject to judicial notice because they are official acts of the executive department of the state of California as described in evidence Code section 452, subd. (c).

These documents are relevant to Respondent Regents' pending demurrer to Plaintiff's Thir Amended Complaint, because they show that the Regents' admitted—before this litigation—that they have an obligation under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005, yet they deny this obligation in their demurrer.

In their demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint, the Regents argue they have no obligation under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005. (See Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Demurrer to Petitioner's Third Amended Petition for Writ Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, pp. 13-16.)

In its April 2, 2019, Order Setting Further Hearing on Defendants' Demurrer to Third Amended

Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (Order Setting Further Hearing), the Court accepts this position, stating:

Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiffs opposition brief at pages 3-4.) ¶ The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See

Public Resources Code § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be considered in the environmental impact report prepared for the long range development plan (see § 21080.09(b)), but any discrepancies between the estimated changes in enrollment levels and the actual enrollment levels in subsequent years are not themselves project or program changes that require subsequent CEQA review. The Regents' 2005 analysis of the estimated projections of enrollment changes by 2020, as set forth in the 2005 EIR and the LRDP, satisfied the Regents' obligations to consider the environmental impact of those enrollment plans. (See § 21080.09(d).)

(Order Setting Further Hearing, pp. 2-3 (italics added).

It turns out, however, that in the Final Environmental Impact Report for the 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR), the Regents asserted the opposite of the italicized language in the Order Setting Further Hearing quoted above, stating: "However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review." (Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR], p. 11.2-115.)

On February 20, 2019, the Regents published their Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School

Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (Draft SEIR) for public comment. This document states:

... in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA.

(Exhibit 1 [Draft SEIR p. 3].)

In the Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR, the Regents responded to a City Berkeley comment by stating:

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point. The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public

to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public

Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

(Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR p. 11.2-115].)

The portion of the Court's tentative ruling quoted above reflects the Court's construction of CEQA section 21080.09. The Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above is directly relevant to this construction because the Regents are tasked, in the first instance, with interpreting and complying with the legal obligations under CEQA section 21080.09. (City of Marina v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2006) 39 Cal.4th 341, 360 ["while education may be CSU's [California State University] core function, to avoid or mitigate the environmental effects of its projects is also one of CSU's functions. This is the plain import of CEQA, in which the Legislature has commanded that '[e]ach public agency shall mitigate or avoid the significant effects on the environment of projects that it carries out or approved whenever it is feasible to do so'"]; accord City of San Diego v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2015) 61 Cal.4th 945, 966.) Moreover, while courts determine the meaning of statutes using their independent judgment, the Regents interpretation of a statute it is charged with enforcing is one of "several interpretive tools" that may help a court independently judge the meaning of a statute. (City of Long Beach v. Department of Industrial Relations (2004) 34 Cal.4th 942, 951; Agnew v. State Bd. of Equalization (1999) 21 Cal.4th 310, 322; Yamaha Corp. of America v. State Bd. of Equalization (1998) 19 Cal.4th 1.

Thus, the Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer. Plaintiff, obviously, believes the Regents were correct on this point in 2005 and that their pending demurrer is incorrect on this point.

Plaintiffs did not learn of the Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above until after they read the Draft SEIR published on February 20, 2019, which first alerted them to the existence of the

statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR. (Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition 2 for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-4; Declaration of Phillip Bokovoy in 3 Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to 4 Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-5.) 5 Therefore, Plaintiff requests that the Court take judicial notice of Exhibits 1 and 2 attached hereto. 6 DATED: April 5, 2019 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 7 8 9 Attorney for Plaintiff 10 11 T:\TL\UC Enroll\Trial\Ex Parte\M045c Signed RJN Demurrer Opp TAP.wpd 12 13

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EXHIBIT 1

one subterranean level. The fourth level would provide access to a rooftop terrace. The centerpiece of the design would be a two-story atrium bordered on the exterior by a glass façade. This atrium would face west toward the existing GSPP building located at 2607 Hearst Avenue and would have public space and interaction areas. By the end of the 2022-23 academic year, the academic building would house five permanent staff members and 30 students on an average, year-round basis. The academic building's event space would have a seating capacity of 300 and would accommodate up to 450 visitors at maximum capacity; public and private events would occur periodically during both daytime and evening hours.

The Minor LRDP Amendment would accommodate the proposed housing land use on the Project site. Specifically, the Minor LRDP Amendment would expand the Housing Zone to accommodate residential development on the Project site (see Appendix B).

Please see Section 3, Project Description, for additional Project information and plans.

Environmental Analysis

This Draft SEIR has been prepared pursuant to CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines to evaluate the environmental effects of the proposed Project, and to identify feasible mitigation measures and alternatives to reduce or avoid the Project's significant impacts.

The Draft SEIR also establishes an updated population baseline to reflect the existing campus headcount (which is greater than the projections in the 2020 LRDP) and new campus headcount projections through the 2022-23 school year, when increased enrollment at GSPP as a result of the Project would plateau. Despite the growth in campus headcount over 2020 LRDP projections, which led to the new baseline, the analysis in this SEIR demonstrates that the UC Berkeley campus is still operating within the capacity and demand identified and analyzed in the 2020 LRDP EIR for resources such as housing, water, electricity and public services, among others. Moreover, to date, UC Berkeley has accommodated the increased campus headcount completely within the physical development identified in the 2020 LRDP and, in fact, has developed fewer square feet of academic and support space and fewer housing units than what was identified in the 2020 LRDP and analyzed in the 2020 LRDP EIR. Nonetheless, in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA.

Consistent with this commitment, the SEIR uses an updated population baseline and, in its environmental analysis of each impact category, takes this updated baseline into account and explains how it factors into and/or affects the environmental analysis and significance conclusions reached in the 2020 LRDP EIR and this SEIR. For some impact categories, such as Aesthetics, Cultural Resources, Land Use, and Tribal Cultural Resources, the analysis of whether the increased headcount would cause environmental impacts hinges on physical development to accommodate an increased headcount. For other impact categories, such as Air Quality, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Noise, Population, Public Services, and Transportation and Traffic, the analysis of whether the increased headcount would cause environmental impacts hinges on population numbers on the campus. The introductory section of each impact category in Section 6, Environmental Evaluation, explains the approach taken to account for the increased campus headcount in that section, and how the increase in campus headcount factors into the impact analysis.

EXHIBIT 2

RESPONSE TO COMMENT B7-7

See Response B7-1. The University believes that the 74-page LRDP serves as an adequate project description. The writer also seems to object to the fact the 2020 LRDP was not prepared and presented to the community in advance of the environmental analysis. However, preparing the LRDP and EIR simultaneously enabled the University to respond to the results of the environmental analysis in the plan itself, and also enabled the public to use those results in the review and critique of the plan.

RESPONSE TO COMMENTS B7-8 AND B7-9

A Long Range Development Plan does not need to set forth significance thresholds for environmental impacts. To the extent this comment really applies to the Draft EIR, each impact analyzed provides significance thresholds that are used in evaluation of the 2020 LRDP, and which can be applied to future projects as they undergo individual CEQA review. Those impacts found to be significant within the 2020 LRDP EIR have corresponding mitigation measures, many of which have impact thresholds that trigger their implementation in future projects. General Plan and state zoning law requirements do not apply to the University of California. Please see Thematic Response 1 regarding future project review, and Thematic Response 5 regarding the use of qualifiers.

RESPONSE TO COMMENT B7-10

See Thematic Response 5 regarding the use of qualifiers.

RESPONSE TO COMMENTS B7-11 THRU B7-14

See Thematic Response 6 regarding the relationship to LBNL.

RESPONSE TO COMMENTS B7-15 AND B7-16

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point. The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

RESPONSE TO COMMENT B7-17

The figures in table 3.1-1 reflect our best estimates of how the 4000 FTE increase would translate into regular term and summer headcount at UC Berkeley.

Tab 047

1 Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net 5 Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods 6 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 10 SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation: 11 Plaintiff, 12 VS. 13 THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF 14 CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of 15 California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as 16 Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20. 17

Respondents and Defendants.

FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY APR 05 2019

Case No. RG18902751

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND **AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF EX** AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF EX
PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO
FILE PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR
JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO
DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED
PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE ANDO
COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY
RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to:
Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Reservation No.: R-2064996
Date: April 8, 2019
Time: 4:00 P.M.
Dept.: 17
Judge: Hon. Frank Roesch

Action Filed: April 27, 2018
Trial Date: Not Set PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO

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Law Offices of Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 01 Mission St. 12th Floo an Francisco, CA 9410 Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775606

I. INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods applies for leave to file Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief. These documents that Plaintiff asks the Court to judically notice are relevant to Respondent Regents' pending demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint, because they show that the Regents' admitted—before this litigation—that they have an obligation under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005, yet they deny this obligation in their demurrer.

The Regents failed to notify the Court that they previously shared Plaintiff's view of their legal obligations in this regard, and Plaintiff did not learn of the Regents' previous admission on this point until the Regents disclosed its existence in a new Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Report published District Court of App on February 20, 2019, well after the Court took the demurrer under submission on February 4, 2019.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

In their demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint, the Regents argue they have no obligation under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005. (See Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Demurrer to Petitioner's Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, pp. 13-16.)

In its April 2, 2019, Order Setting Further Hearing on Defendants' Demurrer to Third Amended

Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (Order Setting Further Hearing), the Court accepts this position, stating:

Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiffs opposition brief at pages 3-4.)

The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See Public Resources Code § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be considered in the environmental impact report prepared for the long range development plan (see § 21080.09(b)), but any discrepancies between the estimated changes in enrollment levels

and the actual enrollment levels in subsequent years are not themselves project or program changes that require subsequent CEQA review. The Regents' 2005 analysis of the estimated projections of enrollment changes by 2020, as set forth in the 2005 EIR and the LRDP, satisfied the Regents' obligations to consider the environmental impact of those enrollment plans. (See § 21080.09(d).)

(Order Setting Further Hearing, pp. 2-3 (italics added).

It turns out, however, that in the Final Environmental Impact Report for the 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR), the Regents asserted the opposite of the italicized language in the Order Setting Further Hearing quoted above, stating: "However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review." (Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR], p. 11.2-115.)

The Court has set a new hearing on the demurrer for April 18, 2019.

III. ARGUMENT

The Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly Α. relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer.

District Court of Appeal The portion of the Court's tentative ruling quoted above reflects the Court's construction of CEQA section 21080.09. The Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above is directly relevant to this construction because the Regents are tasked, in the first instance, with interpreting and complying with their legal obligations under CEQA section 21080.09. (City of Marina v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2006) 39 Cal.4th 341, 360 ["while education may be CSU's [California State University] core function, to avoid or mitigate the environmental effects of its projects is also one of CSU's functions. This is the plain import of CEQA, in which the Legislature has commanded that '[e]ach public agency shall mitigate or avoid the significant effects on the environment of projects that it carries out or approves whenever it is feasible to do so"; accord City of San Diego v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2015) 61 Cal.4th 945, 966.)

Moreover, while courts determine the meaning of statutes using their independent judgment, the 5 Regents interpretation of a statute it is charged with enforcing is one of "several interpretive tools" that may help a court independently judge the meaning of a statute. (City of Long Beach v. Department of Industrial Relations (2004) 34 Cal.4th 942, 951; Agnew v. State Bd. of Equalization (1999) 21 Cal.4th 310, 322; Yamaha Corp. of America v. State Bd. of Equalization (1998) 19 Cal.4th 1, 7 (Yamaha).)

Thus, the Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly

relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer. Plaintiff, obviously, believes the Regents were correct on this point in 2005 and that their pending demurrer is incorrect on this point.

Plaintiffs did not learn of the Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above until after they read the Draft SEIR published on February 20, 2019.

The Regents failed to notify the Court that they previously shared Plaintiff's view of their legal obligations in this regard, and Plaintiff did not learn of the Regents' previous admission on this point until the Regents disclosed its existence in a new Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Report published on February 20, 2019, well after the Court took the demurrer under submission on February 4, 2019. (Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-4; Declaration of Fining Some Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-5.)

IV. CONCLUSION

Therefore, the Court should grant Plaintiff leave to file their Request for Judicial Notice in
Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratoryo
Relief.

DATED: April 5, 2019

LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC

By:

Thomas N. Lippe

Attorney for Plaintiff

TATELUC Enroll/Trial/Ex Parte/EXP003a MPA Ex Parte re RJN TAP Demurrer.wpd

28 Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 01 Mission St. 12th Floo an Francisco, CA 9410 Tel: 415-777-5804 Fax: 415-7775606

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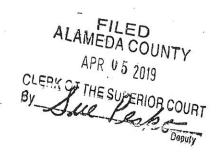
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Tab 048

Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 3 Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net 6 Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 10 SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation; 11 Plaintiff. 12 VS. 13 THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF 14 CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of 15 California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, 16 Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20, 17 Respondents and Defendants. 18



Case No. RG18902751

DECLARATION OF THOMAS N. LIPPE IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Reservation No.: R-2064996

Date: April 8, 2019 Time: 4:00 P.M.

Dept.: 17

Judge: Hon. Frank Roesch

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AA00545

I, Thomas N. Lippe, declare:

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- I am an attorney at law duly admitted and licensed to practice before all courts of this State. I am attorney of record for the Plaintiff in this case.
- On February 20, 2019, the Regents published their Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (Draft SEIR) for public comment.
- On March 25, 2019, Plaintiff asked me to review portions of this Draft SEIR to understand how it might affect this litigation. At that time I read the text in the Draft SEIR stating: "in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA." I then reviewed the Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR for

the 2020 Long Range Development Plan, and discovered there the following response by the Regents to a comment submitted by the City of Berkeley:

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point.

The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe
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an Francisco, CA 9410:
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- 4. Prior to Plaintiff asking me to review the February 2019 Draft SEIR, I had not previously reviewed the thousand-plus page Responses to Comments portion of the the 2005 Final EIR, as I did not view this as a necessary or cost-effective use of my client's limited resources for purposes of prosecuting this litigation, and I was not aware that the 2005 Final EIR included an acknowledgment by the Regents that they would be legally obligated under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP.
- 5. I notified the Regents' counsel, Tim Cremin, of this application before 10 a.m. on April 5, 2019, by sending him an email on April 4, 2019, to which he confirmed receipt on April 5, 2019 by email at 9:43 a.m.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my personal knowledge. Executed on April 5, 2019, at San Francisco, California.

Thomas N. Lippe

 $T:\ TL\ UC\ Enroll\ Trial\ Ex\ Parte\ EXP004a\ Signed\ Ex\ Parte\ Decl\ TNL.wpd$

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775606

Tab 049

Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5000 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 10 SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation: 11 Plaintiff, 12 VS. 13 THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF 14 CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of 15 California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, 16

Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

Case No. RG18902751

DECLARATION OF PHILLIP BOKOVOY
IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE
APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE
PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL
NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER
TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR
WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT
FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to:
Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Reservation No.: R-2064996
Date: April 8, 2019
Time: 4:00 P.M.
Dept.: 17
Judge: Hon. Frank Roesch

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- I am the founder and President of Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods, the plaintiff in this case. 1.
- After the Regents published, on February 20, 2019, their Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (Draft SEIR) for public comment, I began to review it for purposes of submitting comments on it.
- 3. On March 25, 2019, I asked Thomas Lippe, counsel for Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods, to review portions of this Draft SEIR to help me understand how it might affect this litigation.
- On March 26, 2019, Mr. Lippe reported to me that this Draft SEIR states: "in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA."
- On March 26, 2019, Mr. Lippe also reported to me that upon reading the Draft SEIR text quoted

5. On March 26, 2019, Mr. Lippe also reported to me that upon reading the Draft SEIR text quoted to paragraph 4, he also reviewed the Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR for the 2020 Long Range Development Plan, and discovered there the following response by the Regents to a comment submitted by the City of Berkeley:

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point. The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe
01 Mission St. 12th Floo
an Francisco, CA 9410:
Tel: 415-777-5604
Fax: 415-7775606 actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

6. Prior to Mr. Lippe's report to me on these matters, I had not read the thousand-plus page Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR and I was not aware that the 2005 Final EIR included an acknowledgment by the Regents that they would be legally obligated under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP.

Phillip Bokovoy

T:\TL\UC Enroll\Trial\Ex Parte\EXP002d Ex Parte Decl PB.wpd

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12" Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Tel: 415-777-5606

Decl of Phillip Bokovoy ISO Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (CEQA); RG18902751

-2-

Tab 050

		*	
	1	Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640	
	2	LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor	
	3	San Francisco, California 94105	
	1	Tal: (415) 777,5504	
	4	Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net	
	5		
	6	Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoo	ods
	7	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALLEODNIA
	8		
	9	IN AND FOR THE CO	OUNTY OF ALAMEDA
	10	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a	Case No. RG18902751
	11	California nonprofit public benefit corporation;	
	12	Plaintiff,	[Proposed] ORDER GRANTING EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE
	13	vs.	PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL
		THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF	NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER
	14	CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her	TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT
	15	capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as	FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF
	16	Chancellor of the University of California,	[CEQA]
	17	Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,	[CDQA]
	18	Respondents and Defendants.	Assigned for All Purposes to:
	19	*,	Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17
	20	a 2 % %	Reservation No.: R-2064996
			Date: April 8, 2019 Time: 4:00 P.M.
	21		Dept.: 17
	22		Judge: Hon. Frank Roesch
	23		Action Filed: April 27, 2018
	24		Trial Date: Not Set
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Law Office			
Thomas N. 201 Wission St. 1 San Francisco. C	Lippe 12 ¹³ F'001 14 94105		
Fac: 415-777			

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1	Good cause appearing, Plaintiff Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods Ex Parte Application for Leave to
2	File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ
3	of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief is granted. Plaintiff may file said document, in the form
4	attached to the application as Attachment 1, within three (3) court days of entry of this order.
5	So Ordered.
6	April, 2019 Judge of the Superior Court
7	Judge of the Superior Court
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Floor 94105	- 1 - [Proposed] Order Granting Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to
6	Language Cartage Craning by Paris Application for Leave to the Planning Redilection in Indicial Notice in Linnocition to

Law Offices Thomas N. Lip 201 Mission St. 12th San Francisco, CA S Tel: 415-777-560 Fax: 415-777560

[Proposed] Order Granting Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opp Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (CEQA); RG18902751

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC Attn: Lippe, Thomas N. 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson Attn: Cremin, Timothy D. 555 12th Street Suite 1500

Tab 051

Superior Court of California, County of Alameda Rene C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

L

Plaintiff/Petitioner(s)

VS.

The Regents of the Universi

Defendant/Respondent(s)

(Abbreviated Title)

No. RG18902751

Oakland, CA 94607

NOTICE OF HEARING

To each party or to the attorney(s) of record for each party herein:

Notice is hereby given that the above entitled action has been set for:

Civil Ex-Parte

You are hereby notified to appear at the following Court location on the date and time noted below:

Civil Ex-Parte:

Dated: 04/05/2019

DATE: 04/08/2019 TIME: 04:00 PM DEPARTMENT: 17

LOCATION: Administration Building, Third Floor

1221 Oak Street, Oakland

Chad Finke Executive Officer / Clerk of the Superior Court

Sue Pesho

By

Deputy Clerk

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I certify that the following is true and correct: I am the clerk of the above-named court and not a party to this cause. I served this Notice by placing copies in envelopes addressed as shown hereon and then by sealing and placing them for collection, stamping or metering with prepaid postage, and mailing on the date stated below, in the United States mail at Alameda County, California, following standard court practices.

Executed on 04/05/2019.

R

Deputy Clerk

SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods VS The Regents of the Universi	RG18902751

ADDITIONAL ADDRESSEES

Robinson, Charles F. University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607-5200

Tab 052

Superior Court of California, County of Alameda Rene C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods Plaintiff/Petitioner(s	No. RG18902751
VS.	Minutes
The Regents of the Universi	
Defendant/Respondent(s (Abbreviated Title)	
Department 17 Honorable	e Frank Roesch , Judge
Cause called for Hearing Re: Application Re: Other Ex	2 Parte: 04/08/2019
Petitioner Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods represented l	by Lippe, Thomas N
Respondent Carol T. Christ not appearing.	
Respondent Janet Napolitano not appearing.	
Respondent The Regents of the University of California	a not appearing.
Matter Dropped	
Minutes of 04/08/2019	
Entered on 04/08/2019	
Chad Finke Executive Officer / Clerk of the	e Superior Court
By digital	
· ·	Deputy Clerk

SHORT TITLE:

Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods VS The Regents of the Universi

CASE NUMBER:

RG18902751

ADDITIONAL ADDRESSEES

Robinson, Charles F. University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607-5200

Tab 053

	GI 1 D D 11 (GD) I (10107)	
1	Charles F. Robinson (SBN 113197) Alison Krumbein (SBN 229728)	
2	alison.krumbein@ucop.edu	
3	THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Office of General Counsel	
	1111 Franklin St., 8th Floor	
4	Oakland, CA 94607 Telephone: (510) 987-0851	
5	Facsimile: (\$10) 987-9757	
6	Amrit S. Kulkarni (SBN 202786)	EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES
7	akulkarni@meyersnave.com Timothy D. Cremin (SBN 156725)	GOV'T CODE § 6103
ŀ	tcremin@meyersnave.com	
8	Edward Grutzmacher (SBN 228649) egrutzmacher@meyersnave.com	4
9	MEYERS, NAVE, RIBACK, SILVER & WILSO 555 12 th Street, Suite 1500	ON
10	Oakland, California 94607	\dashv
11	Telephone: (510) 808-2000 Facsimile: (510) 444-1108	oca de la companya de
	· · ·	Apl
12	Attorneys for The Regents of the University of California; Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as	$^{-1}$ Of $^{-1}$
13	President of the University of California; Carol T Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the	. Tri
14	University of California, Berkeley	O
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	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA
16		TE STATE OF CALIFORNIA F ALAMEDA
15 16 17	COUNTY O	TE STATE OF CALIFORNIA F ALAMEDA Case No. RG18902751
16	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit	TE STATE OF CALIFORNIA F ALAMEDA Case No. RG18902751 ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO
16 17	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation,	F ALAMEDA Case No. RG18902751 ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO Judge Frank Roesch
16 17 18 19	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit	Judge Frank Roesch
16 17 18 19 20	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation,	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
16 17 18 19	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v.	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
16 17 18 19 20	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
116 117 118 119 220 221	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 23	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 23	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO PETITIONER'S EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE AND SUPPORTING PLEADINGS AND DECLARATIONS Reservation No.: R-2064996 Date: April 8, 2019 Time: 4:00 PM Dept: 17 Action Filed: April 27, 2018
116 117 118 119 120 221 222 23 224 225	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224 225 226	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,	Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO PETITIONER'S EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE AND SUPPORTING PLEADINGS AND DECLARATIONS Reservation No.: R-2064996 Date: April 8, 2019 Time: 4:00 PM Dept: 17 Action Filed: April 27, 2018

wholly improper and frivolous Ex Parte Application For Leave to File a Request for Judicial Notice ("Application"). The Application is nothing more than Petitioner's attempt to file supplemental briefing on the order issued by Judge Wise on April 2, 2109 ("Order") sustaining the Demurrer to the Third Amended Complaint ("Demurrer") in this matter which is scheduled for further hearing on April 18, 2019 before Judge Wise. This Court, in its March 28, 2019 Case Management Conference Order, stated that Judge Wise was ruling on the Demurrer. The Application is simply an attempt to undercut Judge Wise's Order and her authority over the Demurrer which she heard and took under submission. This gamesmanship should not be allowed.

This Court should summarily deny Petitioner Save Berkeley Neighborhood's ("Petitioner")

I. APPLICATION DOES NOT MEET STANDARDS FOR EXTRAORDINARY RELIEF

The Application does not meet the basic standards for extraordinary relief. There is no imminent harm and Petitioner has no excuse for failing to bring a Request for Judicial Notice much earlier in the proceeding – at least six months or more ago. The present filing is a last-ditual attempt to improperly contest the adverse Order issued by Judge Wise. This matter was filed on year ago. Petitioner has amended its Petition three times to attempt to state a claim under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"). An order sustaining the Demurrer to the Second Amended Complaint with Leave To Amend was issued on November 15, 2018. The pending Demurrer has been fully briefed, including supplemental briefing ordered by Judge Wise filed on February 4, 2019. Now, over two months after the matter has been fully briefed, Petitioner requests judicial notice of one page from a document over 15 years old (the Final Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report ("LRDP EIR")) and one page from a draft supplement to the LRDP EIR that has been available since February 20, 2019 (Draft Supplement to LRDP EIR for Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan ("GSPP Draft SEIR".) This court took Judicial Notice of the Notice of Preparation ("NOP") for the GSPP SEIR in its Order dated November 15, 2018. The NOP clearly stated that the GSPP SEIR would analyze the increase in

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campus population beyond the projections in the LRDP. The single page cited in the GSPP Draft SEIR contains no new information that was not disclosed in the NOP. Therefore, without question, Petitioner could have raised the information in the documents attached to its RJN in its opposition to the previous two demurrers filed in this case.

The allegations in the Declarations of Thomas N. Lippe and Philip Bokovoy ("Declarations") submitted to support the "emergency" necessitating the Application can be easily dismissed. The Declarations claim they were not aware of the language in the LRDP EIR even though the analysis in that EIR are the key basis for allegations in the Petition and have been subject to multiple briefings on two demurrers. That the Declarations claim certain language was "missed" is incredulous. Similarly, Respondents have repeatedly referenced the GSPP SEIR process in its briefing on two demurrers. Petitioner cannot be excused for failing to immediatel and thoroughly review the analysis of campus population growth in GSPP Draft SEIR when it was released six weeks ago. The original comment period on the GSPP Draft SEIR ended April 8, released six weeks ago. The original comment period on the GSPP Draft SEIR ended April 8, 2019 (although it has been extended). The claims in the Declarations for why this was not done st District cannot be believed.

GSPP DRAFT SEIR IS NOT PROPER SUBJECT OF JUDICIAL REVIEW II.

The GSPP Draft SEIR is a draft document released for public review. It has not been certified or approved by the Respondents. In fact, the whole purpose under CEQA for submitting draft EIRs for public review and comment is so the lead agency can consider public comments and revise the document before considering certification. Draft records are not subject to judicial notice. (Evidence Code sec. 452(c) (only documents of "official acts" of agency subject to judicial notice; *People v. Webster* (1991) 54 Cal.3d 411, 428, fn. 4 [Requests for judicial notice] should not be used to "circumvent []" court rules and procedures, including the normal briefing process].). If the Court decides to take judicial notice of both or either of the documents attache to the RJN, the Respondents request that the Court take notice of the entire document so the single pages attached to the RJN can be put in context and other pages addressing the relevant issue can be reviewed by the Court.

ALL FACTUAL ALLEGATION AND ATTORNEY ARGUMENT ON ORDER III. SHOULD BE STRIKEN

As stated above, the Application is nothing more than an attempt by Petitioner to file supplemental briefing on Judge Wise's Order. The arguments and factual allegations relating to the Order should be stricken. The only information properly before the Court under the Application are (1) the single page documents attached as Exhibits 1 and 2 to the RJN and (2) the legal explanation of why those documents are the proper subject of judicial notice. Respondents request that all other attorney argument and factual allegations in the pleading submitted in conjunction with the Application, in particular, those contesting Judge Wise's Order, be stricken.

IV. REQUEST FOR SANCTIONS

Respondents request sanctions in the amount of \$3000 to cover its attorney time and cos in responding to this frivolous Application. As described above, the Application has no merit. is solely an attempt to undermine an Order issued by another judge on a matter under submission. It is really a form of judge-shopping which is clearly not allowed under Court Rules. Petitioner CA 1st District should have to pay for its waste of judicial and Respondents' resources on this Application.

MEYERS, NAVE, RIBACK, SILVER & WILSON DATED: April 8, 2019

> By: Timothy D. Cremin
> Attorneys for The Regents of the University of
> California; Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as

California; Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University of California; Carol Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley

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PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

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At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am employed in the County of Alameda, State of California. My business address is 555 12th Street, Suite 1500, Oakland, CA 94607.

On April 8, 2019, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as OPPOSITION TO PETITIONER'S EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE AND SUPPORTING PLEADINGS AND **DECLARATIONS** on the interested parties in this action as follows:

Thomas N. Lippe, Esq. Kelly Marie Perry, Esq. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Fl. San Francisco, CA 94105

Attorneys for Plaintiff SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS

Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606 Email: lippelaw@sonic.net kmhperry@sonic.net

BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: Based on an agreement of the BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: Based on an agreement of the parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the document(s) to be settle from e-mail address CSauceda@meyersnave.com to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed inthe Service List. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on April 8, 2019, at Oakland, California.

Other transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

Other transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

Other transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful. parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the document(s) to be sent

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Tab 054

APR/17/2019/W3D 08:16 AM Law O. Thomas Lippe

FAX No. 1-415-777-5603

F. 002

Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal

Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net

FILED BY FAX

ALAMEDA COUNTY April 17, 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT By Shabra Iyamu, Deputy

CASE NUMBER: RG18902751

Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

Plaintiff, VS. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a

California nonprofit public benefit corporation;

Respondents and Defendants.

Chancellor of the University of California,

Berkeley, and DOES 1 through 20.

Case No. RG18902751

EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Assigned for Purposes of Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief: Hon. Nicole Wise, Dept. 24

Reservation No.: R-2067573

Date: April 18, 2019 Time: 9:30 A.M.

Dept.: 24

Judge: Hon. Nicole Wise

Action Filed: April 27, 2018 Trial Date: Not Set

AA00562

TO: ALL PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT on April 18, 2019, at 9:30 a.m. in Department 24 of the above-entitled court located at the Alameda County Administration Building, 1221 Oak Street, 3rd Floor, Oakland, California 94612. This application seeks an order granting leave to file Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, attached hereto as Attachment 1.

The grounds for this application are that in their demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended

Complaint, which is currently submitted for decision, Respondent Regents argue they have no obligation under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (2020 LRDP) adopted in 2005. (See Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Demurrer to Petitioner's Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, pp. 13-16.) However, in their Final Environmental Impact Report for the 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR), the Regents asserted the opposite, stating: "However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review." (See Attachment 1, Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR], p. 11.2-115.)

The Court recently issued a tentative ruling on the Regents' pending demurrer, which reflects the Court's construction of CEQA section 21080.09. (See discussion in the Memorandum of Points and Authorities submitted in support of this application and in Attachment 1.) The Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above is directly relevant to this construction because the Regents are tasked, in the first instance, with interpreting and complying with their legal obligations under CEQA section 21080.09. (City of Marina v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2006) 39 Cal.4th 341, 360 ["while education may be CSU's [California State University] core function, to avoid or mitigate the environmental effects of its projects is also one of CSU's functions. This is the plain import of CEQA, which the Legislature has commanded that '[e]ach public agency shall mitigate or avoid the significant effects on the environment of projects that it carries out or approves whenever it is feasible to do so'"]; accord City of San Diego v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2015) 61 Cal.4th 945, 966.) Moreover, while courts determine the meaning of statutes using their independent judgment, the

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Regents interpretation of a statute it is charged with enforcing is one of "several interpretive tools" that may help a court independently judge the meaning of a statute. (City of Long Beach v. Department of Industrial Relations (2004) 34 Cal.4th 942, 951; Agnew v. State Bd. of Equalization (1999) 21 Cal.4th 310, 322; Yamaha Corp. of America v. State Bd. of Equalization (1998) 19 Cal.4th 1, 7 (Yamaha).)

Thus, the Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer.

On April 5 (with Reservation No. R- 2064996) Plaintiff previously filed this application for hearing on April 8 in Department 17 before Judge Roesch because the case is single assigned to Judge Roesch. When counsel for Plaintiff appeared to present the application, Judge Roesch said it would have to be presented in Department 24 to Judge Wise because she is deciding the demurrer in this case and the ex parte application relates to the demurrer. Counsel for Plaintiff wrote to Department 24 requesting a reservation to hear the ex parte application before Judge Wise to coincide with the hearing on the demurrer currently scheduled for April 18, at 9:00 am. Opposing counsel agreed to this schedule. Department 24 reserved the ex parte application for hearing on April 18, 2019, at 9:30 am stating "please" don't be concerned about the 9:30 time. We are expecting you at 9:00." (Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (Lippe Decl.) ¶ 5.)

Plaintiff brings this application an ex parte basis because Plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury (as provided in CRC 3.1202(c)) unless the relief requested here is granted. Absent this relief, the Court would rule on the demurrer without this information, which would represent a miscarriage of justice. Also, Plaintiff did not learn the Regents had admitted their obligation under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP until March 25, 2019. (Lippe Decl. ¶¶ 2-4; Declaration of Phillip Bokovoy in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-5.)

Plaintiff's counsel notified opposing counsel (Timothy Cremin, 555 12th Street, Suite 1500, Oakland, California 94607, Telephone: (510) 808-2000) of this application on April 15, 2019 by email

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sent at 9:53 a.m., which Mr. Cremin acknowledged by email sent at 12:37 p.m. on the same day. Opposing counsel opposes this application. (Lippe Decl. § 6.) 2 This Motion is based on the Verified Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and 3 Complaint for Declaratory Relief filed in this action; this Application, the supporting Memorandum of 4 Points and Authorities, the supporting declarations of Thomas N. Lippe and Philip Bokovoy, on all other 5 papers on file in this matter, and upon such other oral and/or documentary evidence as may be presented 6 at the hearing on this application. 7 DATED: April 15, 2019 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 8 9 10 Thomas N. Lippe Attorney for Plaintiff 11 T:\TL\UC Enroll\Trial\Ex Parte\EXP010a NEWC Signed Ex Parte re RJN TAP Demurrer.wpd 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

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ATTACHMENT 1

1 Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640
LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC
201 Mission Street, 12th Floor
San Francisco, California 94105
Tel: (415) 777-5604
Fax: (415) 777-5606
E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net

Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation;

Plaintiff,

12 vs.

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THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Reservation No.: R-2022686

Date: January 15, 2019

Time: 3:45 P.M.

Dept.: 24

Judge: Hon. Noel Wise

Action Filed: April 27, 2018

Trial Date: Not Set

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Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12th Floo San Francisco, CA 9410: Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775606

Pursuant to Evidence Code sections 452, subdivision (c) and 453, Plaintiff Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods requests that the Court take judicial notice of the following two documents:

Exhibit 1: Page 3 of the February 20, 2019, Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to UC Berkeley's 2020 Long Range Development Plan. (Draft SEIR).

Exhibit 2: Page 11.2-115 of the Responses to Comments portion of the Final Environmental Impact Report for UC Berkeley's 2020 Long Range Development Plan 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR).

Memorandum of Points and Authorities

Exhibits 1 and 2 are subject to judicial notice because they are official acts of the executive department of the state of California as described in evidence Code section 452, subd. (c).

These documents are relevant to Respondent Regents' pending demurrer to Plaintiff's Thir Amended Complaint, because they show that the Regents' admitted—before this litigation—that they have an obligation under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005, yet they deny this obligation in their demurrer.

In their demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint, the Regents argue they have no obligation under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005. (See Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Demurrer to Petitioner's Third Amended Petition for Writ Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, pp. 13-16.)

In its April 2, 2019, Order Setting Further Hearing on Defendants' Demurrer to Third Amended

Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (Order Setting Further Hearing), the Court accepts this position, stating:

Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiffs opposition brief at pages 3-4.) ¶ The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See

Public Resources Code § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be considered in the environmental impact report prepared for the long range development plan (see § 21080.09(b)), but any discrepancies between the estimated changes in enrollment levels and the actual enrollment levels in subsequent years are not themselves project or program changes that require subsequent CEQA review. The Regents' 2005 analysis of the estimated projections of enrollment changes by 2020, as set forth in the 2005 EIR and the LRDP, satisfied the Regents' obligations to consider the environmental impact of those enrollment plans. (See § 21080.09(d).)

(Order Setting Further Hearing, pp. 2-3 (italics added).

It turns out, however, that in the Final Environmental Impact Report for the 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR), the Regents asserted the opposite of the italicized language in the Order Setting Further Hearing quoted above, stating: "However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review." (Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR], p. 11.2-115.)

On February 20, 2019, the Regents published their Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School

Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (Draft SEIR) for public comment. This document states:

... in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA.

(Exhibit 1 [Draft SEIR p. 3].)

In the Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR, the Regents responded to a City Berkeley comment by stating:

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point. The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public

to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public

Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

(Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR p. 11.2-115].)

The portion of the Court's tentative ruling quoted above reflects the Court's construction of CEQA section 21080.09. The Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above is directly relevant to this construction because the Regents are tasked, in the first instance, with interpreting and complying with the legal obligations under CEQA section 21080.09. (City of Marina v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2006) 39 Cal.4th 341, 360 ["while education may be CSU's [California State University] core function, to avoid or mitigate the environmental effects of its projects is also one of CSU's functions. This is the plain import of CEQA, in which the Legislature has commanded that '[e]ach public agency shall mitigate or avoid the significant effects on the environment of projects that it carries out or approved whenever it is feasible to do so'"]; accord City of San Diego v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2015) 61 Cal.4th 945, 966.) Moreover, while courts determine the meaning of statutes using their independent judgment, the Regents interpretation of a statute it is charged with enforcing is one of "several interpretive tools" that may help a court independently judge the meaning of a statute. (City of Long Beach v. Department of Industrial Relations (2004) 34 Cal.4th 942, 951; Agnew v. State Bd. of Equalization (1998) 19 Cal.4th 1, Pagendal).

Thus, the Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer. Plaintiff, obviously, believes the Regents were correct on this point in 2005 and that their pending demurrer is incorrect on this point.

Plaintiffs did not learn of the Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above until after they read the Draft SEIR published on February 20, 2019, which first alerted them to the existence of the

statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR. (Declaration of Thomas N. Lippe in Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition 2 for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-4; Declaration of Phillip Bokovoy in 3 Support of Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to 4 Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, ¶¶ 2-5.) 5 Therefore, Plaintiff requests that the Court take judicial notice of Exhibits 1 and 2 attached hereto. 6 DATED: April 5, 2019 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 7 8 9 Attorney for Plaintiff 10 11 T:\TL\UC Enroll\Trial\Ex Parte\M045c Signed RJN Demurrer Opp TAP.wpd 12 13

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EXHIBIT 1

one subterranean level. The fourth level would provide access to a rooftop terrace. The centerpiece of the design would be a two-story atrium bordered on the exterior by a glass façade. This atrium would face west toward the existing GSPP building located at 2607 Hearst Avenue and would have public space and interaction areas. By the end of the 2022-23 academic year, the academic building would house five permanent staff members and 30 students on an average, year-round basis. The academic building's event space would have a seating capacity of 300 and would accommodate up to 450 visitors at maximum capacity; public and private events would occur periodically during both daytime and evening hours.

The Minor LRDP Amendment would accommodate the proposed housing land use on the Project site. Specifically, the Minor LRDP Amendment would expand the Housing Zone to accommodate residential development on the Project site (see Appendix B).

Please see Section 3, Project Description, for additional Project information and plans.

Environmental Analysis

This Draft SEIR has been prepared pursuant to CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines to evaluate the environmental effects of the proposed Project, and to identify feasible mitigation measures and alternatives to reduce or avoid the Project's significant impacts.

The Draft SEIR also establishes an updated population baseline to reflect the existing campus headcount (which is greater than the projections in the 2020 LRDP) and new campus headcount projections through the 2022-23 school year, when increased enrollment at GSPP as a result of the Project would plateau. Despite the growth in campus headcount over 2020 LRDP projections, which led to the new baseline, the analysis in this SEIR demonstrates that the UC Berkeley campus is still operating within the capacity and demand identified and analyzed in the 2020 LRDP EIR for resources such as housing, water, electricity and public services, among others. Moreover, to date, UC Berkeley has accommodated the increased campus headcount completely within the physical development identified in the 2020 LRDP and, in fact, has developed fewer square feet of academic and support space and fewer housing units than what was identified in the 2020 LRDP and analyzed in the 2020 LRDP EIR. Nonetheless, in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA.

Consistent with this commitment, the SEIR uses an updated population baseline and, in its environmental analysis of each impact category, takes this updated baseline into account and explains how it factors into and/or affects the environmental analysis and significance conclusions reached in the 2020 LRDP EIR and this SEIR. For some impact categories, such as Aesthetics, Cultural Resources, Land Use, and Tribal Cultural Resources, the analysis of whether the increased headcount would cause environmental impacts hinges on physical development to accommodate an increased headcount. For other impact categories, such as Air Quality, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Noise, Population, Public Services, and Transportation and Traffic, the analysis of whether the increased headcount would cause environmental impacts hinges on population numbers on the campus. The introductory section of each impact category in Section 6, *Environmental Evaluation*, explains the approach taken to account for the increased campus headcount in that section, and how the increase in campus headcount factors into the impact analysis.

EXHIBIT 2

RESPONSE TO COMMENT B7-7

See Response B7-1. The University believes that the 74-page LRDP serves as an adequate project description. The writer also seems to object to the fact the 2020 LRDP was not prepared and presented to the community in advance of the environmental analysis. However, preparing the LRDP and EIR simultaneously enabled the University to respond to the results of the environmental analysis in the plan itself, and also enabled the public to use those results in the review and critique of the plan.

RESPONSE TO COMMENTS B7-8 AND B7-9

A Long Range Development Plan does not need to set forth significance thresholds for environmental impacts. To the extent this comment really applies to the Draft EIR, each impact analyzed provides significance thresholds that are used in evaluation of the 2020 LRDP, and which can be applied to future projects as they undergo individual CEQA review. Those impacts found to be significant within the 2020 LRDP EIR have corresponding mitigation measures, many of which have impact thresholds that trigger their implementation in future projects. General Plan and state zoning law requirements do not apply to the University of California. Please see Thematic Response 1 regarding future project review, and Thematic Response 5 regarding the use of qualifiers.

RESPONSE TO COMMENT B7-10

See Thematic Response 5 regarding the use of qualifiers.

RESPONSE TO COMMENTS B7-11 THRU B7-14

See Thematic Response 6 regarding the relationship to LBNL.

RESPONSE TO COMMENTS B7-15 AND B7-16

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point. The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

RESPONSE TO COMMENT B7-17

The figures in table 3.1-1 reflect our best estimates of how the 4000 FTE increase would translate into regular term and summer headcount at UC Berkeley.

Tab 055

FILED BY FAX 1 Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 ALAMEDA COUNTY LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor April 17, 2019 San Francisco, California 94105 3 CLERK OF Tel: (415) 777-5604 THE SUPERIOR COURT By Shabra Iyamu, Deputy Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net CASE NUMBER: 5 RG18902751 6 Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 10 SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a Case No. RG18902751 California nonprofit public benefit corporation; 11 MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND Plaintiff, 12 AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF EX VS. PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR

JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO

DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED

PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND 13 THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF 14 CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY Chancellor of the University of California, RELIEF Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20, 17 [CEQA] Respondents and Defendants. 18 Assigned for All Purposes to: 19 Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17 20 Assigned for Purposes of Demurrer to Third 21 Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and 22 Complaint for Declaratory Relief: Hon. Nicole Wise, Dept. 24 23 Reservation No.: R-2067573 24 Date: April 18, 2019 25 Time: 9:30 A.M. Dept.: 24 26 Judge: Hon. Nicole Wise 27 Action Filed: April 27, 2018 28 Trial Date: Not Set

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Law Offices of Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 01 Mission St. 12th Floo an Francisco, CA 9410 Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775606

I. INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods applies for leave to file Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief. These documents that Plaintiff asks the Court to judically notice are relevant to Respondent Regents' pending demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint, because they show that the Regents' admitted—before this litigation—that they have an obligation under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005, yet they deny this obligation in their demurrer.

The Regents failed to notify the Court that they previously shared Plaintiff's view of their legal obligations in this regard, and Plaintiff did not learn of the Regents' previous admission on this point until the Regents disclosed its existence in a new Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Report published District Court of App on February 20, 2019, well after the Court took the demurrer under submission on February 4, 2019.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

In their demurrer to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint, the Regents argue they have no obligation under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP adopted in 2005. (See Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Demurrer to Petitioner's Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief, pp. 13-16.)

In its April 2, 2019, Order Setting Further Hearing on Defendants' Demurrer to Third Amended

Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (Order Setting Further Hearing), the Court accepts this position, stating:

Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiffs opposition brief at pages 3-4.)

The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See Public Resources Code § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be considered in the environmental impact report prepared for the long range development plan (see § 21080.09(b)), but any discrepancies between the estimated changes in enrollment levels

and the actual enrollment levels in subsequent years are not themselves project or program changes that require subsequent CEQA review. The Regents' 2005 analysis of the estimated projections of enrollment changes by 2020, as set forth in the 2005 EIR and the LRDP, satisfied the Regents' obligations to consider the environmental impact of those enrollment plans. (See § 21080.09(d).)

(Order Setting Further Hearing, pp. 2-3 (italics added).

It turns out, however, that in the Final Environmental Impact Report for the 2020 LRDP that the Regents certified in 2005 (2005 Final EIR), the Regents asserted the opposite of the italicized language in the Order Setting Further Hearing quoted above, stating: "However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review." (Exhibit 2 [2020 LRDP FEIR], p. 11.2-115.)

The Court has set a new hearing on the demurrer for April 18, 2019.

III. ARGUMENT

The Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly Α. relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer.

District Court of Appeal The portion of the Court's tentative ruling quoted above reflects the Court's construction of CEQA section 21080.09. The Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above is directly relevant to this construction because the Regents are tasked, in the first instance, with interpreting and complying with their legal obligations under CEQA section 21080.09. (City of Marina v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2006) 39 Cal.4th 341, 360 ["while education may be CSU's [California State University] core function, to avoid or mitigate the environmental effects of its projects is also one of CSU's functions. This is the plain import of CEQA, in which the Legislature has commanded that '[e]ach public agency shall mitigate or avoid the significant effects on the environment of projects that it carries out or approves whenever it is feasible to do so"; accord City of San Diego v. Board of Trustees of California State University (2015) 61 Cal.4th 945, 966.)

Moreover, while courts determine the meaning of statutes using their independent judgment, the 5 Regents interpretation of a statute it is charged with enforcing is one of "several interpretive tools" that may help a court independently judge the meaning of a statute. (City of Long Beach v. Department of Industrial Relations (2004) 34 Cal.4th 942, 951; Agnew v. State Bd. of Equalization (1999) 21 Cal.4th 310, 322; Yamaha Corp. of America v. State Bd. of Equalization (1998) 19 Cal.4th 1, 7 (Yamaha).)

Thus, the Regents interpretation of their legal obligations under CEQA in 2005 is directly

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Memo of P&A ISO Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (CEQA); RG18902751

AA00579

relevant to the Court's ruling on their pending demurrer. Plaintiff, obviously, believes the Regents were

Plaintiffs did not learn of the Regents' statement in the 2020 LRDP FEIR quoted above

correct on this point in 2005 and that their pending demurrer is incorrect on this point.

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Tab 056

APR/17/2019/WED 08:23 AM Law O. Thomas Lippe

FAX No. 1-415-777-5605

Judge: Hon. Nicole Wise

F. 023

FILED BY FAX ALAMEDA COUNTY Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 April 17, 2019 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT San Francisco, California 94105 By Shabra Iyamu, Deputy Tel: (415) 777-5604 CASE NUMBER: Fax: (415) 777-5606 RG18902751 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a Case No. RG18902751 California nonprofit public benefit corporation; 11 DECLARATION OF THOMAS N. LIPPE IN Plaintiff, 12 SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLICATION VS. FOR LEAVE TO FILE PLAINTIFF'S 13 REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD 14 CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF capacity as President of the University of 15 MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as **DECLARATORY RELIEF** Chancellor of the University of California, 16 Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20, 17 [CEQA] Respondents and Defendants. 18 Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17 19 20 Assigned for Purposes of Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and 21 Complaint for Declaratory Relief; 22 Hon. Nicole Wise, Dept. 24 23 Reservation No.: R-2067573 Date: April 18, 2019 24 Time: 9:30 A.M. 25 Dept.: 24

Fac Prominent CA 94 Fac Prominent CA 94 Fac 019-771-3054 Jan. 418-7774301

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I, Thomas N. Lippe, declare:

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- I am an attorney at law duly admitted and licensed to practice before all courts of this State. I am attorney of record for the Plaintiff in this case.
- On February 20, 2019, the Regents published their Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (Draft SEIR) for public comment.
- On March 25, 2019, Plaintiff asked me to review portions of this Draft SEIR to understand how it might affect this litigation. At that time I read the text in the Draft SEIR stating: "in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA." I then reviewed the Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR for

the 2020 Long Range Development Plan, and discovered there the following response by the Regents to a comment submitted by the City of Berkeley:

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point.

The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe
01 Mission St. 12th Floo
an Francisco, CA 9410:
Tel: 415-777-5604
Fax: 415-7775606 Prior to Plaintiff asking me to review the February 2019 Draft SEIR, I had not previously

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Tab 057

1 Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 3 Tel: (415) 777-5604 4 Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net 5 Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods 6 7 8 9 10 11 Plaintiff, 12 VS. 13 14 17 18 19 20 21

FILED BY FAX

ALAMEDA COUNTY

April 17, 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT By Shabra Iyamu, Deputy

CASE NUMBER: RG18902751

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation;

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

DECLARATION OF PHILLIP BOKOVOY IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICINION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Assigned for Purposes of Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief: Hon. Nicole Wise, Dept. 24

Reservation No.: R-2067573

Date: April 18, 2019 Time: 9:30 A.M.

Dept.: 24

Judge: Hon. Nicole Wise

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- I am the founder and President of Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods, the plaintiff in this case. 1.
- After the Regents published, on February 20, 2019, their Draft Supplemental EIR to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan (Draft SEIR) for public comment, I began to review it for purposes of submitting comments on it.
- 3. On March 25, 2019, I asked Thomas Lippe, counsel for Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods, to review portions of this Draft SEIR to help me understand how it might affect this litigation.
- On March 26, 2019, Mr. Lippe reported to me that this Draft SEIR states: "in its response to comments to the 2020 LRDP EIR, UC Berkeley made a commitment to the City of Berkeley that, if enrollment increased beyond the projections set forth in the 2020 LRDP, it would undertake additional review under CEQA."
- On March 26, 2019, Mr. Lippe also reported to me that upon reading the Draft SEIR text quoted

5. On March 26, 2019, Mr. Lippe also reported to me that upon reading the Draft SEIR text quoted to paragraph 4, he also reviewed the Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR for the 2020 Long Range Development Plan, and discovered there the following response by the Regents to a comment submitted by the City of Berkeley:

The growth in the number of college-age Californians is projected to level off around 2010, and the 2020 LRDP recommends UC Berkeley enrollment stabilize at this point. The writer correctly notes the Regents can direct any campus to absorb more growth if conditions make it necessary to do so. However, if the 2020 LRDP is adopted by the Regents, any further increase beyond the maximum stated in the plan would require an amendment of the plan, including CEQA review.

CEQA expressly provides that the environmental impacts of changes in enrollment levels are to be assessed at the campus level as part of the LRDP process for each campus. See Public Resources Code Section 21080.09(b). The Enrolled Bill Report for the legislation enacting Public Resources Code Section 21080.09 (Senate Bill 896, Mello) clarifies that the intent of the bill was to ensure that CEQA evaluation of student enrollment changes should be addressed at each campus individually as part of the LRDP process, and not on a statewide or systemwide basis. The bill's author stated that the bill "clarifies the intent of existing law that the appropriate place for environmental review of the impact of academic and enrollment plans under CEQA is in a Long Range Development Plan EIR...for the particular campus or medical center where the environmental impact

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe
01 Mission St. 12th Floo
an Francisco, CA 9410:
Tel: 415-777-5604
Fax: 415-7775606 actually takes place" and not on a "statewide, systemwide basis." See letter dated September 12, 1989, from State Senator Henry J. Mello to Governor George Deukmejian.

6. Prior to Mr. Lippe's report to me on these matters, I had not read the thousand-plus page Responses to Comments portion of the 2005 Final EIR and I was not aware that the 2005 Final EIR included an acknowledgment by the Regents that they would be legally obligated under CEQA to conduct subsequent environmental review of the increase in student enrollment over and above the increase in student enrollment projected in the 2020 LRDP.

Phillip Bokovoy

T:\TL\UC Enroll\Trial\Ex Parte\EXP002d Ex Parte Decl PB.wpd

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12" Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Tel: 415-777-5606

Decl of Phillip Bokovoy ISO Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (CEQA); RG18902751

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Tab 058

APR/17/2019/W3D 08:24 AM Law O. Thomas Lippe

FAX No. 1-415-777-5603

F. 026

- 1	l
1	Thomas N. Lippe, SBN 104640 LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, California 94105 Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606 E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net
	LAW OFFICES OF THOMAS N. LIPPE, APC
2	201 Mission Street, 12th Floor
3	San Francisco, California 94105
	Tel: (415) 777-5604
4	Fax: (415) 777-5606
ا ء	E-mail: Lippelaw@sonic.net
1	100 AND

Attorney for Plaintiff: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation; Plaintiff. vs.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as 16 Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

[Proposed] ORDER GRANTING EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF

[CEQA]

Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Frank Roesch, Dept. 17

Assigned for Purposes of Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief: Hon. Nicole Wise, Dept. 24

Reservation No.: R-2067573

Date: April 18, 2019 Time: 9:30 A.M.

Dept.: 24

Judge: Hon. Nicole Wise

Action Filed: April 27, 2018 Trial Date: Not Set

Good cause appearing, Plaintiff Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods Ex Parte Application fo	r Leave to
File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opposition to Demurrer to Third Amended Petitio	
of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief is granted. Plaintiff may file said document, in	
attached to the application as Attachment 1.	
So Ordered.	
April, 2019	
Judge of the Superior Court	
T:\TL\UC Enroll\Trial\Ex Parte\EXP014 NEWC Prop Order Ex Parte re RJN.wpd	
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- 1 - [Proposed] Order Granting Ex Parte Application for Leave to File Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice in Opp	osition to

Demurrer to Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief (CEQA); RG18902751

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775606

Tab 059

Amrit S. Kulkarni (SBN 202786) akulkarni@meyersnave.com Timothy D. Cremin (SBN 156725) tcremin@meyersnave.com Edward Grutzmacher (SBN 228649) egrutzmacher@meyersnave.com MEYERS, NAVE, RIBACK, SILVER & WILSON 555 12 th Street, Suite 1500 Oakland, California 94607 Telephone: (510) 808-2000 Facsimile: (510) 444-1108 Attorneys for The Regents of the University of California; Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University of California, Berkeley SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF ALAMEDA SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Petitioner and Plaintiff, V. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in SUPPORTING PLEADINGS AND
California; Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University of California; Carol T. Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF ALAMEDA SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, Case No. RG18902751 ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO
SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a Case No. RG18902751 California nonprofit public benefit corporation, ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO
Petitioner and Plaintiff, v. THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20, Respondents and Defendants. Judge Frank Roesch RESPONDENTS' OPPOSITION TO PETITIONER'S EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE AND SUPPORTING PLEADINGS AND DECLARATIONS Reservation No.: R-2067573 Date: April 18, 2019 Time: 9:30 AM Dept: 24 Action Filed: April 27, 2018 Trial Date: None Set

Respondents THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, and CAROL T. CHRIST (Collectively, "UC") submit this Opposition to Petitioner Save Berkeley Neighborhood's ("Petitioner") wholly improper and frivolous Ex Parte Application For Leave to File a Request for Judicial Notice and related pleadings and declarations ("Application"). This Court should summarily deny the Application. It is nothing more than Petitioner's attempt to file supplemental briefing on the Order issued by this Court on April 2, 6 2019 ("Order") sustaining the Demurrer to the Third Amended Complaint ("Demurrer") which is 7 scheduled for further hearing on the same day as this Application. It is a last-ditch attempt at 8 further briefing, introducing new arguments and delaying this proceeding - tactics Petitioner has 9 employed throughout the case. The Petitioner has already amended the Petition three times and 10 submitted at least three substantive briefs on the Demurrer issues, including supplemental briefing already ordered by this Court. Despite all this, at the eleventh hour, on the day of the hearing on 12 the Order, Petitioner wants this Court to consider allegedly "new" arguments and information that 13 could have been presented to this Court months ago. In addition, this is the second time Petitioner 14 brought this Application. It was previously improperly filed in Judge Roesch's department even 15 though this Court had already issued the Order. Judge Roesch properly refused to hear the 16 Application since he is not the judge hearing the Demurrer. Going to Judge Roesch first was 17 improper, inexcusable and an attempt to undermine this Court's Order and jurisdiction over the 18 19 Demurrer. This gamesmanship should not be allowed. Moreover, Petitioner's Application does not make the required showing to establish the 20 21

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basis for the Court to grant the relief requested. Petitioner simply does not address the applicate The only claimed grounds for extraordinary relief is a bald assertion that the standards. Application is necessary to prevent a "miscarriage of justice." Such unsupported assertions is not a legal basis for granting Petitioner's ex parte Application. Petitioner cannot be allowed supplemental, day-of-hearing briefing just because it disagrees with the Court's Order. Request for Judicial Notice ("RJN") also does not meet the legal standards for this Court's consideration of the documents.

Even if the Court decides to consider the proffered evidence, it does not provide a basis for

changing the Court's Order. The documents are consistent with UC's position from day one of this case and the Order. UC has consistently argued that under Public Resources Code, section 21080.09, an enrollment increase, in and of itself, does not constitute a "project" subject to the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"). However, to the extent that enrollment exceeds that anticipated and analyzed in the Long Range Development Plan ("LRDP") Environmental Impact Report ("EIR"), UC would need to examine the impacts of enrollment in its environmental review of a future discretionary development project that relies on the LRDP EIR under applicable standards for supplemental environmental review. The Upper Hearst Development for the Goldman School of Public Policy and Minor Amendment to the 2020 Long Range Development Plan project ("GSPP Project") is a discretionary development project and the Supplemental EIR for the GSPP project ("Draft SEIR") is appropriately examining the impacts of increased enrollment under supplemental environmental review standards. UC has informed this Court of the GSPP project and its Draft SEIR in all of its briefing. The Court has already taken Judicial Notice of the Notice of Preparation ("NOP") for the GSPP Draft SEIR in its Order dated November 15, 2018. So, the record already contains information about the GSPP Draft SETR Petitioner could have cited in its numerous briefs.

Petitioner's Application to file an RJN should be denied because it is improper, the which Petitioner could have cited in its numerous briefs.

Petitioner's Application to file an RJN should be denied because it is improper, the standards for a RJN have not been met, the RJN is a barely-disguised supplemental briefing issues that could have been previously raised, and the case is already submitted.

I. APPLICATION IS NOT ALLOWED UNDER ORDER

The Order specifically scheduled and allows only further hearing on the sustaining of the Demurrer without leave to amend. The Court already ordered and allowed supplemental briefing on this matter which was filed on February 4th. The Court confirmed at the February 8th Case Management Conference that the matter was under submission but further hearing may be scheduled at the Court's discretion. Therefore, the RJN is a filing which is not allowed under the Order and given the case status. Attempts to submit further pleadings and supplemental briefing after a court has issued its order is not a permitted procedure.

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II. APPLICATION DOES NOT MEET STANDARDS FOR EXTRAORDINARY RELIEF

The Application does not meet the fundamental standards for extraordinary relief. An ex parte applicant "must make an affirmative factual showing in a declaration containing competent testimony based on personal knowledge of irreparable harm, immediate danger, or any other statutory basis for granting relief ex parte." (Cal. Rule of Court, Rule 3.1202(c).) An ex parte application that fails to comply with these rules is properly denied. (*Datig v. Dove Books, Inc.* (1999) 73 Cal.App.4th 964, 977.) Petitioner's Memorandum of Points and Authorities ("MPA") in support of its Application does not discuss the standards for providing ex parte relief, nor does the MPA provide any legal or factual justification for the Application. The closest Petitioner comes to offering legal support for the Application comes in the Application itself, where Petitioner assets, without reference to law or fact, that Petitioner "will suffer irreparable injury" because "[a]bsent this relief, the Court would rule on the demurrer without this information, which would represent a miscarriage of justice." (Application, p. 2.) So, Petitioner is basically arguing that because it disagrees with the Order, ex parte, day-of-hearing briefing on the matter should be allowed.

There is no imminent harm and Petitioner has no excuse for failing to bring a Request for Judicial Notice much earlier in the proceeding – at least six months or more ago. The present filing is a last-ditch attempt to improperly contest the adverse Order issued by this Court. This matter was filed one year ago. Petitioner has amended its Petition three times to attempt to state a claim under CEQA. An order sustaining the Demurrer to the Second Amended Complaint with Leave To Amend was issued on November 15, 2018. The pending Demurrer has been fully briefed, including supplemental briefing ordered by this Court, and filed on February 4, 2019. Now, over two months after the matter has been fully briefed, Petitioner requests judicial notice one page from the over 15 years old LRDP EIR and one page from the GSPP Draft SEIR that has been available since February 20, 2019. The Court took Judicial Notice of the NOP for the GSPP Draft SEIR in its Order dated November 15, 2018. The NOP clearly stated that the GSPP Draft SEIR would analyze the increase in campus population beyond the projections in the LRDP EIR.

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The single page cited in the GSPP Draft SEIR contains no new information that was not disclosed in the NOP. Therefore, without question, Petitioner could have raised the information in the documents attached to its RJN in its opposition to the previous two demurrers filed in this case.

The allegations in the Declarations of Thomas N. Lippe and Philip Bokovoy ("Declarations") submitted to support the "emergency" necessitating the Application can be easily dismissed. The Declarations claim they were not aware of the language in the LRDP EIR even though the analysis in that EIR are the key basis for allegations in the Petition and have been subject to multiple briefings on two demurrers. That the Declarations claim certain language was "missed" is incredulous. Similarly, UC has repeatedly referenced the GSPP Draft SEIR process in its briefing on two demurrers. Petitioner cannot be excused for failing to immediately and thoroughly review the analysis of campus population growth in GSPP Draft SEIR when it was released eight weeks ago. The original comment period on the GSPP Draft SEIR ended April 8 released eight weeks ago. The original comment period on the GSPP Draft SEIR ended April 8 2019 (although it was extended). The claims in the Declarations for why this was not done cannot be believed.

III. GSPP DRAFT SEIR IS NOT PROPER SUBJECT OF JUDICIAL REVIEW

The GSPP Draft SEIR is a draft document released for public review. It has not been certified or approved by UC. In fact, the whole purpose under CEQA for submitting draft EIRs 32

for public review and comment is so the lead agency can consider public comments and revise the document before considering certification. Draft records are not subject to judicial notice. the (Evidence Code sec. 452(c) (only documents of "official acts" of agency subject to judicial notices ocument received People v. Webster (1991) 54 Cal.3d 411, 428, fn. 4 [Requests for judicial notice should not be used to "circumvent []" court rules and procedures, including the normal briefing process].).

THE RJN DOCUMENTS ARE CONSISTENT WITH ORDER AND UC'S IV. POSITION IN THIS CASE

In addition to the complete lack of legal or factual justification for granting the Application, the Application itself seeks to submit further evidence and argument on the Demurrer that provides no basis for changing the Order. Petitioner asserts that the RJN is relevant because UC's interpretation of Public Resources Code section 21080.09 ("Section 21080.09") is relevant

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charged with developing regulations, and do not apply to UC in the CEQA context. (See City of 7

Long Beach v. Dep't of Indus. Relations (2004) 34 Cal.4th 942, 951 [Department of Industrial

Relations interpretation of state prevailing wage law]; Agnew v. State Bd. of Equalization (1999)

21 Cal.4th 310, 322 [Board of Equalization's interpretation of Revenue and Taxation Code];

Yamaha Corp. of Am. v. State Bd. of Equalization (1998) 19 Cal. 4th 1, 7 [Same.],)

Ath 310, 322 [Board of Equalization's interpretation of Revenue and Taxation Code]; at Corp. of Am. v. State Bd. of Equalization (1998) 19 Cal. 4th 1, 7 [Same.].)

Second, UC's arguments in this case, which the Order agrees with, are consistent with the ge in the LRDP EIR and GSPP Draft SEIR. UC has consistently argued that Section 09 does not define enrollment increases alone to be a "project" subject to CEQA. language in the LRDP EIR and GSPP Draft SEIR. UC has consistently argued that Section 21080.09 does not define enrollment increases alone to be a "project" subject to CEQA. Enrollment increases may need to be studied in the CEQA documents for subsequent discretionary approvals if enrollment exceeds that anticipated in the LRDP EIR and the CEQA standards for lst supplemental review are triggered. (See MPA in support of Demurrer to Second Amended Petition ("SAP"), p. 10 ["If and when UC considers a subsequent discretionary approval, it may need to account for current student enrollment numbers in any CEQA determination that relies on the LRDP EIR. For instance, UC is in the process of preparing a supplemental EIR to the LRDP EIR for the" GSPP]; Reply Brief in Support of Demurrer to SAP, pp. 9-11 [arguing that enrollment increases are not stand alone projects, but that they may need to be considered as a part of a supplemental CEQA analysis, which UC is currently conducting]; MPA in Support Demurrer to Third Amended Petition ("TAP"), pp. 13-17 [Same]; Reply Brief in Support of Demurrer to TAP, pp. 6-9 [Same and stating ["the NOP [for the GSPP SEIR] is not an admission that enrollment decisions are discretionary projects requiring subsequent CEQA review of the LRDP. Rather, it is an acknowledgment that the enrollment estimates in the LRDP EIR should be updated in order for UC to rely on the EIR for the discretionary approval of the GSPP"].)

OPPOSITION TO PETITIONER'S EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO FILE REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL

AA00594

NOTICE AND SUPPORTING PLEADINGS AND DECLARATIONS

PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

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At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am employed in the County of Alameda, State of California. My business address is 555 12th Street, Suite 1500, Oakland, CA 94607.

On April 17, 2019, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as OPPOSITION TO PETÍTIONER'S EX PARTE APPLICĂTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE AND SUPPORTING PLEADINGS AND **DECLARATIONS** on the interested parties in this action as follows:

Thomas N. Lippe, Esq. Kelly Marie Perry, Esq. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Fl. San Francisco, CA 94105

Attorneys for Plaintiff SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS

Tel: (415) 777-5604 Fax: (415) 777-5606 Email: lippelaw@sonic.net kmhperry@sonic.net

BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: Based on an agreement of the BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: Based on an agreement of the parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the document(s) to be sent from e-mail address CSauceda@meyersnave.com to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed in the Service List. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on April 17, 2019, at Oakland, California. parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the document(s) to be sen's

Tab 060

Superior Court of California, County of Alameda Rene C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

Save Berkeley's Neighl	borhoods	No. RG18902751
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Plaintiff/Petitioner(s)	
VS.		Minutes
The Regents of the U	niversi	
	Defendant/Respondent(s)	
(Abbreviated Title	1 '	
Department 24	Honorable	Noel Wise , Judge
Cause called for: Petition for Writ	of Mandate (CEQA) of	on April 18, 2019.
Petitioner Save Berkeley's Neighbor Respondent Carol T. Christ represe Respondent Janet Napolitano repres Respondent The Regents of the Unit	ented by Cremin, Time sented by Cremin, Tir	othy D
Reporter: Sheila Pham CSR #1329	93 (415) 517-5439	
Ruling on Petition for Writ of Mane	date (CEQA) Taken U	Jnder Submission
Minutes of 04/18/2019 Entered on 04/18/2019		
Chad Finke Executive C	Officer / Clerk of the S	Superior Court
By Verma S	1. Whight dight	al
	De	eputy Clerk

SHORT TITLE:

Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods VS The Regents of the Universi

CASE NUMBER:

RG18902751

ADDITIONAL ADDRESSEES

Robinson, Charles F. University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607-5200

Tab 061

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC Attn: Lippe, Thomas N. 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson Attn: Cremin, Timothy D. 555 12th Street Suite 1500 Oakland, CA 94607

Superior Court of California, County of Alameda Rene C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

Plaintiff/Petitioner(s)

VS.

The Regents of the Universi

Defendant/Respondent(s) (Abbreviated Title)

No. <u>RG18902751</u>

Dismissal

Date: 04/18/2019 Time: 09:00 AM

Dept: 24

Judge: Noel Wise

Petition for Writ of Mandate (CEQA) dismissed by Court with Prejudice - Pursuant to Court Order.

Dated: 04/30/2019

Judge Noel Wise

SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods VS The Regents of the Universi	RG18902751

ADDITIONAL ADDRESSEES

Robinson, Charles F.
University of California
1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor
Oakland, CA 94607-5200

ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

APR 3 0 2019

BY: VENUS COURT COLLEGE COLLEG

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,

Plaintiff,

VS.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,

Defendants.

No. RG18-902751

ORDER SUSTAINING
DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO
THIRD AMENDED PETITION
FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND
COMPLAINT FOR
DECLARATORY RELIEF

The Demurrer by Defendants and Respondents The Regents of the University of California, et al. ("the Regents") to the Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief came on regularly for hearing on April 18, 2019 in Department 24 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Noel Wise presiding. The Court has considered all of the papers filed in connection with the Demurrer and the arguments of counsel, and, good cause appearing, hereby ORDERS that the Regents' Demurrer is SUSTAINED, WITHOUT LEAVE TO AMEND.

In this action, Plaintiff challenges a Final Environmental Impact Report prepared in 2005 ("the 2005 EIR") for the Regents' Long Range Development

Plan for the University of California at Berkeley ("the LDRP"), also adopted in 2005. The LDRP and 2005 EIR, *inter alia*, projected an increase of 1,650 in student enrollment by 2020. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 3-5; see also Plaintiff's opposition brief at page 1.) Plaintiff alleges that beginning in about 2007, the Regents made "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase enrollment at UC Berkeley beyond the projected 1,650 additional students. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 6-7.) Plaintiff contends that it only learned about these "informal, discretionary decisions" on October 30, 2017, when the Regents responded to a request regarding enrollment information from the City of Berkeley. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 9-11.) This action was filed on April 27, 2018.

To the extent that the Third Amended Petition challenges the adequacy of the 2005 EIR or the LDRP adopted also in 2005, it is barred by the 180 day statute of limitations of Public Resources Code (PRC) § 21167(a). Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiff's opposition brief at pages 3-4.)

The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See PRC § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be

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In addition to the First Cause of Action for Violation of CEQA, Plaintiff alleges a Second Cause of Action for Declaratory Relief, seeking a declaration that the Regents' actions violate CEQA. The Second Cause of Action is therefore entirely duplicative of the First Cause of Action and fails for the same reason. Plaintiff contends that its declaratory relief claim is not duplicative of its mandamus claim because it challenges a policy rather than a specific administrative decision, and because it is prospective in effect. However, in light of the Court's determination that the increased enrollment at UC Berkeley is neither a project nor a project change that required CEQA review, Plaintiff's challenge to the Regent's alleged policy of prospectively increasing admissions beyond the estimated projections in the LDRP as a violation of CEQA fails.

At the hearing on April 18, Plaintiff's counsel indicated that, even if given leave to amend, he would allege essentially the same claims contained in the Third Amended Petition. The Court therefore determines that further leave to amend would be futile.

The Court did not consider the declaration of Phillip Bokovoy submitted with Plaintiff's opposition papers. As the Court already advised counsel in its November 15, 2018 order on the Regents' prior demurrer, in ruling on a demurrer, the Court considers only the allegations in the challenged pleading and facts of which the Court can take judicial notice, not extrinsic evidence.

This entire action is DISMISSED, WITH PREJUDICE.

Date

NOËL WISE

NOËL WISE

Noël Wise

Judge of the Superior Court

Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL CCP 1013a(3)

CASE NAME:

Save Berkeley's Neigborhoods vs. The Regents of the UC

ACTION NO.:

RG18902751

I certify that, I am not a party to the within action. I served the foregoing ORDER SUSTAINING DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF by depositing a true copy thereof in the United States mail in Oakland, California in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid thereon addressed to:

Lippe, Thomas N.
Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC
201 Mission Street, 12th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94105

Cremin, Timothy D. Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson 555 12th Street Suite 1500 Oakland, CA 94607

Robinson, Charles F.

University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Oakland, CA 946075200 ENDORS D FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

APR 3 0 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

BY: Off Deputy

Deputy

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct

Executed on April 30, 2019 at Oakland, California.

Chad Finke Executive Officer/Clerk

by <u>Venus L. Wright</u> Deputy Clerk

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Charles F. Robinson (SBN: 113197) Alison Krumbein (SBN: 229728) alison.krumbein@ucop.edu

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Office of General Counsel 1111 Franklin St 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607

Telephone: (510) 987-0851 Facsimile: (510) 987-9757

Amrit S. Kulkarni (SBN: 202786) akulkarni@meyersnave.com

Timothy D. Cremin (SBN: 156725)

tcremin@meyersnave.com

Edward Grutzmacher (SBN: 228649) egrutzmacher@meyersnave.com

MEYERS, NAVE, RIBACK, SILVER & WILSON

555 12th Street, Suite 1500 Oakland, California 94607 Telephone: (510) 808-2000 Facsimile: (510) 444-1108

Attorneys for The Regents of the University of California; Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University of California; Carol T. Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the

University of California, Berkeley

EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES GOV'T CODE § 6103

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation,

Petitioner and Plaintiff,

v.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO THE HON. FRANK ROESCH, DEPARTMENT 17

[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL OF ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF ACTION WITH PREJUDICE

Action Filed: Trial Date: April 27, 2018

None Set



Document received by the CA 1st District Court of A

[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT DISMISSING THE CASE IN ITS ENTIRETY

[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT

Respondents The Regents of the University of California, Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University, and Carol T. Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University's (collectively, "Defendants") Demurrer to the Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate ("Demurrer") filed by Petitioner Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods ("Petitioner") came on regularly for further hearing on April 18, 2019 in Department 24 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Noel Wise presiding. Petitioner was represented by counsel Thomas Lippe, and Defendants were represented by counsel Timothy D. Cremin of Meyers Nave Riback Silver & Wilson.

The Court having read and considered the Demurrer, opposition, reply, supplemental briefs, and having heard argument of counsel, on April 30, 2019, the Court entered an Oregr Sustaining Defendants' Demurrer To Third Amended Petition For Writ Of Mandate and of Complaint For Declaratory Relief Without Leave to Amend ("Court Order").

Pursuant to the Court Order, attached as Exhibit A, the Court entered a Dismissal of the Pursuant to the Court Order, attached as Exhibit A, the Court entered a Dismissal of the Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief with Prejudice dated April 20, 2019 ("Dismissal"), attached as Exhibit B.

THEREFORE, PURSUANT TO THE COURT ORDER AND DISMISSAL,

JUDGMENT IS ENTERED DISMISSING THE ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF ACTION WITH PREJUDICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: May ____, 2019

HON. NOEL WISE

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

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Document received by the CA|1st District Court of

PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and **not a party to this action**. I am employed in the County of Alameda, State of California. My business address is 555 12th Street, Suite 1500, Oakland, CA 94607.

On May 9, 2019, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as [PROPOSED] JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL OF ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF ACTION WITH PREJUDICE on the interested parties in this action as follows:

Thomas N. Lippe, Esq. Kelly Marie Perry, Esq. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Fl. San Francisco, CA 94105 Attorneys for Plaintiff SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS

Tel: (415) 777-5604
Fax: (415) 777-5606
Email: lippelaw@sonic.net
kmhperry@sonic.net

BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: Based on an agreement of the parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the document(s) to be senform e-mail address mbender@meyersnave.com to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed in the Service List. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on May 9, 2019, at Oakland, California.

Melissa Bender

EXHIBIT A

ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

APR 8 0 2019

CLER OF THE SUMER OF COURT
BY: Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,

Plaintiff,

VS.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,

Defendants.

No. RG18-902751

ORDER SUSTAINING
DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO
THIRD AMENDED PETITION
FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND
COMPLAINT FOR
DECLARATORY RELIEF

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In this action, Plaintiff challenges a Final Environmental Impact Report prepared in 2005 ("the 2005 EIR") for the Regents' Long Range Development

Plan for the University of California at Berkeley ("the LDRP"), also adopted in 2005. The LDRP and 2005 EIR, *inter alia*, projected an increase of 1,650 in student enrollment by 2020. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 3-5; see also Plaintiff's opposition brief at page 1.) Plaintiff alleges that beginning in about 2007, the Regents made "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase enrollment at UC Berkeley beyond the projected 1,650 additional students. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 6-7.) Plaintiff contends that it only learned about these "informal, discretionary decisions" on October 30, 2017, when the Regents responded to a request regarding enrollment information from the City of Berkeley. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 9-11.) This action was filed on April 27, 2018.

To the extent that the Third Amended Petition challenges the adequacy of the 2005 EIR or the LDRP adopted also in 2005, it is barred by the 180 day statute of limitations of Public Resources Code (PRC) § 21167(a). Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiff's opposition brief at pages 3-4.)

The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See PRC § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be

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The Court did not consider the declaration of Phillip Bokovoy submitted with Plaintiff's opposition papers. As the Court already advised counsel in its November 15, 2018 order on the Regents' prior demurrer, in ruling on a demurrer, the Court considers only the allegations in the challenged pleading and facts of which the Court can take judicial notice, not extrinsic evidence.

This entire action is DISMISSED, WITH PREJUDICE.

APR 3 0 2019	NOËL WISF	
Date	Noël Wise	
	Judge of the Superior Court	

Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL CCP 1013a(3)

CASE NAME:

Save Berkeley's Neigborhoods vs. The Regents of the UC

ACTION NO.:

RG18902751

I certify that, I am not a party to the within action. I served the foregoing ORDER SUSTAINING DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF by depositing a true copy thereof in the United States mail in Oakland, California in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid thereon addressed to:

Lippe, Thomas N.
Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC
201 Mission Street, 12th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94105

Cremin, Timothy D. Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson 555 12th Street Suite 1500 Oakland, CA 94607

Robinson, Charles F.

University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor akland, CA 946075200 ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY APR 3 0 2019

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct

Executed on April 30, 2019 at Oakland, California.

Chad Finke Executive Officer/Clerk

by <u>Venus L. Wright</u> Deputy Clerk

EXHIBIT B

Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC Attn: Lippe, Thomas N. 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson Attn: Cremin, Timothy D. 555 12th Street Suite 1500 Oakland, CA 94607

Superior Court of California, County of Alameda Rene C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

Plaintiff/Petitioner(s)

VS.

The Regents of the Universi

Defendant/Respondent(s)
(Abbreviated Title)

No. RG18902751

Dismissal

Date: 04/18/2019 Time: 09:00 AM Dept: 24

Judge: Noel Wise

Petition for Writ of Mandate (CEQA) dismissed by Court with Prejudice - Pursuant to Court Order.

Dated: 04/30/2019

Judge Noel Wise

HORT TITLE:	MBER:
Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods VS The Regents of the Universi	RG18902751

ADDITIONAL ADDRESSEES

Robinson, Charles F. University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607-5200

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	010-100
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Amrit S. Kulkarni (SBN 202786); Timothy D. Cremin (SBN 156725)	
Meyers Nave Riback Silver Wilson	
555 12 th Street, Ste. 1500	
Oakland, CA 94607	
TELEPHONE NO.: (510) 808-2000 FAX NO. (Optional): (510) 444-1108	ENDORSED
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): tcremin@meyersnave.com	FILED
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): The Regents of the University of California, et al.	ALAMEDA COUNTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
STREET ADDRESS: 1221 Oak Street	MAY 0 9 2019
MAILING ADDRESS:	
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Oakland, CA 94612	LERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
BRANCH NAME:	
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods	Anita Dhir
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: The Regents of the University of California, et al.	
NOTICE OF ENTRY OF JUDGMENT	CASE NUMBER:
OR ORDER	RG18902751
Section Property of the Section Sectio	
(Check one): UNLIMITED CASE LIMITED CASE	
(Amount demanded (Amount demanded was exceeded \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	
exceeded \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	
TO ALL PARTIES:	
1. A judgment, decree, or order was entered in this action on (date): April 30, 2019	
1. A judginority decree, or oracle was similar to the control of t	
A copy of the judgment, decree, or order is attached to this notice.	
Date: May 9, 2019	+NC.
1	My O hair
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(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF ATTORNEY PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY)	(SIGNATURE)

Document received by the CA 1st District Court

PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and **not a party to this action**. I am employed in the County of Alameda, State of California. My business address is 555 12th Street, Suite 1500, Oakland, CA 94607.

On May 9, 2019, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER RE ORDER SUSTAINING DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF** on the interested parties in this action as follows:

Thomas N. Lippe, Esq. Kelly Marie Perry, Esq. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Fl. San Francisco, CA 94105 Attorneys for Plaintiff SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS

Tel: (415) 777-5604
Fax: (415) 777-5606
Email: lippelaw@sonic.net
kmhperry@sonic.net

BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: Based on an agreement of the parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the document(s) to be sent from e-mail address mbender@meyersnave.com to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed in the Service List. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on May 9, 2019, at Oakland, California.

Melissa Bender

ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

APR 8 0 2019

CLERK OF THE SUVERIOR COURT
BY: // Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,

Plaintiff,

VS.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,

Defendants.

No. RG18-902751

ORDER SUSTAINING
DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO
THIRD AMENDED PETITION
FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND
COMPLAINT FOR
DECLARATORY RELIEF

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This entire action is DISMISSED, WITH PREJUDICE.

APR 3 0 2019	NOËL WISF	
Date	Noël Wise	
	Judge of the Superior Court	

Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL CCP 1013a(3)

CASE NAME:

Save Berkeley's Neigborhoods vs. The Regents of the UC

ACTION NO.:

RG18902751

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Robinson, Charles F.

University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor akland, CA 946075200 ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY APR 3 0 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR DODGES

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct

Executed on April 30, 2019 at Oakland, California.

Chad Finke Executive Officer/Clerk

by <u>Venus L. Wright</u> Deputy Clerk **Tab 065**

Charles F. Robinson (SBN: 113197) Alison Krumbein (SBN: 229728) alison.krumbein@ucop.edu THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Office of General Counsel 1111 Franklin St 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607 Telephone: (510) 987-0851 Facsimile: (510) 987-9757 Amrit S. Kulkarni (SBN: 202786) akulkarni@meyersnave.com Timothy D. Cremin (SBN: 156725) tcremin@meyersnave.com Edward Grutzmacher (SBN: 228649) egrutzmacher@meyersnave.com MEYERS, NAVE, RIBACK, SILVER & WILSON 555 12th Street, Suite 1500 Oakland, California 94607 10

12 Attorneys for The Regents of the University of California; Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University of California; Carol T. Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the

University of California, Berkeley

Telephone: (510) 808-2000 Facsimile: (510) 444-1108 FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

JUN 7 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
By Jenus J. Mi S

EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES GOV'T CODE § 6103

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation,

Petitioner and Plaintiff,

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THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO THE HON. FRANK ROESCH, DEPARTMENT 17

[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL OF ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF ACTION WITH PREJUDICE

Action Filed: Trial Date: April 27, 2018

te: April 27,

[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT DISMISSING THE CASE IN ITS ENTIRETY

-- [PROPOSED] JUDGMENT

Respondents The Regents of the University of California, Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University, and Carol T. Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University's (collectively, "Defendants") Demurrer to the Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate ("Demurrer") filed by Petitioner Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods ("Petitioner") came on regularly for further hearing on April 18, 2019 in Department 24 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Noel Wise presiding. Petitioner was represented by counsel Thomas Lippe, and Defendants were represented by counsel Timothy D. Cremin of Meyers Nave Riback Silver & Wilson.

The Court having read and considered the Demurrer, opposition, reply, supplemental briefs, and having heard argument of counsel, on April 30, 2019, the Court entered an Order Sustaining Defendants' Demurrer To Third Amended Petition For Writ Of Mandate and Complaint For Declaratory Relief Without Leave to Amend ("Court Order").

Pursuant to the Court Order, attached as Exhibit A, the Court entered a Dismissal of the Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief with Prejudice dated April 30, 2019 ("Dismissal"), attached as Exhibit B.

THEREFORE, PURSUANT TO THE COURT ORDER AND DISMISSAL,
JUDGMENT IS ENTERED DISMISSING THE ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF
ACTION WITH PREJUDICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: May <u>30</u>, 2019

HON NOEL WISE

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

3222711.1

EXHIBIT A

ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

APR 8 0 2019

CLERK OF THE SUVERIOR COVET

BY: LENGT Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,

Defendants.

No. RG18-902751

ORDER SUSTAINING
DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO
THIRD AMENDED PETITION
FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND
COMPLAINT FOR
DECLARATORY RELIEF

The Demurrer by Defendants and Respondents The Regents of the University of California, et al. ("the Regents") to the Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief came on regularly for hearing on April 18, 2019 in Department 24 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Noel Wise presiding. The Court has considered all of the papers filed in connection with the Demurrer and the arguments of counsel, and, good cause appearing, hereby ORDERS that the Regents' Demurrer is SUSTAINED, WITHOUT LEAVE TO AMEND.

In this action, Plaintiff challenges a Final Environmental Impact Report prepared in 2005 ("the 2005 EIR") for the Regents' Long Range Development

Plan for the University of California at Berkeley ("the LDRP"), also adopted in 2005. The LDRP and 2005 EIR, *inter alia*, projected an increase of 1,650 in student enrollment by 2020. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 3-5; see also Plaintiff's opposition brief at page 1.) Plaintiff alleges that beginning in about 2007, the Regents made "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase enrollment at UC Berkeley beyond the projected 1,650 additional students. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 6-7.) Plaintiff contends that it only learned about these "informal, discretionary decisions" on October 30, 2017, when the Regents responded to a request regarding enrollment information from the City of Berkeley. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 9-11.) This action was filed on April 27, 2018.

To the extent that the Third Amended Petition challenges the adequacy of the 2005 EIR or the LDRP adopted also in 2005, it is barred by the 180 day statute of limitations of Public Resources Code (PRC) § 21167(a). Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiff's opposition brief at pages 3-4.)

The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See PRC § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be

considered in the environmental impact report prepared for the long range development plan (see PRC § 21080.09(b)), but any discrepancies between the estimated changes in enrollment levels and the actual enrollment levels in subsequent years are not themselves project or program changes that require subsequent CEQ review. The Regents' 2005 analysis of the estimated projections of enrollment changes by 2020, as set forth in the 2005 EIR and the LDRP, satisfied the Regents' obligations to consider the environmental impact of those enrollment plans. (See § 21080.09(d).) The time for Plaintiff to challenge the adequacy of the 2005 EIR and LDRP expired 180 days after their approval. (See § 21167(a).)

In addition to the First Cause of Action for Violation of CEQA, Plaintiff alleges a Second Cause of Action for Declaratory Relief, seeking a declaration that the Regents' actions violate CEQA. The Second Cause of Action is therefore entirely duplicative of the First Cause of Action and fails for the same reason. Plaintiff contends that its declaratory relief claim is not duplicative of its mandamus claim because it challenges a policy rather than a specific administrative decision, and because it is prospective in effect. However, in light of the Court's determination that the increased enrollment at UC Berkeley is neither a project nor a project change that required CEQA review, Plaintiff's challenge to the Regent's alleged policy of prospectively increasing admissions beyond the estimated projections in the LDRP as a violation of CEQA fails.

At the hearing on April 18, Plaintiff's counsel indicated that, even if given leave to amend, he would allege essentially the same claims contained in the Third Amended Petition. The Court therefore determines that further leave to amend would be futile.

The Court did not consider the declaration of Phillip Bokovoy submitted with Plaintiff's opposition papers. As the Court already advised counsel in its November 15, 2018 order on the Regents' prior demurrer, in ruling on a demurrer, the Court considers only the allegations in the challenged pleading and facts of which the Court can take judicial notice, not extrinsic evidence.

This entire action is DISMISSED, WITH PREJUDICE.

APR 3 0 2019		noël wisf	
Date	-	Noël Wise	
•	Judge of the Superior Court		

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL CCP 1013a(3)

CASE NAME:

Save Berkeley's Neigborhoods vs. The Regents of the UC

ACTION NO.:

RG18902751

I certify that, I am not a party to the within action. I served the foregoing ORDER SUSTAINING DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF by depositing a true copy thereof in the United States mail in Oakland, California in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid thereon addressed to:

Lippe, Thomas N. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Cremin, Timothy D.
Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson
555 12th Street
Suite 1500
Oakland, CA 94607

Robinson, Charles F.

University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Jakland, CA 946075200 ENDORSED
FILED
ALAMEDA COUNTY
APR 3 0 2019

BY: - JOHN SERVE BOOK

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct

Executed on April 30, 2019 at Oakland, California.

Chad Finke Executive Officer/Clerk

by <u>Venus L. Wright</u> Deputy Clerk

		APP-002
2000	TE BAR NO.: 104640	FOR COURT USE ONLY
NAME: Thomas N. Lippe		
FIRM NAME: Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC		
STREET ADDRESS: 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor	OA 04405	DWOODGED
CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	STATE: CA ZIP CODE: 94105 XX NO.: 415-777-5606	ENDORSED
E-MAIL ADDRESS: Lippelaw@sonic.net	K NO.: 415-777-5000	FILED
ATTORNEY FOR (name): Plaintiffs; Berkeley Hills Watershe	d Coalition at al	ALAMEDA COUNTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALA		JUN 1 3 2019
STREET ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon Street	WEDA	CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COUR
MAILING ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon Street		
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Oakland, California 94612		By SAN SENG Deputy
BRANCH NAME: Rene C. Davidson Courthouse		
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Save Berkeley's Neighb	orhoods	
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: The Regents of the Univ	ersity of CA, et al.	
× NOTICE OF APPEAL	CROSS-APPEAL	CASE NUMBER:
(UNLIMITED CIVIL		RG18902751
`	*	4
A copy of this form must also be served or applicable Judicial Council form (such as has been completed and a copy served, the	APP-009 or APP-009E) for the	proof of service. When this document
1. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that (name): Save	Berkeley's Neighborhoods	ırt
appeals from the following judgment or order in the		a): April 30, 2019, and June 7, 2019
Judgment after jury trial	ine sace, which was entered on (date	O
		ct
x Judgment after court trial		Ξ.
Default judgment		113.
Judgment after an order granting a summar	5905X VI59	Ω
Judgment of dismissal under Code of Civil I	Procedure, §§ 581d, 583.250, 583.3	60, or 583.430
Judgment of dismissal after an order sustai	ning a demurrer	
An order after judgment under Code of Civi	Procedure, § 904.1(a)(2)	A_{ij}
An order or judgment under Code of Civil P	rocedure, § 904.1(a)(3)–(13)	O
x Other (describe and specify code section the		. Pe
April 30, 2019, Order dismissing Petition for	Writ of Mandate	× + +
		70,
2. For cross-appeals only:		pç
a. Date notice of appeal was filed in original app	eal:	*
b. Date superior court clerk mailed notice of orig		.e.
c. Court of Appeal case number (if known):		99.
Section (Figure 2)		Socument received by the
Date: June 13, 2019		len
		<u> </u>
		ca
Thomas N. Lippe	- Im	Line 0
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	707	(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY)

Page 1 of 1

Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC Attn: Lippe, Thomas N. 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson Attn: Cremin, Timothy D. 555 12th Street Suite 1500 Oakland, CA 94607

Superior Court of California, County of Alameda Rene C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods

Plaintiff/Petitioner(s)

VS.

The Regents of the Universi

Defendant/Respondent(s) (Abbreviated Title)

No. RG18902751

Dismissal

Date: 04/18/2019 Time: 09:00 AM

Dept: 24

Judge: Noel Wise

Petition for Writ of Mandate (CEQA) dismissed by Court with Prejudice - Pursuant to Court Order.

Dated: 04/30/2019

Judge Noel Wise

SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods VS The Regents of the Universi	RG18902751

ADDITIONAL ADDRESSEES

Robinson, Charles F.
University of California
1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor
Oakland, CA 94607-5200

Charles F. Robinson (SBN: 113197) Alison Krumbein (SBN: 229728) alison.krumbein@ucop.edu THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Office of General Counsel 1111 Franklin St 8th Floor Oakland, CA 94607 Telephone: (510) 987-0851 Facsimile: (510) 987-9757 Amrit S. Kulkarni (SBN: 202786) akulkarni@meyersnave.com Timothy D. Cremin (SBN: 156725) tcremin@meyersnave.com 8 Edward Grutzmacher (SBN: 228649) egrutzmacher@meyersnave.com MEYERS, NAVE, RIBACK, SILVER & WILSON 555 12th Street, Suite 1500 Oakland, California 94607 10 Telephone: (510) 808-2000 || Facsimile: (510) 444-1108 11 12 | Attorneys for The Regents of the University of California: Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as 13 | President of the University of California; Carol T. Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley

ALAMEDA COUNTY

JUN **7** 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES GOV'T CODE § 6103

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation,

Petitioner and Plaintiff.

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THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1 through 20,

Respondents and Defendants.

Case No. RG18902751

ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO THE HON. FRANK ROESCH, DEPARTMENT 17

IPROPOSEDI JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL OF ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF ACTION WITH PREJUDICE

Action Filed: Trial Date:

April 27, 2018

None Set

[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT DISMISSING THE CASE IN ITS ENTIRETY

-- [PROPOSED] JUDGMENT

Respondents The Regents of the University of California, Janet Napolitano, in her capacity as President of the University, and Carol T. Christ, in her capacity as Chancellor of the University's (collectively, "Defendants") Demurrer to the Third Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate ("Demurrer") filed by Petitioner Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods ("Petitioner") came on regularly for further hearing on April 18, 2019 in Department 24 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Noel Wise presiding. Petitioner was represented by counsel Thomas Lippe, and Defendants were represented by counsel Timothy D. Cremin of Meyers Nave Riback Silver & Wilson.

The Court having read and considered the Demurrer, opposition, reply, supplemental briefs, and having heard argument of counsel, on April 30, 2019, the Court entered an Order Sustaining Defendants' Demurrer To Third Amended Petition For Writ Of Mandate and Complaint For Declaratory Relief Without Leave to Amend ("Court Order").

Pursuant to the Court Order, attached as Exhibit A, the Court entered a Dismissal of the Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory Relief with Prejudice dated April 30, 2019 ("Dismissal"), attached as Exhibit B.

THEREFORE, PURSUANT TO THE COURT ORDER AND DISMISSAL,
JUDGMENT IS ENTERED DISMISSING THE ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF
ACTION WITH PREJUDICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: May <u>30</u>, 2019

HON NOEL V

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

26 3222711.1

[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT DISMISSING THE CASE IN ITS ENTIRETY

EXHIBIT A

ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

APR 8 0 2019

CLERK OF THE SUVERIOR COVET

BY: LENGT Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,

Defendants.

No. RG18-902751

ORDER SUSTAINING
DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO
THIRD AMENDED PETITION
FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND
COMPLAINT FOR
DECLARATORY RELIEF

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In this action, Plaintiff challenges a Final Environmental Impact Report prepared in 2005 ("the 2005 EIR") for the Regents' Long Range Development

Plan for the University of California at Berkeley ("the LDRP"), also adopted in 2005. The LDRP and 2005 EIR, *inter alia*, projected an increase of 1,650 in student enrollment by 2020. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 3-5; see also Plaintiff's opposition brief at page 1.) Plaintiff alleges that beginning in about 2007, the Regents made "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase enrollment at UC Berkeley beyond the projected 1,650 additional students. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 6-7.) Plaintiff contends that it only learned about these "informal, discretionary decisions" on October 30, 2017, when the Regents responded to a request regarding enrollment information from the City of Berkeley. (See Third Amended Petition, paragraphs 9-11.) This action was filed on April 27, 2018.

To the extent that the Third Amended Petition challenges the adequacy of the 2005 EIR or the LDRP adopted also in 2005, it is barred by the 180 day statute of limitations of Public Resources Code (PRC) § 21167(a). Plaintiff, however, contends that the Regents' "informal, discretionary decisions" to increase student enrollment beyond that anticipated in the LDRP constituted "project changes" that required CEQA review. (See Plaintiff's opposition brief at pages 3-4.)

The Court rejects this argument. The LDRP, as statutorily defined, is not a student enrollment plan. Rather, it is "a physical development and land use plan" for a campus of public higher education. (See PRC § 21080.09(a)(2).) Environmental effects relating to projected changes in enrollment levels are to be

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In addition to the First Cause of Action for Violation of CEQA, Plaintiff alleges a Second Cause of Action for Declaratory Relief, seeking a declaration that the Regents' actions violate CEQA. The Second Cause of Action is therefore entirely duplicative of the First Cause of Action and fails for the same reason. Plaintiff contends that its declaratory relief claim is not duplicative of its mandamus claim because it challenges a policy rather than a specific administrative decision, and because it is prospective in effect. However, in light of the Court's determination that the increased enrollment at UC Berkeley is neither a project nor a project change that required CEQA review, Plaintiff's challenge to the Regent's alleged policy of prospectively increasing admissions beyond the estimated projections in the LDRP as a violation of CEQA fails.

At the hearing on April 18, Plaintiff's counsel indicated that, even if given leave to amend, he would allege essentially the same claims contained in the Third Amended Petition. The Court therefore determines that further leave to amend would be futile.

The Court did not consider the declaration of Phillip Bokovoy submitted with Plaintiff's opposition papers. As the Court already advised counsel in its November 15, 2018 order on the Regents' prior demurrer, in ruling on a demurrer, the Court considers only the allegations in the challenged pleading and facts of which the Court can take judicial notice, not extrinsic evidence.

This entire action is DISMISSED, WITH PREJUDICE.

APR 3 0 2019	noël wisf
Date	Noël Wise
•	Judge of the Superior Court

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL CCP 1013a(3)

CASE NAME:

Save Berkeley's Neigborhoods vs. The Regents of the UC

ACTION NO.:

RG18902751

I certify that, I am not a party to the within action. I served the foregoing ORDER SUSTAINING DEFENDANTS' DEMURRER TO THIRD AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF by depositing a true copy thereof in the United States mail in Oakland, California in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid thereon addressed to:

Lippe, Thomas N. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Cremin, Timothy D.
Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson
555 12th Street
Suite 1500
Oakland, CA 94607

Robinson, Charles F.

University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Jakland, CA 946075200 ENDORSED
FILED
ALAMEDA COUNTY
APR 3 0 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERING TO BUSH

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct

Executed on April 30, 2019 at Oakland, California.

Chad Finke Executive Officer/Clerk

by <u>Venus L. Wright</u> Deputy Clerk



CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL CCP 1013a(3)

CASE NAME:

Save Berkeley's Neigborhoods vs. The Regents of the UC

ACTION NO.:

RG18902751

I certify that, I am not a party to the within action. I served the foregoing JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL OF ENTIRE CASE AND ALL CAUSES OF ACTION WITH PREJUDICE by depositing a true copy thereof in the United States mail in Oakland, California in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid thereon addressed to:

Lippe, Thomas N. Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Cremin, Timothy D. Meyers, Nave, Riback, Silver & Wilson 555 12th Street Suite 1500 Oakland, CA 94607

Robinson, Charles F.

University of California 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor Oakland, CA 946075200 ALAMEDA COUNTY

JUN 7 2019

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct.

Executed on June 7, 2019 at Oakland, California.

Chad Finke Executive Officer/Clerk

by <u>Venus L. Wright</u> Deputy Clerk

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94106 Tel: 415-777-5604 Fax: 415-7775606

1 **SERVICE LIST** 2 3 Office of General Counsel Anagha Dandekar Clifford, Senior Counsel 1111 Franklin Street, 8th Floor 5 Oakland, CA 94607 Email: Anagha Clifford (Anagha.Clifford@ucop.edu) 7 Meyers Nave Riback Silver & Wilson 555 12th Street, Suite 1500 Oakland, California 94607 Email: Tim Cremin (tcremin@meyersnave.com) 10 Email: Melissa Bender (mbender@meyersnave.com) 11 12 Meyers Nave Riback Silver & Wilson 13 707 Wilshire Boulevard, 24th Floor Los Angeles, California 90017 14 Email: Amrit Kulkarni (amrit@meyersnave.com) 15 16 T:\TL\UC Enroll\Appeal\Notice of Appeal\A002 POS Notice of Appeal 061319.wpd 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe 201 Mission St. 12th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Tel: 415-777-5804 Fax: 415-7775808

	APP-003
ATTORNEY (name, State Bar number, and address): STATE BAR NO.: 104,640	
NAME: Thomas N. Lippe	
FIRM NAME: Law Offices of Thomas N. Lippe, APC STREET ADDRESS: 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor	ENDORSED
CITY: San Francisco STATE: CA ZIP CODE: 94105	FILED
TELEPHONE NO.: 415-777-5604 FAX NO. (if available): 415-777-5606	ALAMEDA COUNTY
E-MAIL ADDRESS (if available): Lippelaw@sonic.net	WW. o. d. 0040
ATTORNEY FOR (name): Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods	JUN 2 1 2019
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Alameda	CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
STREET ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon Street	By Jutice
MAILING ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon Street	Deputy
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Oakland, CA 94612 BRANCH NAME: Rene C. Davidson Courthouse	
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods	*
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: The Regents of the University of CA, et al.	
APPELLANT'S NOTICE DESIGNATING RECORD ON APPEAL (UNLIMITED CIVIL CASE)	SUPERIOR COURT CASE NUMBER: RG18902751
RE: Appeal filed on (date): June 12, 2019	COURT OF APPEAL CASE NUMBER (if known):
Notice: Please read form APP-001 before completing this form. This form m	nust be filed in the superior court,
not in the Court of Appeal.	ppeal
RECORD OF THE DOCUMENTS FILED IN THE SUPERIOR COURT	dd
I elect to use the following method of providing the Court of Appeal with a record of the	documents filed in the superior court (check
a, b, c, d, or e and fill in any required information):	Jo
a. A clerk's transcript under rule 8.122. (You must check (1) or (2) and fill out the	
 A clerk's transcript under rule 8.122. (You must check (1) or (2) and fill out th form.) 	, , , , m
(1) I will pay the superior court clerk for this transcript myself when I receive	
transcript. I understand that if I do not pay for this transcript, it will not I Appeal.	
	as Learnet afford to pay this east. I have
(2) I request that the clerk's transcript be provided to me at no cost becau submitted the following document with this notice designating the reco	
(a) An order granting a waiver of court fees and costs under rule 3.	50 et seq.; or
(b) An application for a waiver of court fees and costs under rule 3.	50 et seq. (<i>Use</i> Request to Waive Court
Fees (form FW-001) to prepare and file this application.)	C ⁷
 b. x An appendix under rule 8.124. c. The original superior court file under rule 8.128. (NOTE: Local rules in the Confidence of Appellate Districts, permit parties to stipulate to use the original superior court select this patient if your appeal is in one of these districts and all the parties. 	h
c. The original superior court file under rule 8.128. (NOTE: Local rules in the Co	ourt of Appeal, First, Third, Fourth, and Fifth
Appellate Districts, permit parties to stipulate to use the original superior coun select this option if your appeal is in one of these districts and all the parties	rt file instead of a clerk's transcript; you may
court file instead of a clerk's transcript in this case. Attach a copy of this stipu	nave supulated to use the original superior
	>
d. An agreed statement under rule 8.134. (You must complete item 2b(2) below of all the documents that are required to be included in the clerk's transcript.	vand attach to your agreed statement copies These documents are listed in rule 8.134(a)
e. A settled statement under rule 8.137. (You must complete item 2b(3) below a appeal copies of all the documents that are required to be included in the cle	and attach to your proposed statement on
rule 8.137(b)(3).)	The transcript. These documents are listed in
2. RECORD OF ORAL PROCEEDINGS IN THE SUPERIOR COURT	Docum
I elect to proceed:	\tilde{D}
a. WITHOUT a record of the oral proceedings in the superior court. I understan	d that without a record of the oral
proceedings in the superior court, the Court of Appeal will not be able to con in determining whether an error was made in the superior court proceedings	sider what was said during those proceedings
	Page 1 of 4

-	CASE	NAME			ley's Neighborhoods	SUPERIOR CO RG189027	URT CASE NUMBER:	
L				0.56	nts of the University of CA, et al	KG18902		
2.	b.	(4)			ollowing record of the oral proceedings in the superior court:			
		(1)	X		orter's transcript under rule 8.130. (You must fill out the reporter's (check all that apply):	transcript :	section on page 3 of this form.)
			(a)	X	Deposited the approximate cost of transcribing the designated p rule 8.130(b)(1).	roceedings	with this notice as provided in	
			(b)		Attached a copy of a Transcript Reimbursement Fund application	n filed unde	r rule 8.130(c)(1).	
			(c)		Attached the reporter's written waiver of a deposit for (check eith	er (i) or (ii))	:	
				(i)	all of the designated proceedings.			
				(ii)	part of the designated proceedings.			
			(d)	X	Attached a certified transcript under rule 8.130(b)(3)(C).			
		(2)		An aç	reed statement. (Check and complete either (a) or (b) below.)			
			(a)		I have attached an agreed statement to this notice.	æ		
			(b)		All the parties have agreed in writing (stipulated) to try to agree of this stipulation to this notice.) I understand that, within 40 days at either the agreed statement or a notice indicating the parties were notice designating the record on appeal. Ited statement under rule 8.137. (You must attach the motion required statement under rule 8.137.) DMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING TO BE TRANSMITTED to clerk transmit to the reviewing court under rule 8.123 the record			
		(3)		A set	tled statement under rule 8.137. (You must attach the motion requ	iired under	rule 8.137(a) to this form.)	bb
3.	RE	COR	D OF	AN A	DMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING TO BE TRANSMITTED	TO THE R	EVIEWING COURT	$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{A}}$
] I re	equest	that th	e clerk transmit to the reviewing court under rule 8.123 the record	of the follo	wing administrative proceedin	F 0.
		tha	t was	admitt	e clerk transmit to the reviewing court under rule 8.123 the record ed into evidence, refused, or lodged in the superior court <i>(give the</i>	title and da	ate or dates of the administrati	
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					Title of Administrative Proceeding		Date or Dates	ict
					Title of Administrative Proceeding		Date or Dates	strict
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					Title of Administrative Proceeding		Date or Dates	st District
		540			Title of Administrative Proceeding		Date or Dates	A 1st District
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4.					TING CLERK'S TRANSCRIPT			the CA 1st District
4.	(Yo	ou mus	st com	plete ti				the CA 1st District
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			APP-00:
CAS	SE NAME	Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods v The Regents of the University of CA, et al	SUPERIOR COURT CASE NUMBER: RG18902751
4.	NOTICE	DESIGNATING CLERK'S TRANSCRIPT	
ŀ	o. Addi abov	tional documents. (If you want any documents from the superior court procee to be included in the clerk's transcript, you must identify those documents he	ding in addition to the items listed in 4a. re.)
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		of the exhibit. Indicate whether or not the court admitted the exhibit into evider	#1 or Defendant's A, and a brief description
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	(2)		tric
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	(2)	x My copy of the reporter's transcript in computer-readable format.	üm
	(3)	My copy of the reporter's transcript in paper format and a second copy in	n computer-readable format.

(Code Civ. Proc., § 271; Cal. Rules of Court, rule 8.130(f)(4).)

	AFF-003
CASE NAME:Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods v The Regents of the University of CA, et al	SUPERIOR COURT CASE NUMBER: RG18902751

5. b. Proceedings

I request that the following proceedings in the superior court be included in the reporter's transcript. (You must identify each proceeding you want included by its date, the department in which it took place, a description of the proceedings—for example, the examination of jurors, motions before trial, the taking of testimony, or the giving of jury instructions—the name of the court reporter who recorded the proceedings, and whether a certified transcript of the designated proceeding was previously prepared.)

Date	Depart	ment Full/Partial	I Day Description	Reporter's Name	Pr	ev. p	repa
(1) 11/15/18	24	Partial	Court Trial	Carol Haraburda	x	Yes	
(2)12/06/18	24	Partial	Court Trial	Raquel Giana Sharp	x	Yes	
(3)01/24/19	24	Partial	Court Trial	Nancy E. Presant	x	Yes	
(4)04/18/19	24	Partial	Court Trial	Sheila Pram	x	Yes	
(5)						Yes	
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(7)						Yes	
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APP-003 [Rev. January 1, 2016]

1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
3	1221 OAK STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612
4	BEFORE THE HONORABLE FRANK ROESCH, JUDGE
5	DEPARTMENT NO. 24 CERTIFIED
6	oo TRANSCRIPT
7	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public benefit
8	corporation,
9	Petitioner and Plaintiff,
10	vs. CASE NO. RG18-902751
11	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO, in her
12	capacity as President of the University of California; CAROL T. CHRIST, in her
13	capacity as Chancellor of the University of California, Berkeley; and DOES 1
14	through 20,
15	Respondents and Defendants.
16	
17	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
18	THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2018
19	REPORTED BY: CAROL HARABURDA, RPR, CSR NO. 8052
20	Court Certified Realtime Reporter No. 103480
21	
22	000
23	AIKEN WELCH COURT REPORTERS One Kaiser Plaza, Suite 250
24	Oakland, California 94612 510-451-1580/877-451-1580
25	Fax: 510-451-3797 www.aikenwelch.com

5	
1	APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL:
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6	Tippelawe Soule. Hee
7	FOR THE DEFENDANTS:
8	MEYERS NAVE RIBACK SILVER & WILSON BY: TIMOTHY CREMIN, Attorney at Law
9	555 12th Street, Suite 1500 Oakland, California 94607
10	510.808.2000 - 800.464.3559 tcremin@meyersnave.com
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1	THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2018 - 3:45 P.M.
2	00
3	
4	PROCEEDINGS
5	(Other court matters heard.)
6	00
7	(Proceedings commenced at approximately 3:50
8	p.m.)
9	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
LO	MR. LIPPE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Tom
L1	Lippe for Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods.
L2	MR. CREMIN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Tim
L3	Cremin on behalf of all the respondents, the Regents of
L4	the University of California, President Napolitano of the
L5	University of California, and Chancellor Carol Christ of
L6	the University of California, Berkeley.
L7	THE COURT: All right. Please, have a seat.
L8	I issued the tentative ruling, and you asked to
L9	make argument, Mr. Lippe?
20	MR. LIPPE: Yes, Your Honor. I have a limited
21	purpose here. I appreciate the amendments that the Court
22	has granted leave to make, and the plaintiff will make
23	those amendments in another complaint or petition.
24	But there was one amendment, in particular, that
25	I had requested leave to make in the opposition brief that

was not addressed in the tentative, and that was that the plaintiff did not know or could not reasonably have known of the changes in the project, meaning the increases in enrollment above the increases that were disclosed in the 2005 EIR. I was concerned that --

THE COURT: I had not intended in my tentative ruling to limit what you could put into your petition, rather I was trying to provide some guidance about what was missing that can bring you within the CEQA umbrella.

MR. LIPPE: I appreciate that clarification, Your Honor. With that said, I have nothing further to add, unless Mr. Cremin has comments that I would respond to.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Cremin, do you have any comments that you'd like to respond to?

MR. CREMIN: No, Your Honor. We would just like to point out that we agree with the Court's tentative, and, also, that this will be the fourth time that he has been able to plead -- or try to plead his case, and we think that the fatal flaw really is what the Court's identified as --

THE COURT: This was the second amended complaint.

MR. CREMIN: Right.

THE COURT: But nobody had previously gone through a whole demurrer.

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1
              MR. CREMIN:
                           Correct.
2
              THE COURT: You had meet-and-confer sessions,
3
    perhaps.
4
              MR. CREMIN:
                           Correct. We just would like to
    point out that we think that the failure to allege a
5
6
    project under the CEQA definition is the fatal flaw in the
7
     complaint, and that there has been -- that the failure to
8
    plead facts relating to a CEQA project is the fatal flaw
9
     in the complaint.
10
              THE COURT: Well, you can't have a CEQA case
11
    without a discretionary determination in the project.
12
     That's pretty clear. If anybody knows that, Mr. Lippe
13
     does.
            Mr. Lippe, good luck.
14
                          Thank you, Your Honor.
              MR. LIPPE:
15
              THE COURT:
                         I'll send out the tentative ruling.
16
              MR. CREMIN:
                           Thank you, Your Honor.
17
              (Proceedings concluded at approximately 3:55
18
    p.m.)
19
                              ---000---
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-	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION
2	00
3	
4	I, CAROL HARABURDA, do hereby certify that I am a
5	certified shorthand reporter of the State of California
6	and duly appointed shorthand reporter.
7	That the foregoing pages are a full, true, and
8	correct transcript of my shorthand notes taken in the
9	above-mentioned matter.
LO	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my
L1	name this 24th day of NOVEMBER 2018.
12	
13	
14	(and Warahurda
15	(was 2
16	CAROL HARABURDA, RPR, CSR NO. 8052 Certified Shorthand Reporter
17	Court Certified Realtime Reporter State of California
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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
1
2
              IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
3
      THE HONORABLE FRANK ROESCH, JUDGE, PRESIDING
 4
                       DEPARTMENT 24
                                         CERTIFIED COPY
5
                         ---000---
6
      SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,
      a California nonprofit public
8
      benefit corporation,
9
                     Plaintiff,
10
                                        NO. RG18902751
      VS.
11
12
      THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY
13
      OF CALIFORNIA; JANET NAPOLITANO,
14
      in her capacity as President of
15
      the University of California;
16
      CAROL T. CHRIST, in her capacity
17
      as Chancellor of the University
      of California, Berkeley;
18
19
      and DOES 1 through 20,
20
                     Defendants.
21
22
           REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
23
                THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 2018
24
              Courthouse, Oakland, California
25
26
              (Appearances on the next page.)
27
28
      RAQUEL GIANA SHARP, RPR, CSR #10619
```

Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

1	APPEARANCES
2	FOR THE PLAINTIFF: THOMAS N. LIPPE, ESQ.
3	Law Offices of Thomas Lippe
4	201 Mission Street, 12th Flr.
5	San Francisco, CA 94105
6	
7	FOR THE DEFENDANT: TIMOTHY CREMIN, ESQ.
8	Meyers Nave
9	555 12th Street, Suite 1500
10	Oakland, CA 94607
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 2018 4:00 P.M.
3	000
4	
5	THE COURT: Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods
6	versus the Regents.
7	All right. If I could ask counsel to
8	state their appearances.
9	MR. LIPPE: Tom Lippe for plaintiffs,
10	Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods.
11	Good afternoon.
12	MR. CREMIN: Good afternoon, your Honor.
13	Tim Cremin for respondents, the Regents
14	of the University of California; Janet
15	Napolitano, president of the University of
16	California; and Carol Christ, Chancellor of the
17	University of California, Berkeley.
18	THE COURT: Okay. I had a great deal of
19	difficulty trying to figure out what to do with
20	this motion.
21	My biggest difficulty was that I am
22	entirely uncertain as we sit here today what
23	plaintiffs case is.
24	The documents that are sought all seem to
25	be related to the 2005 development plan. The
26	CEQA case by definition is not a challenge of the
27	2005 development plan because the time for filing
28	that is long gone.

There's a third amended complaint that I read, and I couldn't tell from reading the complaint what exactly the issue that was underpinning the CEQA claim.

Let me tell you what I saw as three possible alternatives that could possibly have been intended, even though I'm not sure.

The first one was that the 2005 LRDP had a development goal of increasing student enrollment to a certain level, and the University not only achieved that goal but actually increased the enrollment past what had been estimated in the EIR underpinning that.

That is, if you will, to draw an analogy, that the long-range development plan said, "We're going to build a building with 10,000 square feet for a library," and then without any further EIR or approval or anything else, built a library that had 50,000 square feet; that is, they exceeded what they intended to do according to what was studied under the EIR.

And of course, if that's what it is, then there is some law on how you evaluate a Statute of Limitations and how you determine what you are going to do on it.

The second possibility is that the 2005 long-range development plan stated a baseline and within that baseline included an anticipated

enrollment increase to a certain level, and that, as time went on, the University ignored that baseline plus projection and permitted a level of enrollment that exceeded that.

And I'm not sure as I sit here today whether that is a violation of CEQA or not. It all would have to do with whether or not it's a baseline or it's a part of the development.

And then there's the third option, which is that the 2005 long-range development plan has nothing to do with it, and that what we have is the University making a determination at some point that enrollment is going to go up by X numbers of students.

And this lawsuit was filed within 180 days of that determination. No specific determination can be found in the third amended complaint that supports that kind of a theory.

But if that is what the case is all about, then the request for documents that go back to 2005 are -- the objection that's found on every one of them that it's overbroad and non-related, not related and not likely to lead to the discovery of any kind of evidence that could in the remotest way come in under Western States Petroleum, it is a totally valid objection.

Anyway, with that sort of a backdrop, you

1	gan argue your gage Mr. Linne
	can argue your case, Mr. Lippe.
2	MR. LIPPE: Thank you, your Honor.
3	It's helpful to have the Judge's
4	thoughts, so that I can focus my comments.
5	I think we can set the second one aside,
6	the baseline. Baseline is the environmental
7	setting concept. And in my mind, I think it's
8	clear that the anticipated increase of 1,650
9	students that was disclosed in the 2005 LRDP and
10	the 2005 EIR was part of the project.
11	And it has to be part of the project
12	because Public Resources Code Section 21080.09
13	says that the University of California is
14	required to make its enrollment plans part of its
15	long-range development planning process.
16	So the 2020 LRDP was required to say what
17	the enrollment plans are and it did. And so part
18	of that project, which is a program much larger
19	than one specific building that's going to be
20	built or one specific year of enrollment, it's a
21	20-year program, and that CEQA project did
22	include
23	THE COURT: I thought it was a 15-year
24	program.
25	MR. LIPPE: 15.
26	Thank you, your Honor. I was confused by
27	the 2020. I was getting my numbers mixed up.
28	But that program, which is a CEQA
	Date that program, which is a chen

project, included as a component of its project description an increase of 1,650 students.

So that's -- I don't think the baseline is part of it. I think we can set number two aside.

Going back to number one, I think the third amended complaint clearly states that the 2020 LRDP is the CEQA project. That is the linchpin of the case because it has an EIR that did include a disclosure of the increase of 1650 students.

And then what happened after that was an informal decision or decisions, and we don't know which it is because we don't have the documents laying out the decision making history to exceed the 1650 students. And at this point, that number is up to about 8,000 or more.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask you a question.

If the case were about building a library that's five times bigger than what was in the -- that was evaluated in the EIR and was part of the development plan, what is your remedy?

MR. LIPPE: The remedy is a CEQA document that evaluates the environmental impact of the larger building. It's the same remedy.

THE COURT: No. We're talking about after the building was built.

1	It's sort of like what happened in
2	Emeryville when they said, "We're going to build.
3	We're going to do some fill-out here, and it's
4	going to be three acres." And the city of
5	Emeryville said, "No. It's going to be one
6	acre." Maybe it was one acre or five acres. I
7	don't know the size. And then they said, "Okay.
8	Okay. We'll only do one acre."
9	But then when they actually did it, they
10	went back to the original plan and did the whole
11	thing. It's all still there of course.
12	But that's what we're talking about here.
13	We're talking about a plan that says X, and they
14	didn't do X, they did Y.
15	When you discovered that they did Y which
16	exceeded X, what are your remedies there? Do you
17	ask them to tear it down?
18	MR. LIPPE: Well, I think that the
19	Court's really getting at the question of
20	whether the case is moot. And a CEQA case
21	THE COURT: Oh, no. I'm not getting at
22	whether it's moot or not.
23	It's more of what sort of discovery could
24	you possibly do to that's going to fall within
25	Western States Petroleum.
26	MR. LIPPE: Well, for a CEQA case we've
27	identified the project. We've identified the
28	changes in the project.

So it's like concerns there of Costa Mesa where the amphitheater was planned and disclosed to be facing in one direction and they actually built it facing a different direction without any public notice or formal decision.

2.5

And the Supreme Court said on the Statute of Limitations question, you have a time period from when you knew or reasonably should have known about the change in the direction of the --

THE COURT: It's a 180-day notice.

MR. LIPPE: -- so bring your lawsuit.

And so that's on the statute question.

But in terms of the remedy, we're kind of at the very A, B, C's of the case where we have to get the record prepared so that we have an evidentiary basis on which to prove that there was a CEQA violation, which is the failure to evaluate the increase of enrollment above the 1650.

THE COURT: So it's not the fact that they built it. It's the fact that they made a decision to increase the enrollment and didn't put that out for supplemental EIR or whatever the proper venue would be.

MR. LIPPE: That's correct.

THE COURT: So you have to figure out when did they make that decision and when did you become aware or when was the public

available to become aware of the increase in enrollment. And then you've got -- from that date forward, you've got 180 days to file the lawsuit.

2.0

MR. LIPPE: Correct. And my clients know when they found out --

THE COURT: All right. But the time -MR. LIPPE: -- but they don't know when
the Regents made their decisions because we
don't have the documents of that history because
they were not formal decisions, there was not
public notice.

And the discovery is intended to fill in that evidentiary gap so that we can make our case that you made decisions without invoking CEQA, without applying CEQA, which they clearly did.

If there were a CEQA document, we would see it, we would have it. We've looked at their web page that has all their CEQA documents since the 2020 LRDP was approved in 2005, and there isn't one for these increases.

And those increases continue to have environmental impacts on the community, and the Regents should be held to account by way of at least a lawsuit that is based on their documentary records of their decision making and then applying CEQA to that.

Were they required to do a CEQA document?

We think they were. But we don't think we have much chance of proving all of the components that need to be proved without having their documentary record, which in a CEQA case that's really the first thing you do. After you file your petition, you start preparing the records, somebody does. And my clients elected to prepare that. We asked for the documents to do that.

I don't think we're at the point of, do we look for the documents outside a record, because we don't know what the record is.

If once we have the record, which is the record of these informal, non-noticed decisions to increase enrollment, then we'll know whether we need to go beyond that. Because the decisions were informal, we might be able to add extra evidence to the evidence before the Court.

But we're not there yet. Right now we're at the very first step, which is to get a record together so that we know how to litigate this case.

But that was the first of the Court's options that I was talking about, which is the 2005 decision is the project. It was changed in a way -- the Court's analogy is a bigger library. The facts here are more students.

The third possibility that the Court referenced was the 2005 decision is kind of

obsolete and out of the picture because there was a new decision made.

And the reason I don't think that's correct is because when you look at the language in concerned citizens of Costa Mesa, it talks about what the claim is, and the claim is this failure to do CEQA review of the change in the project.

And this project is still ongoing. The one that's approved in 2005, the LRDP, is still in play.

THE COURT: What do you need in plain language of the LRDP that establishes that they're going to build a 10,000 square foot library? And then the additional evidence that in fact that they've got a 50,000 square foot library instead of the one that is described in the plan. What more do you need?

MR. LIPPE: I think that's a fair question, your Honor.

I tend to be kind of a methodical and conservative attorney. I only get one shot at it.

If I did a motion for summary judgment based on what I already have, I suppose I could get two bites of the apple, do that, and if it doesn't succeed, go to a hearing on the merits.

But you don't get a lot of chances to

regroup in a lawsuit. If I go forward without having all the evidence, that's -- to me that's not a prudent way to proceed because I don't know what my opposing counsel is going to bring to bear in their opposition brief.

2.0

2.5

It just seems the way that I learn to practice law, you get to all the evidence before you -- before you try to prove your case so that you know what you are up against.

THE COURT: This is a mandate case. It's not a case where you have to bring together evidence and witnesses. It's -- we have a limited field from which we can evaluate the evidence, and that limited field is the administrative record.

And additional documents are only if the decision-makers of the discretionary decision either should have known about it or did know about it, even though those records weren't part of the actual administrative record.

MR. LIPPE: And this motion is to flush out that field. That limited field of the administrative record is exactly what this motion is intended to provide.

Right now we have absolutely not one piece of paper that the Regents have provided, other than a series of specific CEQA documents, for specific buildings that I was able to

download from their website.

But in terms of this document that references the decision-making about how many students are going to be admitted, we don't have anything since 2005, and so that would be the record for this case.

I mean, this case is not about a building being bigger. It's about more students being enrolled.

THE COURT: Well, you filed your case in 2018.

MR. LIPPE: Correct.

THE COURT: If you go back 180 days from that, you have to evaluate what was first disclosed about enrollment at a point after that. Because if it was disclosed about enrollment prior to that 180 days, then your statute has run.

 $\label{eq:continuity} \mbox{I'm just thinking off the top of my head} \\ \mbox{here.}$

And if you -- if you try to figure out what decision or what implementation of a prior decision occurred after that 180-day mark, it seems reasonable to ask about documents that were -- that exist that demonstrate a decision by somebody on the enrollment question.

And I'm not sure that you need to do it through discovery. You might just ask. If you

can't get it at all, perhaps discovery is a 2 proper vehicle for it. 3 But I don't see how you could go beyond 4 that all the way back to 2005. 5 MR. LIPPE: Well, the law in the Statute 6 of Limitations is that if there was an informal 7 decision, not a formal decision, in other words

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THE COURT: That's right. When you first became aware or could have become aware.

MR. LIPPE: Right. But in that situation --

no public notice --

THE COURT: When did they first notice that the stadium was facing east instead of south?

Well, the court in that case MR. LIPPE: said it was going to be a factual question. that case came up on a demurrer as well, and the court said, "We're not going to try to figure that out on a demurrer. We'll let the facts be brought to court on that."

But in this case, my clients did their investigation, and this is referenced in the third amended complaint, with the city of Berkeley. And then a request was made to UC to provide information on enrollment.

That was provided October 30th of 2017, and my client was apprized of that a day later

from the city of Berkeley. And this is all in the complaint. Within 180 days, they brought this lawsuit.

And so it does go back beyond that October of 2017 because there was no formal public disclosure of decision to increase enrollment since 2005.

THE COURT: Am I wrong to guess that it's an annual event?

MR. LIPPE: Well, certainly enrollment happens every semester. It's more than annual.

THE COURT: Well, who decides how much enrollment they're going to permit?

Because, you know, you see a big, fancy school, everybody wants to go there, and so they have to turn away a lot of people.

Who decides where they draw the line?

MR. LIPPE: That's exactly the question

we're trying to answer by getting discovery

on -- starting with the documents. Show us the

documents that record these decisions, and then

from there, we can understand who did what and

when.

It just seems to me that we can't really move forward in the case either for defending the case or for prosecuting the case without having the documentary record, which would be the administrative record for the CEQA claims.

1	But because the decisions were not
2	noticed, there was no 180-day from the decision
3	of the Statute of Limitations.
4	THE COURT: You can't tell me that
5	something happened in 2006 that had anything at
6	all to do with what you discovered in October of
7	2017.
8	I'm not even sure and you discovered
9	it, but perhaps other people should have been
10	able to discover it, which is really what you
11	have to look at. It's not actual discovery but
12	when you reasonably could have discovered it.
13	But putting that question aside, nothing
14	that happened in 2006 is going to be even
15	remotely relevant.
16	MR. LIPPE: I don't see how the Court can
17	say that. I really don't.
18	If a decision was made in 2006 that, you

If a decision was made in 2006 that, you know, we're going to scrap the 1650 number and we're going to go for 8,000 in the next ten years, if somebody made that decision and there's a piece of paper that says that, that's highly relevant to this case.

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THE COURT: Well, then your statute ran 180 days after they exceeded that enrollment level.

MR. LIPPE: That is not the case, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sure. Because then you knew that they had broken the rule.

MR. LIPPE: We didn't know until we get the document in discovery in this litigation in the scenario we're talking about. In other words, if it was an informal decision that was not noticed --

THE COURT: Wasn't it available to anybody what calls enrollment?

MR. LIPPE: It's a factual question.

I think the Court's trying to flush out the facts based on supposition, and I don't think that's proper.

THE COURT: Well, what I'm trying to figure out is what might be proper in a writ of mandate case to seek by way of request for production of documents when I'm not even clear on the cause of action that's being asserted in the third amended complaint.

That was what I came into the discussion with, and I'm -- frankly I'm still having difficulty with it.

And if it's in fact that they exceeded what they promised that they were going to do, to use my analogy about the library again, they promised a 10,000 square foot library and then they built a 50,000 square foot in 2010, and then in 2015, they wanted to add a couple stories to

it, which is how I'm imagining that the enrollment went up, I don't know the facts to be sure, but the issue of the extra stories starts when they started building the extra stories.

The Statute of Limitation with regard to the 50,000 square foot starts when it became apparent then that what they were building exceeded the original -- exceeded the original development plan.

And I just -- I'm having a real difficult time figuring out, with the breadth of things that you have asked for in your request for production of documents, it really seems to me like it's so overwhelmingly broad that I couldn't enforce the request.

And then I have to get to the question, the next question, which is whether or not there would be documents that actually would be relevant within the Western States Petroleum limitations of documents in a -- in a writ of mandate case.

MR. LIPPE: Can I address the Court's comment about when it becomes apparent?

And so with the library, it's much bigger and it's apparent when you see it being built, and with an amphitheater and the concerns, it's apparent when you see it when the concert is played and it's facing toward you.

But here it was not apparent that reasonable meant was increasing and by how much. The question is how does the average person understand or --

THE COURT: Really? With all these environmental impacts, you didn't notice?

MR. LIPPE: People did notice gradually, but it was this kind of creeping incrementalism of changes in the neighborhood with more student housing in the neighborhoods as opposed to on campus, more parties and more trash and more noise, and people started to investigate. But it did creep up on people, and it took time.

So there's still the factual question of what information was actually available and when, and when were plaintiffs reasonably on notice so that they -- reasonably they should have been aware of it. And those are factual questions.

And you know, admittedly the time period is a long one, but it's also true that these were small increases over time that finally came to a head where people stood up and said, "Okay.

Let's figure out what's going on."

And they went to the city of Berkeley. They figured out what was going on. And then when they knew what was going on, they brought their lawsuit within 180 days.

So from a demurrer standpoint and a

pleading standpoint, it's within the boundaries of what the concerns of the citizens of Costa Mesa decision says.

And in terms of the breadth of the request, they're really only about the preparation of the LRDP in 2005 and the EIR for it. They're about any documents relating to this increase in enrollment since then --

THE COURT: But the preparation of the EIR in 2005 is utterly irrelevant to anything that you could possibly have filed a lawsuit on in 2018.

MR. LIPPE: Okay. I think that's fair, your Honor. And so that one perhaps is going too far back, and we can start with the EIR in 2005.

But after that, any documents that were prepared that relate to the decisions to increase enrollment and to look at the environmental impacts of those increases in enrollment, those would be directly relevant to and really the only things that are relevant to this lawsuit, which is to say that these changes that were made without a formal decision have environmental impacts and they haven't been subjected to CEQA.

And the statute -- the 21080.09 that directly applies to the UC system says you have to subject your enrollment plans to CEQA.

THE COURT: Well, that -- my reading of that statute was that it was enacted in 2007 or 2008 or 2009, I don't remember the year, but it was subsequent to the 2005 long-range development plan.

And in fact, if you read that statute, it demands, requires the university to provide numbers in 2010, 2011, and 2012. It doesn't say anything about 2013 or thereafter. But clearly it impose a burden on the university to make some kind of reports there and also to compensate the local municipalities for whatever extra costs it's going to cost them to take care of the university's buildings or whatever they're doing.

MR. LIPPE: Agreed, your Honor.

The -- I don't think that that law's clear statements that UC has to subject its enrollment and increases in enrollment to CEQA changes what existed before that in terms of just standard CEQA law. It's a public agency carrying out a project --

THE COURT: I don't disagree with that.

MR. LIPPE: -- and so it has to be subjected to CEQA if it might reasonably cause a change in the physical environment, which is alleged here for purposes of the pleading.

THE COURT: One of the things that's very fuzzy in this case is trying to figure out

exactly what the discretionary determination was when this occurred and what it amounted to.

And I'm not sure that you are going to get a good answer to that question from the -- from discovery.

MR. LIPPE: Understood.

THE COURT: I don't know the answer to that question.

MR. LIPPE: For me it's -- the first step is to get the documents and see what we have. We know what happened in the real world, but we don't know why, we don't know when, we don't know who.

And it may be that the Court's suggestion of putting on the case without those documents is certainly possible, but to me it seems not prudent in terms of being thorough so that we know what we're dealing with.

But in terms of the broadness of the request, I think I addressed that with respect to, you know, the documents preceding the 2005 EIR.

Perhaps I agree with the Court's those aren't necessary, but in terms of the time periods after that, I don't think they're overbroad. They were very specifically tailored to the increases in enrollment and the environmental impacts of those increases.

1	THE COURT: Which one are you referring
2	to?
3	I mean, you have one that says all
4	writings after certification of the EIR. You
5	have one, all writings since the adoption of the
6	long-range plan, all writings that were prepared
7	in connection with the adoption of any
8	environmental document, and you have all writings
9	that were prepared in connection with the
10	adoption of the long-range development plan.
11	And you referred to it as the 2020
12	long-range development plan, and I took that to
13	mean the 2005 long-range development plan.
14	MR. LIPPE: That's correct.
15	THE COURT: But every one of them is tied
16	to events that happened in 2005 or immediately
17	thereafter until today.
18	MR. LIPPE: Well, five and six are
19	specific about the time period after the
20	adoption of the 2020 LRDP in 2005
21	THE COURT: Yes.
22	MR. LIPPE: that relate
23	THE COURT: But it goes back all the way
24	to there. It can't be read in any other way.
25	MR. LIPPE: Well, that's true because
26	but I think it has to.
27	And I don't think that's overbroad
28	because we have a very long time where decisions

1 were made in secret without public notice that we 2 don't have the information on. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Cremin, can I ask 4 you a question? 5 MR. CREMIN: Sure. 6 THE COURT: Who decides how many students 7 are going to be let into the university in any 8 particular semester or year? 9 MR. CREMIN: Well, I think -- I mean, 10 today's motion I understand --11 THE COURT: No, no. This is a question 12 of substance. 13 Who is it that makes the decision saying, 14 We're going to let so many people into "Okav. 15 the engineering school and so many people into 16 the liberal arts schools"? Who makes that 17 decision? 18 MR. CREMIN: The decisions are -- is 19 ultimately made by the thousands of students who 20 are offered admission. And it's an offer that 21 has to be accepted, and that's why it attached 22 to the petition. 23 THE COURT: So then who makes the 24 decision how many offers are going to be sent 25 out? 26 MR. CREMIN: It's part of -- part of the 27 UC process, UC Berkeley process. 28 THE COURT: So there's nobody says,

1 "Okay. We're going to send out 800 offers to 2 people who want to go into engineering"? 3 Somebody must make -- somebody must draw the line some place. 5 MR. CREMIN: I can't sit here and testify 6 to that as to --7 THE COURT: You're not under oath. 8 You're not testifying. 9 I'm just -- I didn't mean it MR. CREMIN: 10 that formally. I just meant I don't feel 11 comfortable today, you know, providing evidence 12 to the Court of an internal administrative 13 process at UC. 14 But I will say for the purposes of today 15 and the discussion that I have been listening to 16 very carefully, we have a discovery motion before 17 you and, you know, we really do share your 18 concerns --19 THE COURT: Well, look --20 MR. CREMIN: -- about where we stand on 21 this and whether we do have a CEQA case that's 22 been properly pled and placed before you. 23 There's a recent demurrer ruling that we 24 agreed with that, I think, with particularity 25 identified the fatal flaws in what was then a 26 second amended petition. 27 THE COURT: Well, there's a third amended 28 If you are going to demur to that,

petition.

1 you're going to have to demur to that. 2 Currently it's what's there. 3 MR. CREMIN: Except that the discovery 4 request -- there's a couple things going on. 5 If I may. 6 The date when we were served discovery, 7 okay, just the one that's at issue before this 8 Court today, we were served discovery on May 9 18th, which was 23 days -- well, my math is 10 21 days after the filing of the wrong. Sorry. 11 petition. 12 The petition was filed, call it three 13 weeks, three weeks later in a CEQA case, a writ 14 of mandate case in which Western States controls. 15 We get served a request for production of 16 documents that, as you point out correctly, is 17 overbroad. 18 But I agree with you. I mean, there's no 19 other way of reading any of these to say it 20 doesn't go back to 2005. 21 So here we are three weeks into a CEQA 22 case, and we get served discovery. 23 That tells me that it's a fishing 24 expedition; that they don't really know what the 25 theory of their case is, so therefore they're 26 going to launch out discovery. So that's what 27 they do. 28 But this isn't a civil case. This is a

CEQA writ of mandate case. And you can't do that.

And the other thing I want to point out is, under the Local Rules that were in effect at that time -- and we appeared in Alameda Court a lot -- they're since repealed (ph), but at that time, you had the Local Rules where the respondent or the plaintiff or petitioner elected to prepare, that we were required to identify documents that related to their petition. We complied with that.

You know, so he serves us discovery before even the Local Rules tell him what documents should be in the record.

Our response, which sort of echoes what the Court orders, was -- in the demurrer was, "You haven't identified a project that we can figure out here that is subject to CEQA. You haven't identified an approval that is subject to CEQA, so we can't identify documents."

And I think that process, your Honor, is important when you look at the request before you today. Because now he's done. We've told him that -- 30 days into the case, we told him, "We don't know what you're pleading. We can't identify the documents."

We have a meet and conferred on discovery. We talk about the limits. We have a

1	meet and confer on the demurrer.
2	We tell him the problems with the
3	petition. He says, "Can I amend our complaint?"
4	We say, "Okay. We'll stipulate to that."
5	Supposed to be a meet and confer works.
6	He files a second amended complaint. We
7	read it carefully. Court reads it carefully. We
8	both come to the same conclusion. What's the
9	CEQA case here? What's the CEQA project you're
10	challenging? When was the decision? When was
11	the project commitment?
12	He files a third. This was a week ago.
13	You know, obviously we have ten days to
14	respond, so we had to carefully read the third
15	one.
16	I met and conferred with Mr. Lippe
17	yesterday because we planned to file another
18	demurrer after careful deliberation because of
19	some of the concerns the Court expressed today.
20	So I sit here a little concerned about a
21	discovery motion in a CEQA case with a pleading
22	that's uncertain that the Judge has already
23	expressed some concern about.
24	And you know, I could go and respond to
25	all
26	THE COURT: Actually, I think that all
27	three of those theories that I propounded at the
28	beginning were theories that I determined after

reading the pleading. It's just I didn't know which one was the one that Mr. Lippe was running with.

MR. CREMIN: Fair.

But I don't think we should be put in a position to be guessing what his claim is either.

I mean, they're the petitioner. We're on the receiving end. They have the obligation to put before the Court a claim. And at this moment, we don't think there is. As far as their motion to compel today, it's going back to a May production of documents to a complaint that no longer exists.

And I did also want to bring to the Court's attention, because this is escalating --

THE COURT: I'm not going to make a ruling saying that the underpinning complaint or petition, rather, in this case has changed so therefore the discovery is no longer relevant, that it's moot. I won't make that decision.

But it's a matter of the petitioner adequately describing what their cause of action is. I don't believe that it has changed.

MR. CREMIN: Okay. And honestly we find it continuing to be unclear.

And I would also like to say one thing in response to the question about reasonably could have known or the example, which is I think the

building that was approved for a certain number of feet that was built taller.

I mean, this is what the third complaint says, "We reasonably couldn't have known because we asked the city of Berkeley and the city of Berkeley was asking UC. And we're going to wait until the city of Berkeley hears from UC and tells us what UC tells them," when he just sat here and said, like any person would say, they went to the website and looked at all EIR's for the past ten years.

Well, you know, it's also on their website, which any person can do, school starts every year. Every year there's a first day of class. Every year there's a number of students. UC puts that out there. Just like they put out all kinds of information.

So you know, we're just stuck with a very confusing status of the pleading, and we think that discovery, besides it being improper and not allowed in the Western States and not asking leave of the Court and all the reasons we brought in our papers in opposition that's improper, we don't think that it should be allowed.

And we will file a demurrer to the third complaint, and we don't think it complies with the Court order.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Lippe, is

1 there anything you might want to add? 2 MR. LIPPE: Just to respond to a couple 3 of things Mr. Cremin said. 4 UC doesn't put it out there. That's the 5 It's not -problem. 6 THE COURT: Well, today's ruling is going 7 to have nothing to do with whether or not UC 8 actually announced their decisions on their 9 website and you missed the Statute of 10 Limitations. That may be a factual 11 determination that the Court's going to have to 12 make before the end of the day, but we're not 13 there yet. 14 Okay. The alternative claim MR. LIPPE: 15 in the complaint is a declaratory relief claim 16 based on a pattern and practice. 17 THE COURT: You know, their declaratory 18 relief is absolutely, totally, 100 percent the 19 same as your CEQA claim. 20 I looked at what you wrote in the third 21 amended complaint, and I thought, "Well, it's 22 just totally surplus. It's the same exact 23 It's just you want a declaration that claim." 24 they're violating CEQA. 25 Frankly, I know what it's going to be, 26 belt and suspenders, but I don't think that's 27 anything more than belt and suspenders.

MR. LIPPE: I don't think I have any

28

1 further comment, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: All right. Well, it's 3 inescapable to me that the discovery sought to be enforced here is way, way overbroad under the 5 facts of the case, and I have to deny the motion 6 to compel. Sorry about that. 8 But it's just in -- there's good news 9 though. The good news is that starting in 10 January you will have a new CEQA, Judge. 11 That's not good news, your MR. LIPPE: 12 We've been there before in this county, and it's not good news. 13 14 MR. CREMIN: I would occur with that, if 15 we can agree on one thing. 16 MR. LIPPE: Well, your Honor, this may be 17 a case management note. 18 We filed a CEQA case. We elected to 19 prepare the record. Usually the Local Rules used 20 to have more specific provisions, now they don't, 21 but the agency provides the documents for the 22 record. That is -- that has not been done. 23 THE COURT: But you usually have a 24 discrete decision by the agency, whether it's 25 the University or the city of Berkeley or 26 whomever, and it's easier to figure out what 27 those documents are. 28 If it's an informal determination, then

1	I'm I don't know what you are going to find.
2	And I can see the agency not being clear about
3	what they ought to be producing.
4	MR. LIPPE: Well, with respect to
5	THE COURT: I might I have no secret
6	way of figuring out how you figure out what the
7	administrative record is in an informal decision
8	making discretionary determination.
9	MR. LIPPE: Well, that's the request.
10	Five and six simply asks for those documents
11	that relate to the decision making that was
12	made, informal though it was.
13	THE COURT: Well, maybe you can focus a
14	different question a little bit more narrowly so
15	that you can have it apply to the increase of
16	students that you are talking about.
17	But that's going to be left for another
18	day. Today's ruling is that it's denied.
19	MR. LIPPE: Thank you, your Honor.
20	MR. CREMIN: And, your Honor, just one
21	follow-up question.
22	THE COURT: We'll send out the order.
23	MR. CREMIN: That's what I was going to
24	ask.
25	Thank you.
26	
27	(Recess taken at 4:43.)
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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, RAQUEL GIANA SHARP, RPR, CSR #10619, a Certified Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of California, do hereby certify:

That the foregoing proceeding was taken down by me in shorthand at the time and place named therein and was thereafter reduced to typewriting under my supervision;

That this transcript is a true record of the proceedings and contains a full, true and correct record of the proceedings which took place at the time and place set forth in the caption thereto as shown by my original stenographic notes.

I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney of the parties, nor financially interested in the action.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED this 13th day of December, 2018

Raguel Sharp

RAQUEL GIANA SHARP, RPR, CSR #10619

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Transcript of Proceedings December 6, 2018

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Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

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SUPERIOR COURT IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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                     FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
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                                              CERTIFIED COPY
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     SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,
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                     Plaintiff,
                                                Case No.:
                                                RG18902751
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                VS.
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     THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
     CALIFORNIA, JANET NAPOLITANO,
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     CAROL T. CHRIST,
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                     Defendants.
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                        TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING
16
                         OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA
17
                           JANUARY 24, 2019
                       BEFORE HON. NOEL WISE
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     FILE NO.: AD0031A
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Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

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SUPERIOR COURT IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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                     FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
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     SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS,
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                     Plaintiff,
                                                Case No.:
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                                                RG18902751
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     THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
     CALIFORNIA, JANET NAPOLITANO,
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     CAROL T. CHRIST,
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                     Defendants.
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                TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING, taken on behalf of
     Defendants, at 1221 Oak Street, Department 24, Oakland,
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     California 94612, commencing at 3:55 p.m., Thursday,
     January 24, 2019, before Nancy E. Presant, CSR No. 9906.
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Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

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                       APPEARANCES
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Document received by the CA 1st District Court of Appeal.

1	OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA; THURSDAY, JANUARY 24, 2019
2	3:55 P.M.
3	
4	THE COURT: Because of the court reporter
5	situation, I will start with Save Berkeley's Neighborhood
6	versus The Regents, Case Number RG-18902751.
7	Can I get an appearance, please, from
8	petitioner's counsel?
9	MR. LIPPE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Tom
10	Lippe for Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods.
11	MR. CREMIN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Tim
12	Cremin on behalf of all the respondents, defendants,
13	Regents of the University of California, President
14	Napolitano of the University of California, and
15	Chancellor Christ of the University of California
16	Berkeley.
17	THE COURT: Thank you. Please go ahead and take
18	a seat.
19	So I take it, Counsel, you would like to be
20	heard?
21	MR. LIPPE: Yes, Your Honor, thank you, and
22	thank you for the tentative ruling. It helps me focus my
23	comments on what the Court might be thinking.
24	I would like to ask the Court to take another
25	look at the tentative ruling on a couple of different
26	grounds, and to set the context for my argument, one, I
27	want to talk about CEQA projects that are long-term
28	programs as opposed to a one-off type of construction

project, and that would describe the 2020 LRDP. It's a 15-year program that includes the building of buildings, and the enrollment of students, and the 2020 LRDP in this case included as a project component an increase in the enrollment of students of 650 students.

So the petition does discuss those allegations that it's a program-type CEQA project, and it cites the relevant CEQA guidelines, but I didn't actually brief this issue in the opposition brief on this demurrer. I did brief it in the opposition on the previous demurrer. This one didn't seem to raise the issue in the same way, but Mr. Cremin's reply brief and the Court's tentative, I think, bring the distinction between a program and a one-off project front and center to the analysis.

So just briefly to recap the CEQA Guideline 15168, which is cited in the petition describes when a program EIR is appropriate, a program EIR is an EIR which may be prepared on a series of actions that can be characterized as one large project and are related either geographically or as logical parts in the chain of contemplated actions so that describes the LRDP. That's what we're dealing with.

I also cited in the previous brief the Stanislaus National Heritage Project versus County of Stanislaus case at 48 Cal.App.4th 182, jump cite 195 because it provided a good --

THE COURT: Can I either have you repeat that or just get it read back, the citation?

1	MR. LIPPE: I'll read it more slowly. I		
2	apologize. Stanislaus Natural Heritage Project versus		
3	County of Stanislaus, 48 Cal.App.4th at 182, specific		
4	page is 195.		
5	It's a good case for providing background		
6	discussion on how program EIRs work for program-type CEQA		
7	projects, but specifically to this case, Public Resources		
8	Code Section 21080.09 requires that UC's long-range		
9	develop plans include enrollment increases as part of the		
10	CEQA project, and I would point the Court to subdivision		
11	(b) which is cited in my brief:		
12	"Environmental effects relating to		
13	changes in enrollment levels shall be		
14	considered for each campus in the		
15	environmental impact report prepared for the		
16	long-range development plan for the campus."		
17	And alluding to the tentative ruling, it doesn't		
18	say to do it year by year or annually or every two		
19	semesters using a two-semester average. It says to do it		
20	for the long-range development plan. Doing it being a		
21	CEQA review analyzing environmental impacts using the		
22	environmental impact report for the entire program.		
23	THE COURT: And when do you think they should		
24	have done that?		
25	MR. LIPPE: When should they have done that?		
26	THE COURT: Yes.		
27	MR. LIPPE: Well, they should have well, they		
28	did do it in 2005 which is what they should have done,		

and they did. We're not challenging the 2005 EIR because at that time they did analyze the effect of adding 1,650 students, but when they should have done additional CEQA review to analyze the effect of a substantial increase should have been done when the increase in the enrollment above the 1650 was substantial.

THE COURT: When was that?

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MR. LIPPE: Well, that's a fact question ultimately for the trier of fact. The increase was started in 2007 as the petition alleges. Plaintiffs do not contend that as soon as you get one student more than 1650 you have to do a new EIR. That would be unreasonable. That's why the Concerned Citizens of Costa Mesa case talks about a substantial change in the project, and that triggers the need for additional CEQA So plaintiffs have not taken a position on when that change became substantial. It's primarily relevant to the statute of limitations question, and what the test there is whether plaintiffs knew or reasonably should have known that the increase was substantial, and when they knew or reasonably should have known that the increase was substantial. So the Court's tentative ruling doesn't actually address the claim as it's been alleged which is that this program type of CEQA project has been substantially changed since the 2005 EIR without additional CEQA review. I mean, that's the claim that's been alleged. The Court doesn't actually address Mr. Cremin's contention that the statute of limitations has

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run on that claim and doesn't really address whether that claim is moot; instead, the Court addresses two other claims. One is whether the challenge to the 2005 EIR is barred which plaintiffs agree. We're not challenging We can't. It's too late. Notice of the termination was filed for. There was a formal decision. You had 30 days to challenge it. It wasn't done. can't be done, but these increases that occurred later and which eventually became substantial at some point were done informally. No notice of the termination. No public notice, and so now I'm talking about the statute of limitations question which is a slightly different question than just the validity of the claim as a claim, and the validity of the claim as a claim as something that can be alleged is governed by the Concerned Citizens of Costa Mesa case which clearly states that one can, in fact, bring that kind of claim.

Now, this case applies the Concerned Citizens logic to a program-type EIR; whereas, Concerned Citizens involved a specific construction project for a new amphitheater and concert venue. There's a similarity, though, because in that case there was a construction phase and then the operational phase. In that case, the operational phase is very much like a program because the plaintiffs — not to get too much into the statute of limitations, but they said we didn't find out until the first concert was held and now all of the sudden the stage is facing our neighborhood. Well, that was just

one concert, and so there are going to be more concerts so that's the construction of a venue to carry out a program of concerts and other events that would cause noise. The noise only happens when there is an event. It's a repeating pattern similar to what we have here which is a repeating academic year or two-semester average. The way the EIR in 2005 counted student enrollment was not by academic year, per se, it was two-semester average which for an academic year would be one two-semester average with summer, spring, and fall which is not an academic year.

But in any case, so the tentative ruling talks about the 2005 EIR. We're not bringing that claim. It also talks about a year-by-year challenge and says that all the years looked at individually since 2007 or since the increase became substantial, however you want to look at it, are moot, but the California for Alternatives to Toxics' decision really is on point in thinking about mootness of the CEQA claims as attached to those years.

THE COURT: How far do you think you can go back?

MR. LIPPE: We can go back -- the plaintiff can go back to -- what plaintiffs' burden is, is to show that it exercised reasonable diligence in discovering when the increase in enrollment above the 1650 became substantial, and plaintiff has included --

THE COURT: When was that?

MR. LIPPE: Plaintiffs have not tried to take a

position on that. I think that's up to the trier of 1 2 fact, but if the Court is going to --3 THE COURT: Well, I think what I have heard you 4 say is, you agree the 2005 is off the table; is that 5 correct? 6 MR. LIPPE: That's correct. 7 THE COURT: So when I'm looking at bookends, really all I have right now is 2005 is off the table. 8 9 can't really tell you anything after that. So I might be entitled to anything after that that's a question of 10 fact; is that your position? 11 12 MR. LIPPE: I think what's important to keep a focus on is the nature of the claim that plaintiffs are 13 bringing. The plaintiffs are not challenging each year 14 15 individually as standalone projects which is kind of 16 where the Court's tentative goes with it. 17 plaintiffs are challenging is the failure to update the 18 programmatic environmental review of a 15-year program, 19 and the obligation to do that, occurred when that 20 increase became a substantial change in what was analyzed 21 in 2005. 22 THE COURT: I understand this is a question of 23 fact, but from the plaintiffs' position, when did that 24 happen? 25 MR. LIPPE: I hesitate to give an answer 26 because --27 THE COURT: I can see that. MR. LIPPE: 28 I think that the question is Yeah.

not actually germane to the analysis because the Court would have to find based on all the facts in terms of what information was available for plaintiffs to learn about any changes substantial or not in enrollment, and then compare the availability of that information and when it was available to plaintiffs' efforts to find out when any changes occurred, and then determine did plaintiffs do enough to be reasonably diligent, and when did they actually have access -- reasonable access to information about what the changes were, regardless of whether they were substantial. Then the Court would have to decide, well, it was substantial enough at this point, and then plaintiffs either did have enough information and didn't file suit within 180 days, or at the point in time when it was substantial and they had information was, in fact, within 180 days of filing the case.

THE COURT: I would actually -- I would like to hear from the defense about this, too. I suspect there are a few other things that you want to say.

MR. LIPPE: I do.

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THE COURT: But at least with regard to this point and the timing on this, could I get a response, Counsel?

MR. CREMIN: Yes, Your Honor. I just want to clarify that from defendants we did contest the portion of the ruling relating to leave to amend. So I just did want to state that. I know we sent notice to the Court.

I want to get your point --

THE COURT: I appreciate, actually, at this point that neither side actually liked the tentative which might mean that I am not too far off, but we'll see.

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MR. CREMIN: Okay. And I would like to get to your point, but before I get there, I do want to bring one thing to your attention which is that we're on the third amended complaint, and I think part of the issue that continues to plaque this case is that even today it seems like plaintiffs' claim continues to be a moving target, and you know, he even mentioned at the beginning of his argument, well, I didn't exactly brief this, but I want to say that the LRDP is a program EIR and then framed some potential argument around that. So where we're stuck -- and I think where the Court is stuck -and why we think there should be no further leave to amend is at some point in time plaintiff needs to state what its case is, and it needs to at least allege the facts to support that case, and I can go through our argument of why they have failed to state a claim and why they cannot state a claim, but to answer your question about statute of limitations which your tentative ruled on the basis of mootness just to put that out there. So now they are introducing the statute of limitations. The standard under their framing of the case which we don't agree with, but under their framing is, you know, 180 days runs from the time the plaintiff should have reasonably known facts about the action, and so my

response to his failure to tell you when that would be is 1 2 that it's a fundamental element of his case if that's 3 what they are alleging to at least allege those facts. You can't just say as he just did, well, I'm not really 5 sure. I don't think that's a satisfactory answer. 6 think it's the burden on them especially after this issue has been raised from the beginning, and we're now talking about a potential fourth amendment, and there is still no 9 answer to your question. You know, I would like the 10 opportunity to say why there can be no answer to that question and why the answer to that question is 11 12 irrelevant to determining whether or not there should be 13 leave to amend. 14

THE COURT: Do you have anything to add on that isn't in your brief?

MR. CREMIN: Well, I would like to respond to his framing of the issue on the LRDP being a program EIR.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. CREMIN: If I could address that -- you're right. I don't want to reargue my brief. I assume that you have read it, but if you would let me just argue the point about his framing of the LRDP as a program EIR, I would like to do that.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. CREMIN: He mentioned the Public Resources Code Section 21080.09, and I think both sides agree that that's the controlling statute of CEQA review for an LRDP. Now, where we have the fundamental disagreement,

and what's critical here is that he has argued today, argued in his brief that enrollment plans are part of that LRDP. That issue is legally not correct. If you go to that statute and you look at the definition of a long-range development plan, and I'll quote from subsection (2) -- I mean subsection A(2) of that statute:

"Long-range development plan means a physical development and land use plan to meet the academic and institutional objectives for a particular campus or medical center of higher public education."

Physical development and land use plan, there is no enrollment word in there at all. The paragraph he cited was paragraph (b) which states that the environmental impacts related to changes in enrollment level shall be considered for each campus in the environmental impact report prepared for the LRDP.

So what I really want to emphasize for the Court is that his whole case including what he's arguing today says that enrollment changes are changes to the LRDP project, in fact, his briefing in section -- says that, you know, talking about the Concerned Citizens of Costa Mesa case and the Ventura Foothills Neighbors case, that it was quote -- this is his language: "The project changed that gives rise to the plaintiffs' CEQA claim." And that's on page 4, line 21 through 25, of his opposition.

THE COURT: Remind me of the number of students

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that are at the campus -- that were at the campus at 2004
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    levels?
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              MR. CREMIN: Hold on. Let me see.
    attached to the complaint. Give me one moment.
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              MR. LIPPE:
                          I can give you that.
                                                Before the
 6
    1650 addition, it was about 31,000 plus, and with the
 7
    1650 projection in 2005, that brought it to 3350 -- three
 8
    thousand three hundred and fifty -- I'm sorry --
 9
    30,000 --
                          If you have the numbers, I'll take
10
              THE COURT:
11
    them.
12
              MR. CREMIN:
                          Yeah.
                                  I was going to say I'm just
                   This is attachment one -- Exhibit 1 to the
13
    reading off.
    complaint. It's a chart of enrollment levels starting in
14
15
    the fall of 2005 through the fall of 2017.
                                                 I'm sorry.
16
    Your Honor, which year did you ask for?
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              THE COURT:
                          My question was: What was the
18
    enrollment in 2004 approximately?
19
              MR. CREMIN:
                           Okay.
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              MR. LIPPE: About 31,000.
21
              THE COURT: Generally speaking is that correct?
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              MR. CREMIN: I mean, it says the fall of 2005
23
    and it's 33-, but okay.
                              I don't have 2004 in front of
24
    me.
25
              MR. LIPPE:
                          The projection brought it up to
26
    about 33,000 plus adding the 1650 in 2005, and now it's
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    about 40,000.
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              MR. CREMIN:
                           That --
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THE COURT: Now, meaning in two thousand --1 2 MR. CREMIN: '17. 3 MR. LIPPE: So it's higher. 4 MR. CREMIN: Fall of 2017 the numbers are about 5 41,000. 6 MR. LIPPE: 41-? So it's even higher now 7 because it continues to go up. There is no facts in the record 8 MR. CREMIN: 9 about it continuing to go up, Your Honor. 10 But can I just end by this last statement? 11 he's claiming that the basis of the CEQA claim is a 12 change in the LRDP project, that fails as a matter of law because the LRDP project as defined under the statute is 13 14 not an enrollment plan. The requirement was to analyze 15 the impacts of enrollment just like you would forecast 16 population or traffic. It's an estimate. In other 17 words, you are making a physical plan. You are doing 18 CEQA review. As part of that CEQA review, analyze your 19 projection, your estimate of what you think enrollment 20 So what he's trying to say is, we have a plan that 21 required a CEQA analysis of a projection, and he's 22 converting that into, no, it's an enrollment plan that 23 set an exact number, and in the future when we change that enrollment number, we're changing the plan and that 24 25 triggers supplemental environmental review. It does not 26 as a matter of law. 27 THE COURT: Is there anything that is not in 28 your brief that you want to mention as it relates to why

there should be no leave to amend? 1 2 MR. CREMIN: That's not in our brief? 3 THE COURT: Yes. 4 MR. CREMIN: Okay. I will just say in 5 relationship to the Court's ruling on mootness, that I 6 think the leave to amend to present allegations relating 7 to the 2018/2019 academic year walks right into the mootness problem because the fall 2018 semester is 8 9 The spring 2019 semester has just begun as of last week, and basically, if the Court is concerned in 10 11 the tentative about mootness arguments of how do you deal 12 with past enrollment events -- in other words, we're not talking about a physical building, right? Like his case 13 is in Concerned Citizens --14 THE COURT: No, I understand. 15 MR. CREMIN: So that's what I would add. 16 17 not then going to reargue my brief. I will add that I 18 think it walks into the mootness problem. 19 THE COURT: Counsel, is there anything further 20 that are not in your brief? 21 MR. LIPPE: There are a couple of points. 22 THE COURT: Okay. I would just ask you to be 23 mindful to be reasonably quick just because of the number 24 of folks that I have here on a couple of other cases. 25 MR. LIPPE: Understood, Your Honor. 26 From a CEQA standpoint, the legislature knows 27 that if the environmental impact report has to consider 28 the environmental effect of enrollment plans, that that's

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part of the CEQA project. Now, this statute does have a definition that Mr. Cremin quoted it correctly in terms of what the LRDP is, but the very next sentence talks about enrollment plans as part of it, and from a CEQA law standpoint, you can't have an EIR analyze the effect of something, and then change that something in a way that is substantial enough to cause new significant effects without updating your CEQA analysis. So it's kind of a semantic point that Mr. Cremin is making whether it's a part of the project, and I'm making the same semantic point on the other side, and we're kind of contesting around this issue of this technicality part of the project, but when you look at CEQA as a whole, if you have to analyze something, you have to keep analyzing it, you can't just stop when that something, in fact, changes in a way that causes environmental impacts, and so -just to finish the point about the programmatic nature of the plaintiffs' claim and the programmatic nature of the LRDP, and of the 2005 EIR, subdivision (d) of that section that we're talking about, 21080.09, refers to the fact that the enrollment plans have to be analyzed either in an enrollment -- I'm sorry -- in an EIR, environmental impact report, or in a subsequent tiered analysis, in tiering is key. Tiering is the way in which a subsequent CEQA document relates to the original CEQA document, and so a case that would be useful for the Court to look at it if the Court is going to take another look would be Vineyard Area Citizens for Responsible Growth versus City

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of Rancho Cordova. It's at 40 Cal.4th 412 at page 440, and there the Court goes into detail about what tiering is and what the rules are that govern it, but the use of the word "tiering" by the legislature means that they are looking at updates to the CEQA document that was originally done for the LRDP as a way to do the subsequent environmental review.

Now, the one thing that I do agree with Mr. Cremin on is that the Court's tentative ruling results in an anomalus result. It allows the plaintiffs to contest the current academic year for failure to do additional CEQA review, but it has already ruled that all previous years are moot -- CEQA claims as to previous years are moot. That mootness problem will occur with respect to this year if that's the rule because this year will end before this case gets to final judgment. Even if the Court and the parties were able to get this Court's judgment before the end of the year if the case is appealed, mootness can be brought up on appeal as well. So as a practical matter, we're looking at the California for Alternatives to Toxics problem which is the annual renewal of pesticide registrations in California. sue on 2002's annual renewal of the pesticide as the plaintiffs in that case did, by the time you get to judgment it's 2003, and they have been renewed again, and you have to dismiss that case and file a new case, and the Court said --

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So I'm just going to stop you for a

THE COURT:

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moment. I'm actually going to ask both of you to
provide, to the extent that you think it would be
helpful, a very modest additional briefing no more than
three pages. I don't want a repetition of anything
that's in there. The two things that have come up that
would like to just slightly better understand is the
difference between to the extent that you believe there
is or there is not between the impact of enrollment
versus the impact of physical changes. You seem to have
different perspectives on that that have bubbled to the
surface a little bit here. I would like to better
understand that and your respective positions. I would
also like to better understand, you both seem to agree
but want an opposite conclusion about the potential
perpetual or cyclical nature of the mootness. I think
that that leads the defense to believe that there should
be no leave to amend, and it leads the plaintiff to
believe it's not moot. I'm still not clear how far back
you think it's not moot. I would really like it if you
were able to tell me with a greater specificity
specifically when you believe this case begins. I'm not
sure if you are able to do that. If you are able to
include something I think that that would be helpful.

How much time reasonably do both of you need to accomplish that?

MR. LIPPE: Especially on the last point, I do appreciate the Court's willingness to allow the plaintiff to come back and address the hard question which is when

did the change become substantial. I need to talk to my 1 2 client about that. He's out of town, and I'm not sure 3 exactly when he's coming back. I would request ten days if that's not too much. 5 MR. CREMIN: We will take whatever period is 6 acceptable to the Court. We don't need 10 days. 7 THE COURT: I also -- to be clear, I'm not 8 inviting further argument at this point. I'm just going 9 to use it to further inform the research that I'll do, and the further thoughts that I have about this. 10 also like to get a copy of the transcript from today. 11 12 Ten days would take you to -- what would we be looking Around the beginning of the week of February 4th. 13 14 MR. LIPPE: That would be -- February 4th would 15 be ten days. 16 THE COURT: How about close of business for both 17 of you for February 4th? I would ask, please, that you 18 deliver a courtesy copy here, too, so that I can have 19 that. Sometimes if you just file it, it can take some 20 time before it's imaged, and I see it, and then, Venus, 21 can you just put on our calendar something for me only 22 for February 8th to be sure that I've reviewed, and I can 23 issue something on this? 24 THE CLERK: Yes, Your Honor. 25 MR. CREMIN: Your Honor, can I ask just a 26 procedural question? 27 THE COURT: Sure. 28 MR. CREMIN: We have a further case management

conference on February 8th. In fact, we filed our 1 2 statement that was due today, and obviously, the case has So I need to know if the Court wanted to 3 been influx. address --5 THE COURT: Oh, I can use that time. 6 MR. CREMIN: Okay. So would that be a court 7 hearing date, or should we just leave it that we appear 8 for the case management conference? How would you like 9 to --10 THE COURT: Right now you should plan to appear 11 for the case management conference. If I have issued 12 something before then that changes that, obviously, I am not going to have a lot of time in 13 between when I receive those materials and when you come 14 15 in on the 8th, but I should be able to get it done by then, okay? 16 17 MR. CREMIN: Okay. 18 MR. LIPPE: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: Thank you very much. 19 20 (Time ending: 4:24 p.m.) 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
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4	I, NANCY E. PRESANT, CSR No. 9906, Certified
5	Shorthand Reporter, certify:
6	That the foregoing proceedings were taken before
7	me at the time and place therein set forth;
8	That all statements made at the time of the
9	proceedings were recorded stenographically by me and were
10	thereafter transcribed;
11	That the foregoing is a true and correct
12	transcript of my shorthand notes so taken.
13	I further certify that I am not a relative or
14	employee of any attorney of the parties, nor financially
15	interested in the action.
16	I declare under penalty of perjury under the
17	laws of California that the foregoing is true and
18	correct.
19	Dated this 25TH day of JANUARY, 2019.
20	NDTC ₂
21	
22	
23	NANCY E: PRESANT, C.S.R. No. 9906
24	NANCI E. FRESANI, C.S.R. NO. 9900
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26	
27	
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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
3	
4	SAVE BERKELEY'S NEIGHBORHOODS, a California nonprofit public
5	benefit corporation, CERTIFIED
6	Petitioner and Plaintiff, TRANSCRIPT
7	vs. Case No. RG18902751
8	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,
9	Respondents and Defendants.
10	/
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14	Reporter's Transcript of Proceedings
15	Thursday, April 18, 2019
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18	1221 Oak Street, Department 24
19	Oakland, California
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24	Reported By: Sheila Pham, CSR No. 13293
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Oakland, California, Thursday, April 18, 2019
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                     9:07 a.m. - 9:25 a.m.
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             THE COURT: I'm going to begin with the matter
   of Save Berkeley's Neighborhoods versus UC Regents.
5
    is Case Number RG-18-902751.
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7
             Can I get appearances, please, starting with
   petitioner.
8
             MR. LIPPE: Good morning, Your Honor.
9
10
   Lippe for plaintiff, Save Berkley's Neighborhoods.
                                                         And
11
   my last name is spelled L-I-P-P-E.
12
             THE COURT: Thank you.
13
             MR. CREMIN: Good morning, Your Honor.
    Cremin, C-R-E-M-I-N, on behalf of all of the respondents
14
15
    and defendants, The Regents of the University of
16
    California, President Napolitano of the University of
    California, and Chancellor Christ of the University of
17
18
    California Berkeley.
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             THE COURT: Thank you. Please go ahead and be
20
    seated.
21
             Just as a preliminary matter, I apologize for
    the fact that this case has bumped around a little bit.
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23
    There was some question about which department it was
24
    going to be in based on things that had nothing to do
    with your case, but it had to do with just some movement
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of various judges that are in our court. And so this case actually is back with Judge Roesch, but because I heard the preliminary aspects of this particular argument as it related to this request, I am finishing that. But all other requests and the remainder of the case, in whatever form it's in, will be back with Judge Roesch.

From my perspective, the only issue, really, for the Court to consider is whether the Court is going to provide leave to amend. I understand that the petitioner may see it differently, but that's really the issue that I have that's left, whether that makes sense or whether there should be no leave further to amend.

So I assume you would like to be heard on that.

MR. LIPPE: Well, I would, Your Honor. I guess the question of leave to amend has to be attached to some legal issue that the Court has in mind. And just judging from the Court's April 2nd order, that issue is whether the plaintiffs can state a valid claim of the nature that they are attempting to state, which is that the Regents had an obligation -- once they substantially exceeded the projected enrollment increase from the 2005 document, whether they had an obligation to engage CEQA again for purposes of -- for viewing the environmental impact of that additional increase.

THE COURT: What I would say is: This appears to be, in my mind, the same issue that has repeatedly come up in this case, which is that if the Court provides you leave to amend, what is the project that you will clearly identify that is being challenged in this action?

MR. LIPPE: The project is the additional increase over and above the 1,650 that was projected in 2005.

THE COURT: So give me the date and the events of the project that would be alleged. Because that's really the continuing issue that's here.

MR. LIPPE: Well, if you go to the actual merits of this kind of claim, it's based on 21167, Subdivision (a), which is the failure to determine whether an activity or a project will have a significant effect on the environment. And I say "activity or project" because "project" is defined for purposes of a public agency that's carrying out its own project. As opposed to approving a permit, it is the carrying out of an activity that may have a substantial impact on the environment. And so the project here is an activity of increasing enrollment.

THE COURT: And when did that activity occur?

MR. LIPPE: Well, it occurred for every year

1	since about 2007. And the question then becomes and
2	a good case on this, which is not in my brief,
3	unfortunately, but for the Court's consideration, is
4	Stockton Citizens. I can get you the cite on that.
5	Stockton Citizens for Sensible Planning versus City of
6	Stockton, a 2010 case, Supreme Court, 48 Cal.4th 481.
7	And at Page 511, it talks about the subdivision
8	of 21167, which is Subdivision (a). It says and
9	refers to its use in the Concerned Citizens of Costa
LO	Mesa case, which I have cited. It says, " the claims
L1	of substantial changes to a previously approved project
L2	bore on both the merits of the action and the period
L3	within which suit can be brought."
L4	So looking at the merits of the action, which
L5	is what we're talking about now, the Regents
16	substantially changed their project to increase
17	enrollment by increasing it more than they said they
18	would. And so
19	THE COURT: What are you going to do
20	differently if the Court gives you leave to amend other
21	than what has specifically been alleged in each of the
22	prior times where the motion had been granted?
23	MR. LIPPE: On the merits of the claim,
24	nothing. On the statute of limitations, possibly more

25

But

amendments, depending on how that discussion goes.

1	on the merits of the claim, we have alleged a claim
2	under Concerned Citizens that has been further clarified
3	by the Stockton Citizens case under Subdivision (a),
4	which is: There has been a substantial change in a
5	previously adopted project that was subject to a
6	previously certified EIR and that the agency had an
7	obligation to revisit CEQA to reapply CEQA and say,
8	"Does this substantial change have a significant effect
9	on the environment?"
10	THE COURT: Is it fair to say, then, that if
11	given the opportunity to amend, you are going to provide
12	essentially exactly the same thing that has been
13	provided so far, and your basis for that is: You
14	essentially think the Court is incorrect?
15	And I'm not trying to put you in a box with
16	regards to that. I'm really just trying to understand.
17	Your position is that the Court is looking at this in an
18	erroneous way, and that you don't need to allege
19	something different than what you have because it is
20	equally sufficient.
21	MR. LIPPE: On the merits, that is correct,
22	Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	MR. LIPPE: I think the Court is incorrect in
25	thinking that thorold no CEON glaim on these facts. And

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if the Court would entertain a moment of argument on that, I have a little bit more to say than what's in my supplemental brief. And if the Court would not --
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THE COURT: I would say, you know, very briefly because at this point, I think I understand your position. And then I will provide an opportunity for response.

MR. LIPPE: Okay. So there is another Supreme Court decision called Wildlife Alive versus Chickering, and it's a 1976 decision at 17 Cal.3d 190. And what it talks about is a rule that where there is a list of exceptions in a statute, then additional exceptions should not be implied.

And I think what the Court's tentative does is:

It implies that Section 21080.09 actually provides an exception from a very standard CEQA requirement, which is that at the most basic level, if an agency is going to carry out an activity that would have a substantial impact on the environment, or that may have such an impact, it must apply CEQA. It must do something.

In a normal situation, it starts with a preliminary review. It might go to an initial study and then to a negative declaration or an EIR. In this situation, it's typically looked at under 21166 as is another EIR needed? And what the --

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THE COURT: But when is another EIR needed?

Because going back to the repeating issue in this case,
what I'm hearing is: There's no specific activity that
you can point to. It's just a pattern of conduct that
occurred month in, month out, year in, year out for
years. Is that fair?
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MR. LIPPE: No, it's not fair.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. LIPPE: It's close to being fair, but I think what's missing -- well, it is a pattern of conduct, and that is sufficient basis to allege a violation of law. For a declaratory relief claim, you can use a pattern and practice of conduct to show that an agency has, in fact, a policy that's illegal.

For the mandamus claim here, the same thing is at play here, which is: We have not been able to do discovery of the internal documents. So in terms of who made what decision when, we can't tell that. All we know is that it was not a formal decision because it wasn't publicized. There was no hearing where that was discussed as being something that they were going to do.

So it's a matter of inference from what's happening with enrollment when the plaintiffs actually -- or sort of segueing into the limitations question.

But the plaintiffs eventually, through their work,

figured out that enrollment had increased dramatically, and was provided with information that showed that year by year, happening of either this one decision for a change to go beyond the 1,650 or for a series of decisions unknown at this point.

But regardless, standard CEQA law would be that when you change a project in that way, you have to do some additional environmental review under CEQA.

THE COURT: When? When they enrolled two additional students? When they enrolled 50 additional students? When would they have needed to do that?

MR. LIPPE: When the change became substantial in the sense that it would have environmental impacts that needed to be reviewed.

THE COURT: And when was that?

MR. LIPPE: Well, it's hard to say. And it's not required that plaintiffs allege that because the only points in time that are relevant here are when the increase exceeded the 1,650. And then at the other end, when plaintiffs found out that the increase had gone up, was it substantial at that point? And certainly, we allege that it was substantial at that point.

And then going -- and then I suppose when we get into the facts of the case, if we get there, there would be a factual inquiry, which we then have the right

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to take depositions and call witnesses as to whether, when plaintiffs filed the lawsuit, they should have known more than 180 days before that filing that the increase had become substantial.
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So there's a number of factual questions that are simply not appropriate to address on a demurrer because the allegation is, is that they could not exercise reasonable diligence had found out before they did find out. And so it's up to the trier of fact, which we're not there yet, to make that determination.

MR. CREMIN: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. I'd just like to focus on the leave to amend question the Court presented and his response, which was a little bit hard to follow, but let me try to respond to it.

Is there a response?

THE COURT: Okay.

The Court's ruling says as a matter of law, as a matter of statutory interpretation, that an enrollment plan is not part of the LRDP, and the statute at issue is 21080.09. I think the Court properly worked through the statute. It defines "long-range development plan" as a physical plan. Nothing in that definition mentions enrollment. Subdivision (b) of that section says that environmental effects relating to enrollment levels shall be considered in the EIR, not the LRDP. And then that statute also says, under Subsection (c), that if

you rely on that EIR in the future for the approval of a development project, you can tier off of it, but then the standards of supplemental environmental review apply.

And that goes to our request for judicial notice that was already granted in November of this case of a pending development project. As part of that development project, they are analyzing the change in enrollment from what was analyzed in the LRDP EIR.

So if you march through the statute and then you pivot to the leave to amend, I don't see how they can plead facts that change the interpretation of the statute. They've already said that the LRDP is an enrollment plan is not as a matter of law. So they've already pled that. We're in the third amended complaint.

And to, you know, the Court's point, the prior sustain of the demurrer with leave to amend asked them to clearly identify the project that is being challenged in this action as well as the date that the discretionary approval for that project was granted and when that project commenced. That was the ruling that led to them filing the third amended complaint. We argued in our demurrer that they failed to establish those three elements in the prior Court's order.

And what I hear from the Court this morning, if I'm listening correctly, is: We still have the same problem we had before. On top of that, the last time we appeared before you on January 24th, you ordered supplemental briefing on three issues, including, including, specifically when does this increase become substantial?

I mean, you said that already and you said it again today. And the response in the supplemental briefing was no response, and you're getting no response again today.

THE COURT: Well, hold on a second. I do think that I'm getting a response and I really do appreciate the sincerity of it, which is that petitioner believes the Court has it wrong. That the previous decision was incorrect and that the tentative decision of this Court is incorrect.

And there is a mechanism to address this if, in fact, the Court has repeatedly gotten it wrong, but I think they've made it quite clear that if given the opportunity to amend, that what would be presented is essentially what has already been presented because they believe the Court has erred as a matter of law.

So I appreciate your concern on this point. I don't think it changes the direction that the Court is

1	going to go. Obviously, I'm going to look at these last
2	couple of cases that have been mentioned.
3	What was the year of the first case?
4	MR. LIPPE: That was Stockton Citizens is
5	2010.
6	THE COURT: Okay. I don't think at this
7	juncture that I need to hear anything further on this
8	point.
9	MR. CREMIN: Just one minor issue. I mean, he
LO	cited two cases for the first time today before the
L1	Court that is outside of the briefing that we've had no
12	opportunity to respond to. The cases are not on point
13	and they deal with a different situation.
14	So I don't I don't know how to address that
15	with the Court, but he's bringing something up that
16	isn't in the brief.
17	THE COURT: I appreciate that and he
18	acknowledged as much.
19	MR. CREMIN: Okay.
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	MR. LIPPE: Just on the "when" question in
22	terms of leave to amend, I do not see any point in
23	amending for the merits claim. In other words, can we
24	state this claim? On the question of whether we're
25	late, whether the claim is barred by the statute of

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limitations, then I have a request for leave to amend in the supplemental brief to try to figure out when it became substantial. If that's what the Court is -- I don't think that's the right focus, but if that is the Court's focus, then I do request leave to amend to try to figure out when my clients would believe it was substantial.
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And I must say, it's a difficult exercise because they're using hindsight just like the trier of fact would be doing. Because they found out when they found out, and at that point, it was substantial. For them to go back and try to pick a point in the timeline and say, "Oh, this is the entries that was the tipping point," you know, that requires a judgment.

And I don't think it's plaintiff's role to do that, but we would request the opportunity to do that if the Court believes that that's necessary to state this claim and to survive the bar of the limitations.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. CREMIN: I'll just say the ruling doesn't address statute of limitations.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.

MR. LIPPE: Thank you.

MR. CREMIN: There's also a next -- I'm sorry,

Your Honor.

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THE COURT: There was an ex parte. The Court is not going to take that ex parte today. I'm going to address this issue. Again, what I want to keep in mind is that I don't actually have this matter for anything other than finishing the argument that was presented in January.

So this issue actually needs to go before Judge Roesch. Whether it would be in the form of an exparte or in the form of a law and motion, that would be something you would need to take up, but I can't hear it here.

MR. LIPPE: Your Honor, just so you know, I did file in Department 17 with Judge Roesch initially because it was assigned for all purposes there. And then when we showed up, he said, "Well, the demurrer is actually handled in Department 24, so I'm going to drop it here and you need to take it there." Just so you know. And I wrote that in my papers, but perhaps you didn't see that.

THE COURT: It's a bit of a chicken-and-egg problem, but I'm going to finish addressing what I started addressing in January. And then to the extent that that issue is still ripe and needs to be addressed, then you would take it up there.

MR. LIPPE: Thank you.

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     THE COURT:
                   Okay.
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     MR. CREMIN:
                    Thank you, Your Honor.
     (Proceedings concluded at 9:25 a.m.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION
2	
3	I, Sheila Pham, a Certified Shorthand Reporter, do
4	hereby certify:
5	That the foregoing proceedings were taken before me
6	at the time and place therein set forth, that the
7	proceedings were reported stenographically by me and
8	were thereafter transcribed under my direction and
9	supervision, and that the foregoing pages contain a
10	full, true and accurate record of all proceedings and
11	testimony to the best of my skill and ability.
12	In witness whereof, I have subscribed my name.
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14	
15	Dated: May 1, 2019
16	
17	
18	8, CL - PL-
19	<u> </u>
20	Sheila Pham CSR No. 13293
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PROOF OF SERVICE

I am a citizen of the United States, employed in the City and County of San Francisco, California. My business address is 201 Mission Street, 12th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94105. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the above entitled action. On June 19, 2019, I served the following document on the parties below, as designated:

APPELLANT'S NOTICE DESIGNATING RECORD ON APPEAL

MANNER OF SERVICE (check all that apply)

By E-mail:

I caused such document to be served via electronic mail equipment transmission (E-mail) on the parties as designated on the attached service list by transmitting a true copy to the following E-mail addresses listed under each addressee below. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true rrect. Executed on June 19, 2019, in the City and County of San Francisco, California

KellyMaria	KellyMaria		
KellyMaria	KellyMaria	KellyMaria	
KellyMaria	KellyMaria	KellyMaria	
KellyMaria	KellyMaria	KellyMaria	KellyMaria
KellyMaria and correct. Executed on June 19, 2019, in the City and County of San Francisco, California			

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(mbender@meyersnave.com)	ļ

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